

# eXp World Holdings, Inc.

2219 Rimland Drive, Suite 301 Bellingham, WA 98226, U.S.A.

2015 AGENT EQUITY PROGRAM (THE "PROGRAM"), A SHARE PURCHASE PROGRAM UNDER THE EXP WORLD HOLDINGS, INC. 2015 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN (THE "PLAN")

#### **SUPPLEMENT**

to the prospectus approved by the *Autorité des marchés financiers* (the "AMF") on June 24, 2021 under visa number 21-254 published in Connection with the Public Offering of a Maximum of 22,948,161 Shares of Common Stock, Par Value \$0.00001, of eXp World Holdings, Inc. to Independent Agents under the Program (the "Prospectus")



The Supplement has been approved by the AMF on March 31, 2022, in its capacity as competent authority under Regulation (EU) 2017/1129. The AMF approves the Supplement after having verified that the information in the Supplement is complete, consistent and comprehensible within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129. This approval should not be considered as a favorable opinion on the issuer and on the quality of the financial securities that are the subject of the Supplement. Investors are invited to make their own evaluation concerning the opportunity of investing in the financial securities concerned. The Supplement shall bear the following approval number: 22-075.

This Supplement has been prepared pursuant to Article 23 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 for the purposes of:

- (i) communicating the publication by eXp World Holdings, Inc. of its Annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021;
- (ii) incorporating by reference eXp World Holdings, Inc.'s Annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, to the Prospectus;
- (iii) updating the Prospectus with the information included eXp World Holdings, Inc.'s Annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021; and
- (iv) incorporating any other recent events in connection with eXp World Holdings, Inc.

In accordance with article 23 (2) of the Prospectus Regulation, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2021/337, in case of an offer of Shares to the public, investors who have already agreed to purchase or subscribe for Shares to be issued under the Program have the right, exercisable within three (3) working days after the publication of this Supplement to withdraw their acceptances, provided that the significant new factor, material mistake or material inaccuracy arose or was noted before the closing of the Supplement Period (as defined in the Supplement) or the delivery of the Shares, whichever occurs first. Investors may exercise their right to withdraw their acceptances until April 6, 2022 at 11:59 pm PT (Pacific Time Zone) by contacting stock@exprealty.net.

This Supplement will be made available in printed form to independent agents of eXp World Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries based in countries in which offerings under the Program are considered public offerings, subject to the applicable legislation in each country. In addition, this Supplement along with summary translations (as applicable) will be posted on eXp World Holdings, Inc.'s website (www.expworldholdings.com), and free copies will be made available upon request by contacting the Investor Relations department of eXp World Holdings, Inc. at investors@expworldholdings.com. This Supplement and the French translation of its summary will also be available on the website of the AMF, www.amf-france.org.

#### NOTE TO THE SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement, which is supplemental to and must be read in conjunction with the Prospectus, contains material information concerning eXp World Holdings, Inc. and was established pursuant to Article 23 of the Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017, on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market, and repealing Directive 2003/71/EC (the "**Prospectus Regulation**").

The Supplement sets out below the sections of the Prospectus that are amended. The other information in the Prospectus remains unchanged.

This Supplement also contains supplemental information concerning the Program and eXp World Holdings, Inc. (Part II - Section B) as well as the following document (Exhibit):

• Annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, filed by eXp World Holdings, Inc. with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on February 25, 2022.

When used in this Supplement, the terms "we," "us" or "our" mean eXp World Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

In this Supplement, "\$" refers to U.S. dollars.

Unless otherwise defined, terms defined in the Prospectus have the same meaning when used in this Supplement.

The numbering of the chapters and paragraphs in this Supplement follows the numbering of the chapters and paragraphs of the Prospectus approved by the AMF under number 21-254, which are updated in this Supplement.

Percentages in tables have been rounded and accordingly may not add up to 100%. Certain financial data have been rounded. As a result of this rounding, the totals of data presented in this document may vary slightly from the actual arithmetic totals of such data.

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### **CROSS-REFERENCE LISTS**

# ANNEX 1 OF DELEGATED REGULATION 2019/980

### **REGISTRATION DOCUMENT FOR EQUITY SECURITIES**

(Page numbering refers to the page contained in the relevant document)

Item #	Item contents	Chapter/Exhibit	Page
1.	PERSONS RESPONSIBLE		
		Prospectus	32 (Company Representative for Prospectus)
1.1.	All persons responsible for the information given in the	Exhibit III	Exhibits 31.1 and 32.1
1.1.	prospectus/supplement.	Supplement	40 (Company Representative for Supplement)
		Supplement Exhibit I	Exhibits 31.1 and 32.1
1.2.	A declaration by those responsible for the prospectus/supplement.	Prospectus	32 (Company Representative for Prospectus)
1.2.		Supplement	40 (Company Representative for Supplement)
1.3.	Detail of experts.	Not applicable	Not applicable
1.4.	Information sourced from a third party.	Not applicable	Not applicable
1.5.	Statement of approval of document by competent authority.	Supplement	Cover Page
2.	STATUTORY AUDITORS		
2.1.	Names and addresses of the issuer's auditors.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	74 (6.2 Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm)
2.2.	If auditors have resigned, been removed or not been re-appointed during the period covered by the historical financial information, indicate details if material.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	74 (6.2 Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm)

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3.	RISK FACTORS		
3.1.		Prospectus Part II - Section A	40 - 58 (Risk Factors)
3.1.	Description of material risks specific to the issuer.	Supplement Part II - Section A	45 - 66 (Risk Factors)
4.	INFORMATION ABOUT THE ISSUER		
4.1.	The legal and commercial name of the Issuer.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	67 - 70 (5.1 Business Overview)
4.2.	The place of registration of the Issuer and its registration number and legal entity identifier.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	67 - 70 (5.1 Business Overview)
4.3.	The date of incorporation and the length of life of the issuer, except where indefinite.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	67 - 70 (5.1 Business Overview)
4.4.	The domicile and legal form of the issuer, the legislation under which the issuer operates, its country of incorporation, as well as the address, telephone number and website.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	67 - 70 (5.1 Business Overview)
5.	BUSINESS OVERVIEW		
5.1.	Principal Activities		
	A description of, and key factors relating to, the nature of the issuer's operations and its principal activities.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	67 - 70 (5.1 Business Overview)
5.1.1.		Prospectus Exhibit III	2 - 8 (Item 1. Business)
3.1.1.		Supplement Part II - Section B	68 - 71(5.1 Business Overview)
		Supplement Exhibit I	2 - 9 (Item 1. Business)
5.1.2.	An indication of any significant new products and/or	Prospectus Part II - Section B	67 - 70 (5.1 Business Overview)
	services that have been introduced.	Supplement Part II - Section B	68 - 71 (5.1 Business Overview)

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5.0	Dringing I would get	Prospectus Part II - Section B	67 - 70 (5.1 Business Overview)
5.2.	Principal markets.	Supplement Part II - Section B	68 - 71 (5.1 Business Overview)
		Prospectus Exhibit III	25 - 26 (Recent Business Developments) 49 - 50 (Note 3. Acquisitions)
5.3.	Important events in the development of the issuer's business.	Prospectus Exhibit V	18 - 20 (Recent Business Developments)
		Supplement Exhibit I	28 - 29 (Recent Business Developments) 50 - 51 (Note 3.
			Acquisitions)
	Strategy and Objectives.	Prospectus Exhibit III	22 (Strategy) 28 - 29 (Outlook)
5.4.		Prospectus Exhibit V	15 (Strategy)
		Supplement Exhibit I	25 - 26 (Strategy) 31 - 32 (Outlook)
5.5.	The extent to which the issuer is dependent on patents or licenses, industrial, commercial or financial contracts or new manufacturing processes.	Not applicable	Not applicable
5.0		Prospectus Exhibit III	5 (Competition)
5.6.	Issuer's competitive position.	Supplement Exhibit I	5 (Competition)
5.7.	Investments		
5.7.1.	A description (including the amount) of the issuer's material investments for each financial year for the period covered by the historical financial information up to the date of the prospectus.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	72 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data) 94 (XII. Material Contracts)
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			26 (Affiliated Services)
		Prospectus	41 (Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows)
		Exhibit III	49 - 50 (Note 3. Acquisitions)
			59 (Note 18. Subsequent Events)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	73 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
			42 (Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows)
		Supplement Exhibit I	50 - 51 (Note 3. Acquisitions)
			69 (Note 18. Subsequent Events)
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	72 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
		Prospectus Exhibit III	28 - 29 (Outlook)
	A description of the issuer's material investments that are in progress or for which a firm commitment has been made.		41 (Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows)
5.7.2.		Prospectus Exhibit V	7 (Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	73 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
			31 - 32 (Outlook)
		Supplement Exhibit I	42 (Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows)
5.7.3.		Prospectus Part II - Section B	94 (XII. Material Contracts)

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	Information relating to the joint ventures and undertakings in which the issuer holds a proportion of the capital	Prospectus Exhibit III	26 (Affiliated Services)  43 (Variable interest entities and noncontrolling interests)  43 - 44 (Joint ventures)
		Supplement Exhibit I	44 (Variable interest entities and noncontrolling interests) 44 - 45 (Joint ventures)
5.7.4.	Environmental issues that may affect the issuer's utilization of tangible fixed assets	Not applicable	Not applicable
6.	ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE		
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	70 - 72 (5.2 Organizational Structure) 91 - 93 (11.2 Major Stockholders, Directors' and Executive Officers' Holdings of Shares and Options)
6.1.	Description of the group	Prospectus Exhibit III	26 (Affiliated Services) 43 (Variable interest entities and noncontrolling interests) 43 - 44 (Joint ventures) 49 - 50 (Note 3. Acquisitions)

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			71 - 73 (5.2 Organizational Structure) 79 (11.2 Major
		Supplement Part II - Section B	Stockholders, Directors' and Executive Officers' Holdings of Shares and Options)
	Supplement Exhibit I	Supplement Exhibit I	44 (Variable interest entities and noncontrolling interests) 44 - 45 (Joint
			ventures) 50 - 51 (Note 3. Acquisitions)
6.2.	A list of the issuer's significant subsidiaries	Prospectus Part II - Section B	70 - 72 (5.2 Organizational Structure)
0.2.		Supplement Part II - Section B	71 - 73 (5.2 Organizational Structure)
7.	OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW		
7.1.	Financial condition		
	Financial condition	Prospectus Part II - Section B	72 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
			74 - 76 (VII. Statement of Capitalization and
7.1.1.			Indebtedness as of March 31, 2021)
		Prospectus Exhibit III	21 - 32 (Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of

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			Operations up to Liquidity and Capital Resources)
			73 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	74 - 77 (VII. Statement of Capitalization and Indebtedness as of December 31, 2021)
		Supplement Exhibit I	25 - 34 (Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations up to Liquidity and Capital Resources)
		Prospectus Exhibit III	22 (Strategy) 22 - 23 (Market Conditions and Industry Trends) 25 - 26 (Recent Business
			Developments)
7.1.2.	Details of (a) the issuer's likely future development and (b) activities in field of research and development	Prospectus Exhibit V	15 (Strategy) 15 - 17 (Market Conditions and Industry Trends)
			18 - 20 (Recent Business Developments)
		Supplement Exhibit I	25 - 26 (Strategy) 26 - 27 (Market Conditions and Industry Trends)

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			28 - 29 (Recent Business Developments)
7.2.	Operating Results		
		Prospectus Part II - Section A	40 - 58 (Risk Factors)
			8 - 19 (Item 1A. Risk Factors)
7.2.1.	Significant factors materially affecting the issuer's income from operations	Prospectus Exhibit III	21 - 32 (Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations up to Liquidity and Capital Resources)
		Prospectus Exhibit V	15 - 22 (Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations up to Liquidity and Capital Resources)
		Supplement Part II - Section A	45 - 66 (Risk Factors)
			9 - 22 (Item 1A. Risk Factors) 25 - 34 (Item 7.
		Supplement Exhibit I	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations up to Liquidity and Capital Resources)

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7.2.2.	Material changes in net sales or revenues	Not applicable	Not applicable
8.	CAPITAL RESOURCES		
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	72 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
8.1.	Jacuar's capital recourses	Prospectus Exhibit III	27 - 29 (Liquidity and Capital Resources)
0.1.	Issuer's capital resources	Supplement Part II - Section B	73 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
		Supplement Exhibit I	30 - 32 (Liquidity and Capital Resources)
	Explanation of sources, amounts of and narrative description of the issuer's cash flows	Prospectus Part II - Section B	72 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
8.2.		Prospectus Exhibit III	27 - 29 (Liquidity and Capital Resources)
0.2.		Supplement Part II - Section B	73 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
		Supplement Exhibit I	30 - 32 (Liquidity and Capital Resources)
	Information on the borrowing requirements and funding structure of the issuer.		72 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
8.3.		Prospectus Part II - Section B	74 - 76 (VII. Statement of Capitalization and Indebtedness as of March 31, 2021)
		Prospectus Exhibit III	27 - 29 (Liquidity and Capital Resources)
			52 (Note 9. Debt)

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			73 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	74 - 77 (VII. Statement of Capitalization and Indebtedness as of December 31, 2021)
		Supplement Exhibit I	30 - 32 (Liquidity and Capital Resources)
8.4.	Information regarding any restrictions on the use of capital resources.	Not applicable	Not applicable
		Prospectus Exhibit III	27 - 29 (Liquidity and Capital Resources)
8.5.	Information regarding the anticipated sources of funds needed to fulfil commitments referred to in items <b>5.7.2</b> .	Prospectus Exhibit V	21 - 22 (Liquidity and Capital Resources)
		Supplement Exhibit I	30 - 32 (Liquidity and Capital Resources)
9.	REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT		
9.1	Description of the regulatory environment that the	Prospectus Exhibit III	6 - 7 (Government Regulation)
9.1	issuer operates in and that may materially affect its business.	Supplement Exhibit I	6 - 7 (Government Regulation)
10.	TREND INFORMATION		
10.1.	Significant trends that affected production, sales and inventory, and costs and selling prices since the end of the last financial year to the date of the prospectus.	Prospectus Exhibit III	22 (Strategy) 23 - 24 (Key Business Metrics)
		Prospectus Exhibit V	15 (Strategy) 17 (Key Business Metrics)

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		Supplement Exhibit I	25 - 26 (Strategy) 27 - 28 (Key Business Metrics)
		Prospectus Part II - Section A	40 - 58 (Risk Factors)
	Trends, uncertainties or events that are likely to affect the issuer for at least the current financial year.	Prospectus Exhibit III	22 - 23 (Market Conditions and Industry Trends) 25 - 26 (Recent Business Developments)
10.2.		Prospectus Exhibit V	15 - 17 (Market Conditions and Industry Trends) 18 - 20 (Recent Business Developments)
		Supplement Part II - Section A	45 - 66 (Risk Factors)
		Supplement Exhibit I	26 - 27 (Market Conditions and Industry Trends) 28 - 29 (Recent Business Developments)
11.	PROFIT FORECASTS OR ESTIMATES	Not applicable	Not applicable
12.	ADMINISTRATIVE, MANAGEMENT, SUPERVISORY BODIES AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT		
12.1.	Names, business addresses and functions in the issuer of the following persons and an indication of the principal activities performed by them outside the issuer where these are significant with respect to that issuer:  a) members of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies;	Prospectus Part II - Section B	78 - 83 (10.1 Directors and Executive Officers)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	77 (10.1 Directors and Executive Officers)
	b) partners with unlimited liability, in the case of a limited partnership with a share capital;	Not applicable	Not applicable

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	c) founders, if the issuer has been established for fewer than five years; and	Not applicable	Not applicable
	d) any senior manager who is relevant to establishing that the issuer has the appropriate expertise and experience for the management of the issuer's business.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	78 - 83 (10.1 Directors and Executive Officers)
	The nature of any family relationship between any of those persons.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	78 - 83 (10.1 Directors and Executive Officers)
	In the case of each member of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies of the issuer and each person mentioned in points (b) and (d) of the first subparagraph, details of that person's relevant management expertise and experience and the following information:		
	(a) the nature of all companies and partnerships of which such person has been a member of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies or partner at any time in the previous five years, indicating whether or not the individual is still a member of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies or partner. It is not necessary to list all the subsidiaries of an issuer of which the person is also a member of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies or partner. It is not necessary to list all the subsidiaries of an issuer of which the person is also a member of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	78 - 83 (10.1 Directors and Executive Officers)
	<ul> <li>(b) any convictions in relation to fraudulent offences for at least the previous five years;</li> <li>(c) details of any bankruptcies, receiverships or liquidations with which a person described in (a) and (d) of the first subparagraph who was acting in the capacity of any of the positions set out in (a) and (d) of the first subparagraph was associated for at least the previous five years;</li> <li>(d) details of any official public incrimination and/or sanctions of such person by statutory or regulatory authorities (including designated professional bodies) and whether such person has ever been disqualified by a court from acting as a member of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies of an issuer or from acting in the management or conduct of the affairs of any issuer for at least the previous five years.</li> <li>If there is no such information to be disclosed, a statement to that effect is to be made.</li> </ul>	Prospectus Part II - Section B	83 (10.2 Fraudulent Offences and Bankruptcy, Etc.)

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	Administrative, management and supervisory bodies and senior management conflicts of interests  Potential conflicts of interests between any duties to the issuer, of the persons referred to in item 12.1, and their private interests and or other duties must be clearly stated. In the event that there are no such conflicts, a statement to that effect must be made.		89 (10.5 Conflicts of Interest - sentence starting "To the Company's knowledge")
12.2.	Any arrangement or understanding with major shareholders, customers, suppliers or others, pursuant to which any person referred to in item 12.1 was selected as a member of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies or member of senior management.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	89 (10.5 Conflicts of Interest - Controlled Company) 90 (10.5
	Details of any restrictions agreed by the persons referred to in item 12.1 on the disposal within a certain period of time of their holdings in the issuer's securities.		Conflicts of Interest - Related Party Transactions)
13.	REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS		
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	83 - 86 (10.3 Executive Compensation) 86 - 89 (10.4 Non-Employee Director Compensation)
13.1.	The amount of remuneration paid to the members of the administrative, management, supervisory and senior management bodies or to the general managers of the issuer.	Prospectus Exhibit IV	15 - 18 (Non- Employee Director Compensation) 32 - 40 (Elements of Individual Executive Compensation) 41 - 46 (2020 Named Executive Officer Compensation)
13.2.	The total amounts set aside or accrued by the issuer or its subsidiaries to provide pension, retirement or similar benefits to the above persons.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	83 - 86 (10.3 Executive Compensation) 86 - 89 (10.4 Non-Employee Director Compensation)

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		Prospectus Exhibit IV	15 - 18 (Non- Employee Director Compensation) 32 - 40 (Elements of Individual Executive Compensation) 41 - 46 (2020 Named Executive Officer
			Compensation)
14.	BOARD PRACTICES		
14.1.	Date of expiration of the current term of office, if applicable, and the period during which the person has served in that office.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	78 - 83 (10.1 Directors and Executive Officers)
14.2.	Information about members of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies' service contracts with the issuer of any of its subsidiaries providing for benefits upon termination of employment.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	84 - 85 (10.3 Executive Compensation - Executive Employment Terms)  85 (10.3 Executive Compensation - Resignation; Retirement, Other Termination, or Change in Control Arrangements)
14.3.	Information about the issuer's audit committee and remuneration committee, including the names of committee members and a summary of the terms of reference under which the committee operates.	Prospectus Exhibit IV	13 (Board Meetings and Committee) 14 (The Audit Committee) 14 (The Compensation Committee) 14 (The Corporate Governance Committee)

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14.4.	A statement as to whether or not the issuer complies with the corporate governance regime(s) applicable to the issuer. In the event that the issuer does not comply with such a regime, a statement to that effect must be included together with an explanation regarding why the issuer does not comply with such regime.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	62 (4.2 Legislation Under Which the Securities Have Been Created) 89 (10.5 Conflicts of Interest - Controlled Company)
		Prospectus Exhibit IV	12 - 18 (Corporate Governance)
14.5.	Potential material impacts on the corporate governance.	Not applicable	Not applicable
15.	EMPLOYEES		
	Number of employees.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	90 - 91 (11.1 Overview)
15.1.		Prospectus Exhibit III	7 - 8 (Human Capital)
15.1.		Supplement Part II - Section B	77 - 79 (11.1 Overview)
		Supplement Exhibit I	7 - 8 (Human Capital)
15.2.	Shareholdings and stock options with respect to each person referred to in points (a) and (d) of the first subparagraph of item 12.1.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	91 - 93 (11.2 Major Stockholders, Directors' and Executive Officers' Holdings of Shares and Options)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	79 (11.2 Major Stockholders, Directors' and Executive Officers' Holdings of Shares and Options)
15.3.	Description of any arrangements for involving the employees in the capital of the issuer.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	93 - 94 (11.3 Stock Plans)

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		Prospectus Exhibit III	53 - 55 (Note 11. Stockholders' Equity)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	80 (11.3 Stock Plans)
		Prospectus Exhibit I	54 - 56 (Note 10. Stockholders' Equity)
16.	MAJOR STOCKHOLDERS		
16.1.	Name of any stockholders who are not members of	Prospectus Part II - Section B	91 - 93 (11.2 Major Stockholders, Directors' and Executive Officers' Holdings of Shares and Options)
	administrative and/or management bodies.	Supplement Part II - Section B	79 (11.2 Major Stockholders, Directors' and Executive Officers' Holdings of Shares and Options)
16.2.	Whether the issuer's major stockholders have different voting rights.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	63 (4.5 Rights Attached to the Securities - Voting Rights - No Cumulative Voting)
16.3.	To the extent known to the issuer, state whether the issuer is directly or indirectly owned or controlled and by whom and describe the nature of such control and describe the measures in place to ensure that such control is not abused.	Prospectus Part II - Section A	55 - 56 (Risk Factor starting "We are a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ rules")
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	90 (10.5 Conflicts of Interest - Controlled Company) 91 - 93 (11.2 Major Stockholders,

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			Directors' and Executive Officers' Holdings of Shares and Options)
		Supplement Part II - Section A	63 - 64 (Risk Factor starting "We are a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ rules")
		Supplement Part II - Section B	79 (11.2 Major Stockholders, Directors' and Executive Officers' Holdings of Shares and Options)
16.4.	Arrangements known to the issuer that may result in a change in control of the issuer.	Not applicable	Not applicable
17.	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS		
17.1.	Details of related party transactions that the issuer has entered into.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	90 (10.5 Conflicts of Interest - Related Party Transactions)
18.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE ISSUER'S ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, FINANCIAL POSITION AND PROFITS AND LOSSES		
18.1.	Historical Financial Information.		
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	72 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
18.1.1	Audited historical financial information covering the latest three financial years (or such shorter period as the issuer has been in operation) and the audit report in respect of each year	Prospectus Exhibit III	34 - 60 (Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	73 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)

		Supplement Exhibit I	36 - 60 (Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data)
18.1.2	Change of accounting reference date  If the issuer has changed its accounting reference date during the period for which historical financial information is required, the audited historical information shall cover at least 36 months, or the entire period for which the issuer has been in operation, whichever is shorter.	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Accounting standards  The financial information must be prepared according to International Financial Reporting Standards as	Prospectus Part II - Section B	72 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
	endorsed in the Union based on Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002.  If Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 is not applicable, the financial information must be prepared in accordance with:		
18.1.3	(a) a Member State's national accounting standards for issuers from the EEA, as required by Directive 2013/34/EU;	Supplement Part II - Section B	73 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
	(b) a third country's national accounting standards equivalent to Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 for third country issuers. If such third country's national accounting standards are not equivalent to Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 the financial statements shall be restated in compliance with that Regulation.		Datay
	Change of accounting framework		
18.1.4	The last audited historical financial information, containing comparative information for the previous year, must be presented and prepared in a form consistent with the accounting standards framework that will be adopted in the issuer's next published annual financial statements having regard to accounting standards and policies and legislation applicable to such annual financial statements.		
	Changes within the accounting framework applicable to an issuer do not require the audited financial statements to be restated solely for the purposes of the prospectus. However, if the issuer intends to adopt a new accounting standards framework in its next published financial statements, at least one complete set of financial statements (as defined by IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements as set out in Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002), including comparatives, must be presented in a form consistent with that which will be adopted in the issuer's next	Not applicable	Not applicable

	published annual financial statements, having regard to accounting standards and policies and legislation applicable to such annual financial statements.		
	Where the audited financial information is prepared according to national accounting standards, it must include at least the following:  (a) the balance sheet;	Prospectus Exhibit III	34 - 60 (Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data)
18.1.5	<ul> <li>(b) the income statement;</li> <li>(c) a statement showing either all changes in equity or changes in equity other than those arising from capital transactions with owners and distributions to owners;</li> <li>(d) the cash flow statement;</li> <li>(e) the accounting policies and explanatory notes</li> </ul>	Supplement Exhibit I	36 - 60 (Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data)
18.1.6	Consolidated financial statements  If the issuer prepares both stand-alone and consolidated financial statements, include at least the consolidated financial statements in the registration document.	Not applicable	Not applicable
18.1.7	Age of financial information  The balance sheet date of the last year of audited financial information may not be older than one of the following:	Prospectus Exhibit III	34 - 60 (Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data)
	<ul> <li>(a) 18 months from the date of the registration document if the issuer includes audited interim financial statements in the registration document;</li> <li>(b) 16 months from the date of the registration document if the issuer includes unaudited interim financial statements in the registration document.</li> </ul>	Supplement Exhibit I	36 - 60 (Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data)
18.2.	Interim and other financial information.		
18.2.1	If the issuer has published quarterly or half-yearly financial information since the date of its last audited financial statements, these must be included in the registration document. If the quarterly or half-yearly financial information has been audited or reviewed, the audit or review report must also be included. If the quarterly or half-yearly financial information is not	Prospectus Part II - Section B	72 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
	audited or has not been reviewed, state that fact.  If the registration document is dated more than nine months after the date of the last audited financial statements, it must contain interim financial information, which may be unaudited (in which case that fact must be stated) covering at least the first six months of the financial year.	Prospectus Exhibit V	4 - 14 (Item 1. Financial Statement (Unaudited))

18.5.	Dividend policy		
18.4.	Pro forma financial information.	Not applicable	Not applicable
18.3.3.	Unaudited financial data in prospectus.	Prospectus Exhibit V	4 - 14 (Item 1. Financial Statement (Unaudited))
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	72 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
18.3.2.	Indication of other information in the prospectus which has been audited by the auditors.	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Statement that the historical financial information has been audited.  Report of Independent Registered Public.	Supplement Exhibit I	37 - 38 (Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm)
18.3.1.		Prospectus Exhibit III	35 - 37 (Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm)
40.5		Supplement Exhibit I	37 - 38 (Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm)
		Prospectus Exhibit III	35 - 37 (Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm)
18.3.	AUDITING OF HISTORICAL ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
	For issuers not subject to Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002, the interim financial information must include comparative statements for the same period in the prior financial year, except that the requirement for comparative balance sheet information may be satisfied by presenting the year's end balance sheet in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.	Supplement Part II - Section B	73 - 74 (6.1 Selected Financial Data)
	Interim financial information prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002.		

18.5.1.	Description of dividend policy.	Prospectus Part II - Section B  Prospectus Exhibit III  Supplement Part II - Section B	63 (4.5 Rights Attached to the Securities - Dividend Rights)  20 (Dividends)  67 - 68 (4.5 Rights Attached to the Securities - Dividend Rights)
		Supplement Exhibit I	23 (Dividends)
18.5.2.	The amount of the dividend per share for each financial year for the period covered by the historical financial information.	Not applicable	Not applicable
18.6.	Legal and arbitration proceedings		
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	76 (7.3 Indirect and Contingent Indebtedness - Commitments and Contingencies)
	Information on any governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings.	Prospectus Exhibit III	58 (Note 14. Commitments and Contingencies)
18.6.1.		Supplement Part II - Section B	75 - 77 (7.3 Indirect and Contingent Indebtedness - Commitments and Contingencies)
		Supplement Exhibit I	58 - 59 (Note 13. Commitments and Contingencies)
18.7.	Significant change in issuer's financial position		

18.7.1.	Significant change in the issuer's financial position since the end of the last financial period, or provide an appropriate negative statement.	Prospectus Part II - Section B  Supplement Part II - Section B	74 - 75 (7.1 Capitalization and Indebtedness) 74 - 75 (7.1 Capitalization and
			Indebtedness)
19	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION		
19.1	Share Capital		
	Total authorized share capital.  The amount of issued capital.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	61 - 62 (4.1 Type and the Class of the Securities Being Offered, Including the Security Identification Code)
		Prospectus Exhibit III	38 (Consolidated Balance Sheets)
19.1.1.		Supplement Part II - Section B	67 (4.1 Type and the Class of the Securities Being Offered, Including the Security Identification Code)
		Supplement Exhibit I	39 (Consolidated Balance Sheets)
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	61 - 62 (4.1 Type and the Class of the Securities Being Offered, Including the Security Identification Code)
		Prospectus Exhibit III	38 (Consolidated Balance Sheets)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	67 (4.1 Type and the Class of the Securities Being Offered, Including

			the Security Identification Code)
		Supplement Exhibit I	39 (Consolidated Balance Sheets)
	Par value per share.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	61 - 62 (4.1 Type and the Class of the Securities Being Offered, Including the Security Identification Code)
		Supplement Exhibit I	Cover Page
	Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at beginning and end of year.	Not applicable	Not applicable
19.1.2.	Shares not representing capital.	Not applicable	Not applicable
		Prospectus Exhibit III	20 (Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers) 55 (Stock Repurchase Plan)
19.1.3.	Shares in the issuer held by the issuer or subsidiaries.	Supplement Exhibit I	23 - 24 (Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers) 56 (Stock Repurchase Plan)
19.1.4.	The amount of any convertible securities, exchangeable securities or securities with warrants, with an indication of the conditions governing and the procedures for conversion, exchange or subscription.	Not applicable	Not applicable
19.1.5.	Information about and terms of any acquisition rights and or obligations over authorized but unissued capital or an undertaking to increase the capital.	Not applicable	Not applicable

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19.1.6.	Information about any capital of any member of the group which is under option or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be put under option.	Not applicable	Not applicable
40.4.7	A history of share capital for the period covered by the	Prospectus Exhibit III	40 (Consolidated Statements of Equity)
19.1.7.	historical financial information.	Supplement Exhibit I	41 (Consolidated Statements of Equity)
19.2.	Memorandum and Articles of Association		
19.2.1.	Issuer's objects and purposes.	Prospectus Exhibit VI	(Article II. Purpose)
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	62 - 65 (4.5 Rights Attached to the Securities)
19.2.2.	A description of the rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to each class of the existing shares.  Provisions of the issuer's articles of association, statutes, charter or by-laws that would have an effect of delaying deferring or preventing a change in control of the issuer.	Supplement Part II - Section B	67 - 68 (4.5 Rights Attached to the Securities - Dividend Rights)
		Prospectus Part II - Section A	57 - 58 (Last Risk Factor starting "Delaware law and our organizational documents may impede or discourage a takeover ()")
		Supplement Part II - Section A	65 (Last Risk Factor starting "Delaware law and our organizational documents may impede or discourage a takeover ()")
20.	MATERIAL CONTRACTS		
00.4	Summary of motorial contract	Prospectus Part II - Section B	94 (XII. Material Contracts)
20.1.	Summary of material contract.	Prospectus Exhibit III	26 (Affiliated Services)

			43 (Variable interest entities and noncontrolling interests)
			43 - 44 (Joint ventures)
			49 - 50 (Note 3. Acquisitions)
		Supplement	44 (Variable interest entities and noncontrolling interests)
		Exhibit I	44 - 45 (Joint ventures)
			50 - 51 (Note 3. Acquisitions)
21.	DOCUMENTS ON DISPLAY		
21.1.	Statement confirming where documents can be inspected.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	94 (XIII. Documents on Display)

### **ANNEX 11 OF DELEGATED REGULATION 2019/980**

# SECURITIES NOTE FOR EQUITY SECURITIES OR UNITS ISSUED BY COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT UNDERTAKINGS OF THE CLOSED-END TYPE

### (Page numbering refers to the page contained in the relevant document)

Item #	Item contents	Chapter/Exhibit	Page
1.	PERSONS RESPONSIBLE		
	All persons responsible for the information given in the prospectus/supplement.	Prospectus	32 (Company Representative for Prospectus)
1.1.		Prospectus Exhibit III	Exhibits 31.1 and 32.1
		Supplement	40 (Company Representative for Supplement)
		Supplement Exhibit I	Exhibits 31.1 and 32.1
1.2.	A declaration by those responsible for the prospectus/supplement.	Prospectus	32 (Company Representative for Prospectus)
		Supplement	40 (Company Representative for Supplement)
1.3.	Attribution to experts.	Not applicable	Not applicable
1.4.	Third party sources.	Not applicable	Not applicable
1.5.	Statement of approval of document by competent authority.	Prospectus	Cover Page
		Supplement	Cover Page
2.	RISK FACTORS		
2.1.	Description of the material risks that are specific to the securities being admitted to trading.	Prospectus Part II - Section A	55 - 58 (V. Risks Related to the Company's Stock)
		Supplement Part II - Section A	63 - 65 (V. Risks Related to the Company's Stock)

Item #	Item contents	Chapter/Exhibit	Page
3.	ESSENTIAL INFORMATION		
3.1.	Working capital Statement.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	77 (VIII. Working Capital Statement)
0		Supplement Part II - Section B	77 (VIII. Working Capital Statement)
3.2.	Capitalization and indebtedness.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	74 - 76 (VII. Statement of Capitalization and Indebtedness as of March 31, 2021)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	74 - 77 (VII. Statement of Capitalization and Indebtedness as of December 31, 2021)
3.3.	Interest of natural and legal persons involved in the issue/offer	Prospectus Part II - Section B	89 - 90 (10.5 Conflicts of Interest) 91 - 93 (11.2 Major Stockholders, Directors, and Executive Officers' Holdings of Shares and Options)
3.4.	Reasons for the offer and use of proceeds.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	59 (1.1 Purpose of the Program) 77 (9.2 Net Proceeds)
4.	INFORMATION CONCERNING THE SECURITIES TO BE OFFERED/ ADMITTED TO TRADING		
4.1.	A description of the type and the class of the securities being offered and/or admitted to trading, including the international security identification number.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	61 - 62 (4.1 Type and the Class of the Securities being Offered,

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			Including the Security Identification Code)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	67 (4.1 Type and the Class of the Securities being Offered, Including the Security Identification Code)
4.2.	Legislation under which the securities have been created.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	62 (4.2 Legislation Under Which the Securities Have Been Created)
4.3.	Form of securities, name and address of the entity in charge of keeping the records.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	62 (4.3 Form of Securities, Name and address of the Entity in Charge of Keeping the Records)
4.4.	Currency of the securities issue.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	62 (4.4 Currency of the Securities Issue)
4.5.	Rights attached to the securities.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	62 - 65 (4.5 Rights Attached to the Securities)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	67 - 68 (4.5 Rights Attached to the Securities - Dividend Rights)
4.6.		Prospectus Part II - Section B	65 (4.6 Transferability)

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	In the case of new issues, statement of the resolutions, authorizations and approvals by virtue of which the securities have been or will be created and/or issued.	Prospectus Exhibit I	58 - 61 (2.1 Number of Shares Available)
4.7.	In the case of new issues, the expected issue date of the securities.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	59 (1.3 Purchase Period)
4.8.	Description of any restrictions on the free transferability of the securities.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	61 (III. Delivery and Sale of the Shares) 65 (4.6 Transferability)
4.9.	Mandatory takeover bids and/or squeeze-out and sell-out rules in relation to the securities.	Prospectus Part II - Section A	55 - 56 (Risk Factor starting "We are a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ rules")  57 - 58 (Risk Factor starting ("Delaware law and our organizational documents may impede or discourage a takeover ()")
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	66 - 67 (4.7 General Provisions Applying to Business Combinations)
		Supplement Part II - Section A	63 - 64 (Risk Factor starting "We are a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ rules")

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			65 (Risk Factor starting ("Delaware law and our organizational documents may impede or discourage a takeover ()")
4.10.	An indication of public takeover bids by third parties in respect of the issuer's equity, which have occurred during the last financial year and the current financial year. The price or exchange terms attaching to such offers and the outcome thereof must be stated.	Not applicable	Not applicable
4.11.	Information on taxes on the income from the securities withheld at source.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	95 - 99 (XIV. Tax Consequences)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	80 - 81 (XIV. Tax Consequences)
4.12.	Where applicable, the potential impact on the investment in the event of resolution under Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.	Not applicable	Not applicable
4.13.	If different from the issuer, the identity and contact details of the offeror of the securities and/or the person asking for admission to trading, including the LEI where the offeror has legal personality.	Not applicable	Not applicable
5.	TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE OFFER		
5.1.	Conditions, offer statistics, expected timetable and action required to apply for the offer.		
5.1.1.	Conditions to which the offer is subject.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	59 - 61 (I. The Outline, II. Eligibility and III. Delivery and Sale of the Shares)
		Prospectus Exhibit I	All sections
		Prospectus Exhibit II	All sections

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5.1.2.	Total amount of the issue/offer.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	77 (9.2 Net Proceeds)
5.1.3.	Time period during which the offer will be open and description of the application process.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	59 - 61 (I. The Outline, II. Eligibility and III. Delivery and Sale of the Shares)
	Circumstances under which the offer may be revoked or suspended and whether revocation can occur after dealing has begun.		60 (1.6 Term of the Program)
		Prospectus Part II - Section B	60 (1.7 Amendment or Discontinuance of the Plan and the Program)
5.1.4.			61 (2.4 Discontinuance of Participation of Participants)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	66 - 67 (2.4 Discontinuance of Participation of Participants)
5.1.5.	Possibility to reduce subscriptions and the manner for refunding excess amount paid by applicants.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	60 (2.3 Contributions)
5.1.6.	Minimum and/or maximum amount of application.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	60 (2.3 Contributions)
5.1.7.	Period during which an application may be withdrawn.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	61 (2.4 Discontinuance of Participation of Participants)
5.1.8.	Method and time limits for paying up the securities and for delivery of the securities.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	60 (2.3 Contributions) 61 (III. Delivery and Sale of the Shares)
5.1.9.	A full description of the manner and date in which results of the offer are to be made public.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	61 (III. Delivery and Sale of the Shares) 93 - 94 (11.3 Stock Plans -

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			Agent Equity Program)
		Prospectus Exhibit III	53 (11. Stockholders' Equity - Agent Equity Program)
		Prospectus Exhibit V	12 (8. Stockholders' Equity - Agent Equity Program)
		Supplement Part II - Section B	80 (11.3 Stock Plans - Agent Equity Program)
		Supplement Exhibit I	54 (10. Stockholders' Equity - Agent Equity Program)
5.1.10.	The procedure for the exercise of any right of pre- emption, the negotiability of subscription rights and the treatment of subscription rights not exercised.	Not applicable	Not applicable
5.2.	PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION AND ALLOTMENT		
5.2.1.	The various categories of potential investors to which the securities are offered.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	60 (2.1 Eligible Independent Agents)
5.2.2.	To the extent known to the issuer, an indication of whether major shareholders or members of the issuer's management, supervisory or administrative bodies intend to subscribe in the offer, or whether any person intends to subscribe for more than five per cent of the offer.	Not applicable	Not applicable
5.2.3.	Pre-allotment Disclosure	Not applicable	Not applicable
5.2.4.	Process for notifying applicants of the amount allotted and an indication whether dealing may begin before notification is made.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	60 (2.3 Contributions)
5.3.	PRICING		
5.3.1.	An indication of the price at which the securities will be offered.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	59 (1.4 Purchase Price)

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5.3.2.	Process for the disclosure of the offer price.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	59 (1.4 Purchase Price) 62 (4.3 Form of Securities, Name and Address of the Entity in Charge of Keeping the Records)
5.3.3.	If the issuer's equity holders have pre-emptive purchase rights and this right is restricted or withdrawn.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	65 (4.5 Rights Attached to the Securities - No Preemptive, Redemptive or Conversion Provisions)
5.3.4.	Where there is or could be a material disparity between the public offer price and the effective cash cost to members of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies or senior management, or affiliated persons, of securities acquired by them in transactions during the past year.	Not applicable	Not applicable
5.4.	PLACING AND UNDERWRITING		
5.4.1.	Name and address of the co-coordinator(s) of the global offer.	Not applicable	Not applicable
5.4.2.	Name and address of any paying agents and depository agents in each country.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	62 (4.3 Form of Securities, Name and Address of the Entity in Charge of Keeping the Records)
5.4.3.	Name and address of the entities agreeing to underwrite the issue on a firm commitment basis.	Not applicable	Not applicable
5.4.4.	When the underwriting agreement has been or will be reached.	Not applicable	Not applicable
6.	ADMISSION TO TRADING AND DEALING ARRANGEMENTS		
6.1.	Whether the securities offered are or will be the object of an application for admission to trading.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	59 (1.2 Shares Offered Under the Program) 61 - 62 (4.1 Type and Class

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			of the Securities Being Offered, Including the Security Identification Code)
6.2.	Regulated markets or equivalent markets on which securities of the same class of the securities to be offered or admitted to trading are already admitted to trading.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	61 - 62 (4.1 Type and Class of the Securities being Offered, Including the Security Identification Code)
6.3.	Simultaneous private placement.	Not applicable	Not applicable
6.4.	Details of the entities which have a firm commitment to act as intermediaries in secondary trading, providing liquidity.	Not applicable	Not applicable
6.5.	Stabilization.	Not applicable	Not applicable
6.5.1.	The fact that stabilization may be undertaken, that there is no assurance that it will be undertaken and that it may be stopped at any time.	Not applicable	Not applicable
6.5.1.1.	The fact that stabilization transactions aim at supporting the market price of the securities during the stabilization period.	Not applicable	Not applicable
6.5.2.	The beginning and the end of the period during which stabilization may occur.	Not applicable	Not applicable
6.5.3.	Identity of the stabilization manager.	Not applicable	Not applicable
6.5.4.	The fact that stabilization transactions may result in a market price that is higher than would otherwise prevail.	Not applicable	Not applicable
6.5.5.	The place where the stabilisation may be undertaken including, where relevant, the name of the trading venue(s).	Not applicable	Not applicable
6.6.	Over-allotment and 'green shoe'.	Not applicable	Not applicable
7.	SELLING SECURITIES HOLDERS		

Item #	Item contents	Chapter/Exhibit	Page
7.1.	Name and business address of the person or entity offering to sell the securities.	Not applicable	Not applicable
7.2.	The number and class of securities being offered by each of the selling security holders.	Not applicable	Not applicable
7.3.	Where a major shareholder is selling the securities, the size of its shareholding both before and immediately after the issuance.	Not applicable	Not applicable
7.4.	Lock-up agreements.	Not applicable	Not applicable
8.	EXPENSE OF THE ISSUE/OFFER		
8.1.	The total net proceeds and an estimate of the total expenses of the issue/offer.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	77 (9.2 Net Proceeds)
9.	DILUTION		
9.1.	A comparison of:  (a) participation in share capital and voting rights for existing shareholders before and after the capital increase resulting from the public offer, with the assumption that existing shareholders do not subscribe for the new shares;  (b) the net asset value per share as of the date of the latest balance sheet before the public offer (selling offer and/or capital increase) and the offering price per share within that public offer.	Prospectus Part II - Section B	77 (9.1 Maximum Dilution)
9.2.	Where existing shareholders will be diluted regardless of whether they subscribe for their entitlement, because a part of the relevant share issue is reserved only for certain investors (e.g. an institutional placing coupled with an offer to shareholders), an indication of the dilution existing shareholders will experience shall also be presented on the basis that they do take up their entitlement (in addition to the situation in item 9.1 where they do not).	Not applicable	Not applicable
10.	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION		
10.1.	If advisors connected with an issue are mentioned in the Securities Note, a statement of the capacity in which the advisors have acted.	Not applicable	Not applicable
10.2.	An indication of other information in the Securities Note which has been audited or reviewed by statutory auditors.	Not applicable	Not applicable

#### **COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE FOR SUPPLEMENT**

- 1.1 Jeff Whiteside, Chief Financial Officer, acting for and on behalf of eXp World Holdings, Inc.
- 1.2 I hereby declare that the information contained in this Supplement is, to the best of my knowledge, in accordance with the facts and that it makes no omission likely to affect its import.

/s/ Jeff Whiteside

Jeff Whiteside Chief Financial Officer of eXp World Holdings, Inc.

Bellingham, WA, U.S.A., March 30, 2022

#### PART I — SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

#### VISA NUMBER 22-075 DATED MARCH 31, 2022 OF THE AMF

	SECTION A — INTRODUCTION AND WARNINGS
Date of approval of the supplement	March 31, 2022

#### SECTION B — KEY INFORMATION ON THE ISSUER

#### WHO IS THE ISSUER OF THE SECURITIES?

#### **Principal activities**

The information contained in Part I, Section B, "Principal activities" of the Prospectus has been updated as follows:

The Company owns and operates a cloud-based real estate brokerage and a technology platform business that enables a variety of businesses to operate remotely. The Company's real estate brokerage is now one of the largest and fastest-growing real estate brokerage companies in the United States and is rapidly expanding internationally. Its technology platform business develops and uses immersive technologies that enable and support virtual workplaces. This unique enabling platform helps businesses increase their effectiveness and reduce costs from operating in traditional "brick and mortar" office spaces. Through various operating subsidiaries, the Company primarily operates a cloud-based real estate brokerage operating throughout the United States, most of the Canadian provinces, the United Kingdom (U.K.), Australia, South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal, France, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany.

The following are changes in the Company's business in the most recent fiscal year:

Real Estate Brokerage – In addition to maintaining operations in all locations, in 2021 the Company continued its international growth with the expansion into Portugal, France, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany. Except for certain employees who hold active real estate licenses, virtually all of the Company's real estate professionals are independent contractors.

Mortgage Lending – In July 2021, the Company entered into a joint venture with Kind Partners, LLC, a subsidiary of Kind Lending, LLC, forming SUCCESS Lending, LLC ("SUCCESS Lending"), a residential mortgage service company. The operations are currently in a nascent state.

#### Major stockholders

The information contained in Part I, Section B, "Major stockholders" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

The following table shows, as of December 31, 2021, stockholders known to the Company who beneficially own more than 5% of the outstanding Shares. To the best knowledge of the Company, there has been no material change to the beneficial ownership of the stockholders listed in the table below since December 31, 2021. Beneficial ownership represents sole voting power and investment power. Unless otherwise noted below, the address of each person listed on the table is c/o eXp World Holdings, Inc. at 2219 Rimland Drive, Suite 301, Bellingham, WA 98226, U.S.A.

Name and Address	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Owner	ship <sup>(1)</sup> Percentage of Class
Group of stockholders <sup>(2)</sup>	80,783,871	54.3%
Glenn Sanford	• 45,074,674	• 30.3%
<ul><li>Penny Sanford</li></ul>	• 27,884,043	• 18.7%
<ul> <li>Eugene Frederick</li> </ul>	• 5,280,342	• 3.5%
<ul> <li>Jason Gesing</li> </ul>	• 2,544,812	• 1.7%
The Vanguard Group	9,630,878 <sup>(3)</sup>	6.53%

- (1) On January 15, 2021, the Board approved the Stock Split. The Stock Split was effected on February 12, 2021. Share total has been adjusted to reflect the Stock Split.
  - The information is based on 148,764,592 Shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021.
- (2) In March 2021, Mr. Sanford, Ms. Sanford, Mr. Gesing and Mr. Frederick filed a Schedule 13D/A with the SEC indicating that they had entered into an agreement to vote their shares as a group with respect to the election of directors and any other matter on which the Shares are entitled to vote. Accordingly, Mr. Sanford, Ms. Sanford, Mr. Gesing and Mr. Frederick collectively own a number of Shares sufficient to elect all of the members of the Board without the approval of any other stockholders.
- (3) As of December 31, 2021, based on information set forth in a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 10, 2022 by The Vanguard Group. The Vanguard Group's business address is 100 Vanguard Blvd., Malvern, PA 19355, U.S.A.

The Company is a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ rules. Per the above, Glenn Sanford, together with Penny Sanford, Jason Gesing and Gene Frederick own approximately 54.3% of the outstanding Shares (as of December 31, 2021), and they agreed to vote their Shares as a group with respect to the election of directors and any other matter on which the Shares are entitled to vote.

#### WHAT IS THE KEY FINANCIAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE ISSUER?

#### Financial information concerning the Company for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019

The information contained in Part I, Section B, "Financial information concerning the Company for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018, and for the guarterly periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

The consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) and the consolidated balance sheets data of the Company for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, set out in this prospectus have been derived from the Company's audited consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP").

#### SELECTED THREE-YEAR FINANCIAL DATA (In thousands, except share amounts and per share data) (audited)

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2021		2020		2019
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (loss):						·
Revenues	\$	3,771,170	\$	1,798,285	\$	979,937
Total operating expenses		3,737,018		1,766,698		988,716
Operating income (loss)		34,152		31,587		(8,779)
Total other expense (income), net		480		184		281
ncome tax (benefit) expense		(47,487)		413		497
Net income (loss)		81,159		30,990		(9,557)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		61		141		29
Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.		81,220		31,131		(9,528)
Earnings (loss) per share (a)						
Basic		0.56		0.22		(80.0)
Diluted		0.51		0.21		(0.08)
Veighted average shares outstanding (a)						
Basic		146,170,871		138,572,358		126,256,407
Diluted		157,729,374		151,550,075		126,256,407
			A	s of December 3	31,	
Consolidated Balance Sheets Data:		2021		2020		2019
Cash and cash equivalents		108,237		100,143		40,087
Total assets		413,826		242,187		96,452
Total liabilities		190,293		99,600		44,324
quity		223,533		142,587		52,128
		Year Ended December 31,				
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:		2021		2020		2019
Net cash provided by operating activities		246,892		119,659		55,186
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(18,923)		(16,963)		(6,690)
Dividends declared and paid		(11,548)				· · · ·
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(179,924)		(21,893)		(24,569)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of year	\$	175,910	\$	127,924	\$	47,074
(a) All applicable period amounts have been adjusted to reflect the Stock Split.						

#### Qualifications in the audit report on the historical financial information

The information contained in Part I, Section B, "Qualifications in the audit report on the historical financial information" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

The independent registered public accounting firm's reports expressed an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the Company as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019.

#### WHAT ARE THE KEY RISKS THAT ARE SPECIFIC TO THE ISSUER?

The information contained in Part I, Section B, "What are the key risks that are specific to the Issuer?" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

Set forth below are summaries of the key risks, uncertainties and other factors that may affect eXp's future results. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones facing eXp. Within each of the risk categories below, the key risk are set out in order of priority according to the risk that the Company considers, at the date of this prospectus, to be the most significant.

#### Risks Related to the Company's Industry

• The Company's profitability is tied to the strength of the residential real estate market, which is subject to a number of general business and macroeconomic conditions beyond its control.

#### Risks Related to the Company's Business and Operations

- The Company may be unable to maintain its agent growth rate, which would adversely affect its revenue growth and results of operations.
- The Company's value proposition for agents and brokers includes allowing them to participate in the revenues of the Company and is not typical in the real
  estate industry. If agents and brokers do not understand the Company's value proposition, the Company may not be able to attract, retain, and incentivize
  agents.

- The Company has experienced net losses in recent years, and, because the Company has a limited operating history, its ability to fully and successfully
  develop its business is unknown.
- The Company's international operations are subject to risks not generally experienced by its U.S. operations.
- Loss of its current executive officers or other key management could significantly harm the Company's business.

#### Risks Related to the Company's Technology

- If the Company does not remain an innovative leader in the real estate industry, the Company may not be able to grow its business and leverage its costs to achieve profitability.
- Cybersecurity incidents could disrupt the Company's business operations, result in the loss of critical and confidential information, adversely impact its
  reputation and harm its business.
- The Company's business could be adversely affected if the Company is unable to expand, maintain and improve the systems and technologies which it relies on to operate.

#### Risks Related to Legal and Regulatory Matters

- The Company offers its independent agents the opportunity to earn additional commissions through its revenue sharing plan, which pays under a multi-tiered compensation structure similar in some respects to network marketing. Network marketing is subject to intense government scrutiny, and regulation and changes in the law, or the interpretation and enforcement of the law, might adversely affect its business.
- The Company faces significant risk to its brand and revenue if the Company fails to maintain compliance with the law and regulations of federal, state, county and foreign governmental authorities, or private associations and governing boards.
- If the Company fails to protect the privacy and personal information of its customers, agents or employees, the Company may be subject to legal claims, government action and damage to its reputation.

SECTION C — KEY INFORMATION ON THE SECURITIES			
WHAT ARE THE MAIN FEATURES O	F THE SECURITIES?		
Currency of the securities issue and number of securities issued and the term of the securities	The information contained in Part I, Section C, "Currency of the securities issue and number of securities issued and the term of the securities" of the Prospectus has been updated as follows:  As of February 25, 2022, the Company was authorized to issue 900,000,000 Shares. As of December 31, 2021, there were 148,764,592 Shares outstanding. There have been no material changes in the number of Shares issued and		
	outstanding since that date. The term of the Shares is unlimited.		
Dividend policy	The information contained in Part I, Section C, "Dividend policy" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:  On August 4, 2021, the Board declared and subsequently paid its first cash dividend at an amount of \$0.04. The Company then declared and paid a subsequent dividend during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 at an amount of \$0.04. On February 17, 2022, the Board approved a cash dividend of \$0.04 per Share to be paid on March 31, 2022 to shareholders of record on March 11, 2022. The Company has not paid cash dividends on its Shares in previous periods, including during the year ended December 31, 2020. Payment of cash dividends is at the discretion of the Board in accordance with applicable law after taking into account various factors, including the Company's financial condition, operating results, current and anticipated cash needs and plans for growth. Under Delaware law, the Company can only pay dividends either out of surplus or out of the current or the immediately preceding year's earnings. Therefore, no assurance is given that the Company will pay any future dividends to its common stockholders, or as to the amount of any such dividends.		

#### WHAT ARE THE KEY RISKS THAT ARE SPECIFIC TO THE SECURITIES?

The information contained in Part I, Section C, "What are the key risks that are specific to the securities?" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

- Glenn Sanford, the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, together with Penny Sanford, a significant shareholder, Jason Gesing, a director and
  the Chief Executive Officer of eXp Realty, and Gene Frederick, a director, own a significant percentage of the Company's stock and have agreed to act as
  a group on any matter submitted to a vote of the Company's stockholders. As a result, the trading price for the Shares may be depressed, and they can take
  actions that may be adverse to the interests of the Company's other stockholders.
- The Company is a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ rules, and, as a result, the Company qualifies for, and intends to rely on, exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements. As a result, the Company will not have a majority of independent directors, its compensation and its nominating and corporate governance committees will not consist entirely of independent directors, and such committees may not be subject to annual performance evaluations. As further detailed above in Section B under "Major stockholders", Glenn Sanford, together with Penny Sanford, Jason Gesing and Gene Frederick, own approximately 54.2% of the outstanding Shares (as of December 31, 2021).
- Because the Company can issue additional Shares, its stockholders may experience dilution in the future.

### SECTION D — KEY INFORMATION ON THE OFFER OF SECURITIES TO THE PUBLIC AND/OR THE ADMISSION TO TRADING ON A REGULATED MARKET

#### UNDER WHICH CONDITIONS AND TIMETABLE CAN I INVEST IN THIS SECURITY?

#### Description of the terms and conditions of the offer

The information contained in Part I, Section D, "Description of the terms and conditions of the offer" of the Prospectus has been completed as follows:

The Company is offering eligible independent agents of the Company the right to purchase Shares at a discount under the Program, which is a share purchase program under the Plan. The grants to eligible independent agents will be administered under and subject to the Plan.

The offering of the Program may be considered a public offering of securities pursuant to the Prospectus Regulation in the following EEA countries: France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Portugal and Spain. The Program is not offered in other EEA countries.

This Supplement will be made available in printed form to independent agents of the Company and/or its subsidiaries based in the above-named countries where the offering of the Program may be considered a public offering of securities. In addition, this Supplement along with summary translations (as applicable) will be posted on eXp World Holdings, Inc.'s website (<a href="www.expworldholdings.com">www.expworldholdings.com</a>), and free copies will be made available upon request by contacting the Investor Relations department of eXp World Holdings, Inc. at <a href="investors@expworldholdings.com">investors@expworldholdings.com</a>. This Supplement and the French translation of its summary will also be available on the website of the AMF, <a href="www.amf-france.org">www.amf-france.org</a>.

Under the Program, independent agents can enroll each month, starting on the first business day of the month. Eligible independent agents who enroll and participate in the Program are referred to as "**Participants**." Shares will be purchased on behalf of Participants at the end of each month. Once enrolled, Participants do not need to re-enroll for the subsequent offerings and are automatically participating to the next Monthly Offerings (unless Participants withdraw as further explained below) so that Shares will be purchased at the end of each month for these Participants without them taking any further actions.

Participants have a right to withdraw from participating in the Program as a consequence of the Supplement. Pursuant to Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation, where the prospectus relates to an offer of securities to the public, investors who have already agreed to purchase or subscribe for the securities before the supplement is published shall have the right, exercisable within two working days after the publication of the supplement, to withdraw their acceptances, provided that the significant new factor, material mistake or material inaccuracy arose or was noted before the closing of the offer period or the delivery of the securities, whichever occurs first.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, beginning on March 18, 2021 and ending on December 31, 2022 (in the context of economic measures to combat the COVID-19 pandemic under Regulation (EU) 2021/337), where the prospectus relates to a public offer of securities, the two-day period for exercising the right of withdrawal is extended to three working days.

Therefore, Participants or independent agents who have enrolled in the Program between February 25, 2022, i.e., the date of the filing of the Form 10-K with the SEC, and April 1, 2022, i.e., the date of the publication of the Supplement (the "**Supplement Period**"), will have the right, exercisable within three working days after the publication of the Supplement, i.e., until April 6, 2022 (included), to withdraw their acceptances by completing a new Election Form, available by request at <a href="mailto:stock@exprealty.net">stock@exprealty.net</a>, indicating his or her intention to withdraw from the Program. Such new Election Form should be submitted to <a href="mailto:stock@exprealty.net">stock@exprealty.net</a>.

The Participants' right to withdraw from the Program will expire on April 6, 2022 at 11:59 pm PT (Pacific Time Zone). If a Participant completes the withdrawal process by this date and hour and no Share purchase has been made on behalf of Participant, his/her outstanding Contributions will be returned to Participant within 30 days from submitting the Participant's withdrawal Election Form to <a href="stock@exprealty.net">stock@exprealty.net</a> and no Share purchase will be made on his/her behalf. If a Participant completes the withdrawal process by this date and Shares have been purchased on the behalf of Participant, Participant will be required to return the Shares purchased on his/her behalf during the Supplement Period once credited on the Participant's individual account at the Broker and Participant's Contributions used to purchased such Shares will be returned to Participant within 30 days from submitting the Participant's withdrawal Election Form to <a href="stock@exprealty.net">stock@exprealty.net</a>.

As mentioned above, regardless of the withdrawal right related to the publication of the Supplement, Participants may withdraw from the Program at any time by completing a new Election Form indicating his or her intention to withdraw from the Program as set forth in Part II – Section B - 2.4 (Discontinuance of Participation of Participants) of the Prospectus.

#### THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS NOT PART OF THE PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

#### PART II — PROSPECTUS

#### SECTION A — RISK FACTORS

The information contained in Part II, Section A, "Risks Factors" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

In addition to the other information set forth in this prospectus, you should carefully consider the following factors, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or results of operations in future periods. The risks described below are not the only risks facing the Company. Additional risks not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations in future periods.

In accordance with the provisions of Article 16 of the Prospectus Regulation, the present section describes the main risks which could, as of the date hereof, have an impact on the Company's activity, financial situation, reputation, results or perspectives, as notably identified when mapping the Company's major risks, which assesses their criticality, i.e. their severity and probability of occurrence, after taking into account the action plans implemented. Within each of the risk categories below, the risk factors are set out in order of priority according to the risk that the Company considers, at the date of this prospectus, to be the most significant (marked with an asterisk).

The table below summarizes the main risk factors identified by the Company, organized into five categories: (i) risks related to the Company's industry; (ii) risks related to the Company's business and operations; (iii) risks related to the Company's technology; (iv) risks related to legal and regulatory matters; and (v) risks related to the Company's stock. The right column indicates specific risk factors that are deemed by the Company to be more significant based on the potential adverse impacts on the Company and the probability of occurrence.

Categories of Risk Factors	Considered particularly material
1. Risks Related to the Company's Industry	
Our profitability is tied to the strength of the residential real estate market, which is subject to a number of general business and macroeconomic conditions beyond our control.	*
Monetary policies of the U.S. federal government and its agencies may have a material adverse impact on our operations.	
General changes in consumer attitudes and behaviors could negatively impact homesale transaction volume.	
Home inventory levels may result in excessive or insufficient supply, which could negatively impact home sale transaction growth.	
Material decreases in the average brokerage commission rate, due to conditions beyond our control, could materially adversely affect our financial results.	
The coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic may have a material adverse effect on our businesses, financial condition, and results of operations.	

Our operating results are subject to seasonality and vary significantly among quarters during each calendar year, making meaningful comparisons of successive quarters difficult.	
2. Risks Related to the Company's Business and Operations	
We may be unable to maintain our agent growth rate, which would adversely affect our revenue growth and results of operations.	*
Our value proposition for agents and brokers includes allowing them to participate in the revenues of our company and is not typical in the real estate industry. If agents and brokers do not understand our value proposition, we may not be able to attract, retain, and incentivize agents.	*
We have experienced net losses in recent years, and, because we have a limited operating history, our ability to fully and successfully develop our business is unknown.	*
Our international operations are subject to risks not generally experienced by our U.S. operations.	*
Loss of our current executive officers or other key management could significantly harm our business.	*
We may be unable to effectively manage rapid growth in our business.	
If we fail to grow in the various local markets that we serve or are unsuccessful in identifying and pursuing new business opportunities our long-term prospects and profitability will be harmed.	
We may be unable to attract and retain additional qualified personnel.	
We may not be able to utilize a portion of our net operating loss carryforwards, which may adversely affect our profitability.	
We could be subject to changes in tax laws and regulations that may have a material adverse effect in our business.	
The utilization of a 3D cloud-based immersive office as a suitable substitute for a physical brick and mortar location is a new and unproven strategy and we cannot guarantee that we will be able to operate and grow within its confines.	
SUCCESS Lending is in a nascent state and is an unproven business model with regulatory, compliance, consumer trends and macroeconomic risks, many of which are beyond our control.	
We are actively, and intend to continue, developing new products and services complementary to our brokerage business, and our failure to accurately predict their demand or growth could have an adverse effect on our business.	
Our subsidiary, SUCCESS Franchising, LLC, is in a nascent state, involves new regulatory compliance and may be unprofitable.	
We intend to evaluate acquisitions, mergers, joint ventures or investments in third-party technologies and businesses, but we may not realize the anticipated benefits from, and may have to pay substantial costs related to, any acquisitions, mergers, joint ventures, or investments that we undertake.	
Failure to protect intellectual property rights could adversely affect our business.	
We have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting in the past and have remediated the previously identified material	

weaknesses in 2020. If our remedial measures in future years are unsuccessful or inadequate, our financial statements could include material misstatements.	
3. Risks Related to the Company's Technology	
If we do not remain an innovative leader in the real estate industry, we may not be able to grow our business and leverage our costs to achieve profitability.	*
Cybersecurity incidents could disrupt our business operations, result in the loss of critical and confidential information, adversely impact our reputation and harm our business.	*
Our business could be adversely affected if we are unable to expand, maintain and improve the systems and technologies which we rely on to operate.	*
Our business, financial condition and reputation may be substantially harmed by security breaches, interruptions, delays and failures in our systems and operations.	
4. Risks Related to Legal and Regulatory Matters	
We offer our independent agents the opportunity to earn additional commissions through our revenue sharing plan, which pays under a multi-tiered compensation structure similar in some respects to network marketing. Network marketing is subject to intense government scrutiny, and regulation and changes in the law, or the interpretation and enforcement of the law, might adversely affect our business.	*
We face significant risk to our brand and revenue if we fail to maintain compliance with the law and regulations of federal, state, county and foreign governmental authorities, or private associations and governing boards.	*
If we fail to protect the privacy and personal information of our customers, agents or employees, we may be subject to legal claims, government action and damage to our reputation.	*
We may suffer significant financial harm and loss of reputation if we do not comply, cannot comply, or are alleged to have not complied with applicable laws, rules and regulations concerning our classification and compensation practices for the agents in our owned-and-operated brokerage.	
We are subject to certain risks related to litigation filed by or against us, and adverse results may harm our business and financial condition.	
We are and may, in the future, be blocked from or limited in providing our agent compensation plans in certain jurisdictions, and may be required to modify our business model in those jurisdictions as a result.	
5. Risks Related to the Company's Stock	
Glenn Sanford, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, together with Penny Sanford, a significant shareholder, Jason Gesing, a director and the Chief Executive Officer of eXp Realty, and Gene Frederick, a director, own a significant percentage of our stock and have agreed to act as a group on any matter submitted to a vote of our stockholders. As a result, the trading price for our shares may be depressed, and they can take actions that may be adverse to the interests of our other stockholders.	*
We are a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ rules, and, as a result, we qualify for, and intend to rely on, exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements.	*
Because we can issue additional Shares, our stockholders may experience dilution in the future.	*

The stock price of the Shares has been and likely will continue to be volatile and may decline in value regardless of our performance.	
Because we may not pay any cash dividends on the Shares in the near future, our stockholders may not be able to receive a return on their shares unless they sell them.	
Delaware law and our organizational documents may impede or discourage a takeover, which could deprive our investors of the opportunity to receive a premium for their shares.	
6. Risks Related to the risk of the loss of fair value resulting from adverse changes in market rates and prices	
We are exposed to foreign exchange rate fluctuation due to our international operations.	

#### I. RISKS RELATED TO THE COMPANY'S INDUSTRY

Our profitability is tied to the strength of the residential real estate market, which is subject to a number of general business and macroeconomic conditions beyond our control.\*

Our profitability is closely related to the strength of the residential real estate market which is cyclical in nature and typically is affected by changes in national, state, and local economic conditions, which are beyond our control. Macroeconomic conditions that could adversely impact the growth of the real estate market and have a material adverse effect on our business include, but are not limited to, economic slowdown or recession, increased unemployment, increased energy costs, reductions in the availability of credit or higher interest rates, increased costs of obtaining mortgages, an increase in foreclosure activity, inflation, disruptions in capital markets, declines in the stock market, adverse tax policies or changes in other regulations, lower consumer confidence, lower wage and salary levels, war or terrorist attacks, natural disasters or adverse weather events, or the public perception that any of these events may occur. Unfavorable general economic conditions, such as a recession or economic slowdown, in the U.S., Canada, or other markets we enter and operate within, could negatively affect the affordability of, and consumer demand for, our services, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and profitability. In addition, international, federal and state governments, agencies, and government-sponsored entities such as Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and Ginnie Mae could take actions that result in unforeseen consequences to the real estate market or that otherwise could negatively impact our business.

# Monetary policies of the U.S. federal government and its agencies may have a material adverse impact on our operations.

The U.S. real estate market is substantially reliant on the monetary policies of the U.S. federal government and its agencies and is particularly affected by the policies of the Federal Reserve Board, which regulates the supply of money and credit in the U.S., which in turn impacts interest rates. Our business could be negatively impacted by any rising interest rate environment. As mortgage rates rise, the number of home sale transactions may decrease as potential home sellers choose to stay with their lower mortgage rate rather than sell their home and pay a higher mortgage rate with the purchase of another home. Similarly, in higher interest rate environments, potential home buyers may choose to rent rather than pay higher mortgage rates. Changes in the interest rate environment and mortgage market are beyond our control and are difficult to predict and, as such, could have a material adverse effect on our business and profitability.

### General changes in consumer attitudes and behaviors could negatively impact homesale transaction volume.

The real estate market is affected by changes in consumer attitudes and behaviors, including as a result of changing attitudes towards and behaviors related to home ownership. Certain real estate markets have or

may experience a decline in homeownership based on changing social behaviors, including as a result of declining marriage and birth rates. Because of these changing attitudes and behaviors, consumers may be more or less likely to prefer renting a home versus purchasing a home. In the event consumer attitudes and behaviors in any of our markets cause a declining interest in home purchasing, it may adversely impact the volume of home sale transactions closed by our brokers and agents and, as such, could have a material adverse effect on our business and profitability.

### Home inventory levels may result in excessive or insufficient supply, which could negatively impact home sale transaction growth.

Home inventory levels have been meaningfully declining or increasing in certain markets and price points in recent years. In both instances, homeowners are more likely to retain their homes for longer periods of time resulting in a negative impact on home sale volume growth. Insufficient home inventory levels can cause a reduction in housing affordability, which can result in potential home buyers deferring entry or reentry into the residential real estate market. Alternatively, excessive home inventory levels can contribute to a reduction in home values, which can result in some potential home sellers deferring entry into the residential real estate market. These inventory trends are caused by many pressures outside of our control, including slow or accelerated new housing construction, macroeconomic conditions, real estate industry models that purchase homes for long-term rental or corporate use, and other market conditions and behavioral trends discussed herein. During 2021, the U.S. generally experienced a decline in home inventory levels. Continuing constraints on home inventory levels may adversely impact the volume of home sale transactions closed by our brokers and agents and, as such, could have a material adverse effect on our business and profitability.

## Material decreases in the average brokerage commission rate, due to conditions beyond our control, could materially adversely affect our financial results.

There are many factors that contribute to average broker commission rates that are beyond our control. Factors that can contribute to a material decrease in brokerage commissions include regulation, a rise in discount brokers and agents, increased adoption of flat fees, commission models with more competitive rates, rebates or lower commission rates on transactions, as well as other competitive factors. The average broker commission rate for a real estate transaction is a key determinant of our profitability and a material decrease in brokerage commission rates could have a material adverse effect on our business and profitability.

### The COVID-19 pandemic may have a material adverse effect on our businesses, financial condition, and results of operations.

Since early 2020 and continuing, the COVID-19 pandemic and subsequent coronavirus variants and regional outbreaks have had a profound effect on the global economy and financial markets. In the U.S. and abroad, governments continue to react to this evolving public health crisis by, among other actions, recommending or requiring the avoidance of gatherings of people or significantly or entirely curtailing activities categorized as non-essential. This unprecedented situation has created considerable risks and uncertainties for the U.S. real estate services industry in general and for the Company in particular, including those arising from the potential adverse effects on the economy as well as risks related to employees, independent agents, and consumers. The extent of the impact of the pandemic on our business and financial results will depend largely on future developments, including the extent and duration of the spread of the outbreak, the public health risks posed by new and future variants, the extent of governmental regulation (including, but not limited to, mandated "shelter in place" or other regulations that, for example, preclude or strictly limit open houses or in-person showings of properties), the impact on capital and financial markets and the related impact on consumer confidence and spending, and the magnitude of the financial and operational consequences to our agents and brokers, all of which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

Our operating results are subject to seasonality and vary significantly among quarters during each calendar year, making meaningful comparisons of successive quarters difficult.

Seasons and weather traditionally impact the real estate industry. Continuous poor weather or natural disasters negatively impact listings and sales. Spring and summer seasons historically reflect greater sales periods in comparison to fall and winter seasons. We have historically experienced lower revenues during the fall and winter seasons, as well as during periods of unseasonable weather, which reduces our operating income, net income, operating margins and cash flow.

Real estate listings precede sales and a period of poor listings activity will negatively impact revenue. Past performance in similar seasons or during similar weather events can provide no assurance of future or current performance, and macroeconomic shifts in the markets we serve can conceal the impact of poor weather or seasonality.

Home sales in successive quarters can fluctuate widely due to a wide variety of factors, including holidays, national or international emergencies, the school year calendar's impact on timing of family relocations, interest rate changes, speculation of pending interest rate changes and the overall macroeconomic market. Our revenue and operating margins each quarter will remain subject to seasonal fluctuations, poor weather and natural disasters and macroeconomic market changes that may make it difficult to compare or analyze our financial performance effectively across successive quarters.

#### II. RISKS RELATED TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS AND OPERATIONS

We may be unable to maintain our agent growth rate, which would adversely affect our revenue growth and results of operations.\*

We have experienced rapid and accelerating growth in our real estate broker and agent base. During the year ended December 31, 2021, our agent and broker base grew to 71,137 agents and brokers, or by 72%, from 41,313 agents and brokers as of December 31, 2020. Because we derive revenue from real estate transactions in which our brokers and agents receive commissions, the amount and rate of growth of our revenue typically correlate to the amount and rate of growth of our agent and broker base, respectively. The rate of growth of our agent and broker base cannot be predicted and is subject to many factors outside of our control, including actions taken by our competitors and macroeconomic factors affecting the real estate industry in general. We cannot assure that we will be able to maintain our recent agent growth rate or that our agent and broker base will continue to expand in future periods. A slowdown in our agent growth rate would have a material adverse effect on revenue growth and could adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows.

Our value proposition for agents and brokers includes allowing them to participate in the revenues of our Company and is not typical in the real estate industry. If agents and brokers do not understand our value proposition, we may not be able to attract, retain, and incentivize agents.\*

Participation in our revenue sharing plan represents a key component of our agent and broker value proposition. Agents and brokers may not understand or appreciate its value due to the intricacies of our programs. In addition, agents may not appreciate other components of our value proposition, including the cloud office platform, the mobility it affords, the systems and tools that we provide to agents and brokers, and the professional development opportunities we create and deliver. If agents and brokers do not understand the elements of our agent value proposition, or do not perceive it to be more valuable than the models used by most competitors, we may not be able to attract, retain and incentivize new and existing agents and brokers to grow our revenues.

We have experienced net losses in recent years, and, because we have a limited operating history, our ability to fully and successfully develop our business is unknown.\*

We had a history of operating at losses since our inception in October 2009 until the fourth quarter of 2020 and have had consecutive periods of income since that time. Our ability to realize consistent, meaningful revenues and profit over a sustained period has not been established over the long term and cannot be assured in future periods.

While we believe that we have made significant progress in revenue growth and managing our overhead by implementing our cloud-based technology strategy, our services must achieve broad market acceptance by consumers, and we must continue to grow our geographical reach, attract more agents and brokers, and increase the volume of our residential real-estate transactions. If we are unsuccessful in continuing to gain market acceptance, we will not be able to generate sufficient revenue to continue our business operations and could recognize future operating and net losses.

Despite our ongoing efforts to build revenue growth, both organically and through acquisitions, and to control the anticipated expenses associated with the continued development, marketing and provision of our services, we may not be able to consistently generate significant net income and cash flows from operations in the future.

#### Our international operations are subject to risks not generally experienced by our U.S. operations.\*

In addition to operating in Canada, we expanded our business into Australia and the United Kingdom in 2019, and into South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal and France, during 2020 and into Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany in 2021. Our international operations are subject to risks not generally experienced by our U.S. operations. The risks involved in our international operations and relationships that could result in losses against which we are not insured and, therefore, affect our profitability include:

- fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates;
- exposure to local economic conditions and local laws and regulations;
- employment laws that are significantly different that U.S. laws;
- diminished ability to legally enforce our contractual rights and use of our trademarks in foreign countries:
- difficulties in registering, protecting or preserving trade names and trademarks in foreign countries;
- restrictions on the ability to obtain or retain licenses required for operations;
- withholding and other taxes on third party cross-border transactions as well as remittances and other payments by subsidiaries;
- onerous requirements, subject to broad interpretation, for indirect taxes and income taxes that can result in audits with potentially significant financial outcomes;
- changes in foreign taxation structures;
- compliance with the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, the U.K. Bribery Act, or similar laws of other countries:

- uncertainties and effects of the implementation of the United Kingdom's withdrawal of its membership from the European Union (referred to as Brexit), including financial, legal and tax implications;
- government and health organization restrictions within the international locations in which we
  operate in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, which can be significantly different than those
  imposed within U.S. jurisdictions; and
- regional and country specific data protection and privacy laws including the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR").

In addition, activities of agents and brokers outside of the U.S. are more difficult and more expensive to monitor, and improper activities or mismanagement may be more difficult to detect. Negligent or improper activities involving our agents and brokers may result in reputational damage to us and may lead to direct claims against us based on theories of vicarious liability, negligence, joint operations and joint employer liability which, if determined adversely, could increase costs, and subject us to incremental liability for their actions.

### Loss of our current executive officers or other key management could significantly harm our business.\*

We depend on the industry experience and talent of our current executives. We believe that our future results will depend in part upon our ability to retain and attract highly skilled and qualified management. The loss of our executive officers could have a material adverse effect on our operations because other officers may not have the experience and expertise to readily replace these individuals. To the extent that one or more of our top executives or other key management personnel depart from the Company, our operations and business prospects may be adversely affected. In addition, changes in executives and key personnel could be disruptive to our business.

#### We may be unable to effectively manage rapid growth in our business.

We may not be able to scale our business quickly enough to meet the growing needs of our affiliated real estate professionals and if we are not able to grow efficiently, our operating results could be harmed. As the Company adds new real estate professionals, it will need to devote additional financial and human resources to improving its internal systems, integrating with third-party systems, and maintaining infrastructure performance. In addition, we will need to appropriately scale our internal business systems and our services organization, including support of our affiliated real estate professionals as our workforce and agent network expand over time. Any failure of or delay in these efforts could cause impaired system performance and reduced real estate professional satisfaction. These issues could reduce the attractiveness of our Company to existing real estate professionals who might leave the Company, as well as resulting in decreased attraction of new real estate professionals. Even if we are able to upgrade our systems and expand our staff, such expansion may be expensive, complex, and place increasing demands on our management. We could also face inefficiencies or operational failures as a result of our efforts to scale our infrastructure, and we may not be successful in maintaining adequate financial and operating systems and controls as we expand. Moreover, there are inherent risks associated with upgrading, improving, and expanding our IT systems. We cannot be sure that the expansion and improvements to our infrastructure and systems will be fully or effectively implemented on a timely basis, if at all. These efforts may reduce revenue and our margins and adversely impact our financial results.

### If we fail to grow in the various local markets that we serve or are unsuccessful in identifying and pursuing new business opportunities our long-term prospects and profitability will be harmed.

To capture and retain market share in the various local markets that we serve, we must compete successfully against other brokerages for agents and brokers and for the consumer relationships that they bring. Our competitors could lower the fees that they charge to agents and brokers or could raise the

compensation structure for those agents. Our competitors may have access to greater financial resources than us, allowing them to undertake expensive local advertising or marketing efforts. In addition, our competitors may be able to leverage local relationships, referral sources, and strong local brand and name recognition that we have not established. Our competitors could, as a result, have greater leverage in attracting new and established agents in the market and in generating business among local consumers. Our ability to grow in the local markets that we serve will depend on our ability to compete with these local brokerages.

We may implement changes to our business model and operations to improve revenues that cause a disproportionate increase in our expenses or reduce profit margins. For example, we may allocate resources to acquiring lower margin brokerage models and have invested in the development of a mortgage servicing division, a commercial real estate division, a title and escrow company, a mortgage lending company, a personal development company and a continuing education division. Expanding our service offerings could involve significant up-front costs that may only be recovered after lengthy periods of time. The barrier to entry in new real estate markets is low given our cloud-based operating model; however, attempts to pursue new business opportunities could result in a disproportionate increase in our expenses and in reduced profit margins. In addition, expansion into new markets and business lines, including internationally, could expose us to additional compliance obligations and regulatory risks. If we fail to continue to grow in the local markets we serve or if we fail to successfully identify and pursue new business opportunities, our long-term prospects, financial condition, and results of operations may be harmed, and our stock price may decline.

#### We may be unable to attract and retain additional qualified personnel.

To execute our business strategy, we must attract and retain highly qualified personnel. In particular, we compete with many other real estate brokerages for qualified brokers who manage our operations in each state. We must also compete with technology companies for developers with high levels of experience in designing, developing and managing cloud-based software, as well as for skilled service and operations professionals, and we may not be successful in attracting and retaining the professionals we need. Additionally, in order to realize the potential benefits of acquisitions, we may need to retain employees from the acquired businesses or hire additional personnel to fully capitalize on the opportunities that such acquisitions may offer, and we may not be successful in retaining or attracting such individuals following an acquisition. From time to time in the past we have experienced, and we expect to continue to experience in the future, difficulty in hiring and retaining highly skilled employees with appropriate qualifications. Many of the companies with which we compete for experienced personnel have greater resources than we do. In addition, in making employment decisions, particularly in the software industry, job candidates often consider the value of the stock options or other equity incentives they are to receive in connection with their employment. If the price of our stock declines or continues to experience significant volatility, our ability to attract or retain key employees may be adversely affected. If we fail to attract new personnel or fail to retain and motivate our current personnel, our growth prospects could be severely harmed.

### We may not be able to utilize a portion of our net operating loss or research tax credit carryforwards, which may adversely affect our profitability.

As of December 31, 2021, we had federal, state and foreign net operating losses carryforward due to prior years' losses. The pre-fiscal 2018 federal, some state and foreign net operating losses will carry forward for a limited numbers of years. The Federal, as well as some state and foreign net operating losses generated in and after fiscal 2018 do not expire and can be carried forward indefinitely. We also have recorded federal research tax credits for the years 2019, 2020 and 2021 which will carry forward for 20 years and is expected to be fully utilized before expiration. A nominal portion of our net operating loss may expire unused and be unavailable to reduce future income tax liabilities, which may adversely affect our profitability.

In addition, under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, our ability to utilize net operating loss carryforwards or other tax attributes, in any taxable year, may be limited if we experience an "ownership change." A Section 382 "ownership change" generally occurs if one or more stockholders or

groups of stockholders who own at least 5% of our stock increase their ownership by more than 50 percentage points over their lowest ownership percentage within a rolling three-year period. Similar rules may apply under state tax laws. It is possible that an ownership change, or any future ownership change, could have a material effect on the use of our net operating loss carryforwards or other tax attributes, which could adversely affect our profitability.

### We could be subject to changes in tax laws and regulations that may have a material adverse effect in our business.

We operate and are subject to taxes in the United States and numerous other jurisdictions throughout the world. Changes to federal, state, local, or international tax laws on income, sales, use, indirect, or other tax laws, statutes, rules or regulations may adversely affect our effective tax rate, operating results or cash flows.

Our effective tax rate could increase due to several factors, including: changes in the relative amounts of income before taxes in the various jurisdictions in which we operate that have differing statutory tax rates; changes in tax laws, tax treaties, and regulations or the interpretation of them, including the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the "Tax Act"); changes to our assessment about our ability to realize our deferred tax assets that are based on estimates of our future results, the prudence and feasibility of possible tax planning strategies, and the economic and political environments in which we do business; the outcome of current and future tax audits, examinations or administrative appeals; and limitations or adverse findings regarding our ability to do business in some jurisdictions.

In particular, new income, sales and use or other tax laws or regulations could be enacted at any time, which could adversely affect our business operations and financial performance. Further, existing tax laws and, regulations could be interpreted, modified or applied adversely to us. For example, the Tax Act enacted many significant changes to the U.S. tax laws. Future guidance from the Internal Revenue Service and other tax authorities with respect to the Tax Act may affect us, and certain aspects of the Tax Act could be repealed or modified in future legislation. In addition, it is uncertain if and to what extent various states will conform to the Tax Act or any newly enacted federal tax legislation. Changes in corporate tax rates, the realization of net operating losses, and other deferred tax assets relating to our operations, the taxation of foreign earnings, and the deductibility of expenses under the Tax Act or future reform legislation could have a material impact on the value of our deferred tax assets and could increase our future U.S. tax expense.

# The utilization of a 3D cloud-based immersive office as a suitable substitute for a physical brick and mortar location is a new and unproven strategy and we cannot guarantee that we will be able to operate and grow within its confines.

Currently, our cloud office adequately supports the needs of our agent population located across the markets we serve. We cannot guarantee that our cloud office platform will continue to support our agent population and meet our business needs as we grow. The effectiveness of our cloud office platform is tied to a number of variables at any given time, including server capacity and concurrent users. In addition, the use of the cloud office platform and the use generally of 3D immersive office environments as an acceptable substitute among agents and brokers for physical office locations is unproven. We cannot guarantee that industry rank and file will adopt or accept cloud-based 3D office environments as a substitute for a physical office environment in a sustainable, long-term manner.

# SUCCESS Lending is in a nascent state and is an unproven business model with regulatory, compliance, consumer trends and macroeconomic risks, many of which are beyond our control.

The SUCCESS Lending business has a limited operating history and has encountered and will continue to encounter risks, uncertainties, difficulties, and expenses, including, without limitation, ongoing compliance with a complex and evolving regulatory environment, increasing its number of clients and loans, obtaining additional funding and service relationships on favorable terms as the company scales, and navigating an evolving macroeconomic landscape. If we are not able to timely and effectively respond to these requirements, or if risks arise outside our reasonable ability to respond effectively, our business may be

harmed. Generally, the residential mortgage lending market involves a high degree of business and financial risk, which can result in substantial losses that could adversely affect our financial condition.

Additionally, SUCCESS Lending relies on third-party sources, including credit bureaus, for credit, identification, employment and other relevant information in order to review and select qualified borrowers. If this information becomes unavailable, becomes more expensive to access or is incorrect, our business may be harmed.

We are actively, and intend to continue, developing new products and services complementary to our brokerage business, and our failure to accurately predict their demand or growth could have an adverse effect on our business.

We are actively, and intend in the future to continue, investing resources in developing new technology, services, products and other offerings complementary to our brokerage business. New business initiatives are inherently risky and may involve unproven business strategies and markets with which we have limited or no prior development or operating experience. Risks from these new initiatives include those associated with potential defects in the design, ongoing development and maintenance of technologies, reliance on data or user inputs that may prove inadequate or unavailable, failure to design products and services in a way that is more effective or affordable than competing third party products and services, and failure to scale businesses as they grow, among others. As a result of these risks, we could experience increased legal claims, reputational damage, financial loss or other adverse effects, which could be material. We can provide no assurance that we will be able to efficiently or effectively develop, commercialize and achieve market acceptance of new products and services. Additionally, the human and financial capital committed to develop new products and services may either be insufficient or result in expenses that exceed the revenue actually originated from these new products and services. In addition, our efforts to develop new products and services could distract management from current operations and could divert capital and other resources from our existing business, including our brokerage business. Failure to achieve the expected benefits of our investments may occur and could harm our business.

Our subsidiary, SUCCESS Franchising, LLC, is in a nascent state, involves new regulatory compliance and may be unprofitable.

Our SUCCESS Franchising business is developing a cowork franchise business that provides professional cowork spaces and affiliate and media services. It has a limited operating history and faces challenges, including an evolving business model, competition from the existing cowork business models, and a complex and evolving regulatory environment. These risks could challenge our business model, or otherwise harm our business.

We intend to evaluate acquisitions, mergers, joint ventures or investments in third-party technologies and businesses, but we may not realize the anticipated benefits from, and may have to pay substantial costs related to, any acquisitions, mergers, joint ventures, or investments that we undertake.

As part of our business and growth strategy, we evaluate acquisitions of, or investments in, a wide array of potential strategic opportunities, including third-party technologies and businesses, as well as other real estate brokerages. If we are not able to effectively integrate acquired businesses and assets or successfully execute on joint venture strategies, our operating results and prospects could be harmed. Since 2019, we have acquired new technology and operations and entered into joint venture arrangements. We will continue to look for opportunities to acquire technologies or operations that we believe will contribute to our growth and development, including our July 2020 acquisition of Showcase Web Sites, L.L.C., December 2020 acquisition of SUCCESS Enterprises LLC, and July 2021 launch of the SUCCESS Lending joint venture. The success of our future acquisition strategy will depend on our ability to identify, negotiate, complete, and integrate acquisitions. The success of our future joint venture strategies will depend on our ability to identify, negotiate, complete, and successfully manage and grow joint ventures with other parties. In addition, acquisitions and joint ventures could cause potentially dilutive issuances of equity securities or incurrence of debt.

Acquisitions and joint ventures are inherently risky, and any we complete may not be successful. Any acquisitions and joint ventures we pursue would involve numerous risks, including the following:

- difficulties in integrating and managing the operations and technologies of the companies we acquire, including higher than expected integration costs and longer integration periods;
- diversion of our management's attention from normal daily operations of our business;
- our inability to maintain the customers, key employees, key business relationships and reputations
  of the businesses we acquire;
- our inability to generate sufficient revenue or business efficiencies from acquisitions or joint ventures to offset our increased expenses associated with acquisitions or joint ventures;
- our responsibility for the liabilities of the businesses we acquire or gain ownership in through joint ventures, including, without limitation, liabilities arising out of their failure to maintain effective data security, data integrity, disaster recovery and privacy controls prior to the acquisition, their infringement or alleged infringement of third party intellectual property, contract or data access rights prior to the acquisition, or failure to comply with regulatory standards applicable to new business lines;
- difficulties in complying with new markets or regulatory standards to which we were not previously subject;
- delays in our ability to implement internal standards, controls, procedures and policies in the businesses we acquire or gain ownership in through joint ventures and increased risk that our internal controls will be ineffective;
- operations in a nascent state depend directly on utilization by eXp Realty agents and brokers and new and existing customers;
- adverse effects of acquisition and joint venture activity on the key performance indicators we use to monitor our performance as a business; and
- inability to fully realize intangible assets recognized through acquisitions or joint ventures and related non-cash impairment charges that may result if we are required to revalue such intangible assets.

Our failure to address these risks or any other challenges we encounter with our future acquisitions, joint ventures, and investments could cause us to not realize all or any of the anticipated benefits of such acquisitions, mergers, joint ventures or investments, incur unanticipated liabilities, and harm our business, which could negatively impact our operating results, financial condition, and cash flows.

#### Failure to protect intellectual property rights could adversely affect our business.

Our intellectual property rights, including existing and future trademarks, trade secrets, patents and copyrights, are important assets of the business. We have taken measures to protect our intellectual property, but these measures may not be sufficient or effective. We may bring lawsuits to protect against the potential infringement of our intellectual property rights and other companies, including our competitors, could make claims against us alleging our infringement of their intellectual property rights. There can be no assurance that we would prevail in such lawsuits. Any significant impairment of our intellectual property rights could harm our business.

We have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting in the past and have remediated the previously identified material weaknesses in 2020. If our remedial

### measures in future years are unsuccessful or inadequate, our financial statements could include material misstatements.

During its evaluation of the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2019, management identified material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting. During 2020, we identified and implemented remedial measures to address the control deficiencies that led to the material weaknesses and our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2020 and 2021. However, there can be no assurance that remedial measures will prevent other control deficiencies or material weaknesses, and we may identify additional material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting in the future. If we identify additional material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting in the future, our ability to analyze, record and report financial information free of material misstatements, and to prepare our financial statements within the time periods specified by the rules and forms of the SEC may be adversely affected. The occurrence of, or failure to remediate, any further material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting may result in material misstatements, as well as negatively impact the reliability of our financial statements, our reputation, our business, and the trading price of our common stock, potentially leading to the suspension of trading on or delisting of our common stock from the NASDAQ stock exchange.

#### III. RISKS RELATED TO THE COMPANY'S TECHNOLOGY

If we do not remain an innovative leader in the real estate industry, we may not be able to grow our business and leverage our costs to achieve profitability.\*

Innovation has been critical to our ability to compete against other brokerages for clients and agents. For example, we have pioneered the utilization of a 3D immersive online office environment in the real estate market which reduces our need for office space and facilitates the transaction of business away from an office. If competitors follow our practices or develop innovative practices, our ability to achieve profitability may diminish or erode. For example, certain other brokerages could develop or license cloud-based office platforms that are equal to or superior to ours. If we do not remain on the forefront of innovation, we may not be able to achieve or sustain profitability.

The market for Internet products and services including, without limitation, 3D immersive experiences, virtual reality and augmented reality is characterized by rapid technological developments, evolving industry standards and consumer demands, and frequent new product introductions and enhancements. The Company's future success will depend in significant part on its ability to continually improve the performance, features and reliability of its Internet-based virtual environment, its tools and other properties in response to both evolving demands of the marketplace and competitive product offerings, and there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in doing so. In addition, the widespread adoption of new virtual reality and augmented reality applications through new technology developments could require fundamental changes in the Company's services.

# Cybersecurity incidents could disrupt our business operations, result in the loss of critical and confidential information, adversely impact our reputation and harm our business.\*

Cybersecurity threats and incidents directed at us could range from uncoordinated individual attempts to gain unauthorized access to IT systems to sophisticated and targeted measures aimed at disrupting business or gathering personal data of customers. In the ordinary course of our business, we and our agents and brokers collect and store sensitive data, including proprietary business information and personal information about our clients and customers. Our business, and particularly our cloud-based platform, is reliant on the uninterrupted functioning of our IT systems. The secure processing, maintenance, and transmission of information are critical to our operations, especially the processing and closing of real estate transactions. Although we employ measures designed to prevent, detect, address, and mitigate these threats (including access controls, data encryption, vulnerability assessments, and maintenance of backup and protective systems), cybersecurity incidents, depending on their nature and scope, could potentially

result in the misappropriation, destruction, corruption, or unavailability of critical data and confidential or proprietary information (our own or that of third parties, including potentially sensitive personally information of our clients and customers) and the disruption of business operations. Any such compromises to our security could cause harm to our reputation, which could cause customers to lose trust and confidence in us, or could cause agents and brokers to stop working for us. In addition, we may incur significant costs for remediation that may include liability for stolen assets or information, repair of system damage, and compensation to clients, customers and business partners. We may also be subject to legal claims, government investigation, and additional state and federal statutory requirements.

The potential consequences of a material cybersecurity incident include regulatory violations of applicable U.S. and foreign privacy and other laws, reputational damage, loss of market value, litigation with third parties (which could result in our exposure to material civil or criminal liability), diminution in the value of the services we provide to our customers, and increased cybersecurity protection and remediation costs (that may include liability for stolen assets or information), which in turn could have a material adverse effect on our competitiveness and results of operations.

# Our business could be adversely affected if we are unable to expand, maintain and improve the systems and technologies which we rely on to operate.\*

As the number of agents and brokers in our company grows, our success will depend on our ability to expand, maintain and improve the technology that supports our business operations, including, but not limited to, our cloud office platform. Loss of key personnel or the lack of adequate staffing with the requisite expertise and training could impede our efforts in this regard. If our systems and technologies lack capacity or quality sufficient to service agents and their clients, then the number of agents who wish to use our products could decrease, the level of client service and transaction volume afforded by our systems could suffer, and our costs could increase. In addition, if our systems, procedures or controls are not adequate to provide reliable, accurate and timely financial and other reporting, we may not be able to satisfy regulatory scrutiny or contractual obligations with third parties and may suffer a loss of reputation. Any of these events could negatively affect our financial position.

### Our business, financial condition and reputation may be substantially harmed by security breaches, interruptions, delays and failures in our systems and operations.

The performance and reliability of our systems and operations are critical to our reputation and ability to attract agents, teams of agents and brokers into our company as well as our ability to service home buyers and sellers. Our systems and operations are vulnerable to security breaches, interruption or malfunction due to events beyond our control, including natural disasters, such as earthquakes, fire and flood, power loss, telecommunication failures, break-ins, sabotage, computer viruses, intentional acts of vandalism and similar events. In addition, we rely on third party vendors to provide the cloud office platform and to provide additional systems and related support. If we cannot continue to retain these services on acceptable terms, our access to these systems and services could be interrupted. Any security breach, interruption, delay or failure in our systems and operations could substantially reduce the transaction volume that can be processed with our systems, impair quality of service, increase costs, prompt litigation and other consumer claims, and damage our reputation, any of which could substantially harm our financial condition.

#### IV. RISKS RELATED TO LEGAL AND REGULATORY MATTERS

We offer our independent agents the opportunity to earn additional commissions through our revenue sharing plan, which pays under a multi-tiered compensation structure similar in some respects to network marketing. Network marketing is subject to intense government scrutiny, and regulation and changes in the law, or the interpretation and enforcement of the law, might adversely affect our business.\*

Various laws and regulations in the United States and other countries regulate network marketing. These laws and regulations exist at many levels of government in many different forms, including statutes, rules, regulations, judicial decisions, and administrative orders. Network marketing regulations are inherently fact-based and often do not include "bright line" rules. Additionally, we are subject to the risk that the regulations, or a regulator's interpretation and enforcement of the regulations, could change. From time to time, we have received requests to supply information regarding our revenue sharing plan to regulatory agencies. We could potentially in the future be required to modify our revenue sharing plan in certain jurisdictions in order to comply with the interpretation of the regulations by local authorities.

In the United States, the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") has entered into several highly publicized settlements with network marketing companies that required those companies to modify their compensation plans and business models. Those settlements resulted from actions brought by the FTC involving a variety of alleged violations of consumer protection laws, including misleading earnings representations by the companies' independent distributors, as well as the legal validity of the companies' business model and distributor compensation plans. FTC determinations such as these have created an ambiguity regarding the proper interpretation of the law and regulations applicable to network marketing companies in the U.S. Although a consent decree between the FTC and a specific company does not represent judicial precedent, FTC officials have indicated that the network marketing industry should look to these consent decrees, and the principles contained therein, for guidance. Additionally, following the issuance of these consent decrees, the FTC issued non-binding guidance to the network marketing industry, suggesting it was intending to reinforce the principles contained in the consent decrees and provide other operational guidance to the network marketing industry.

While we strive to ensure that our overall business model, and revenue sharing plan, are regulatory compliant in each of our markets, we cannot assure you that a regulator, if it were to review our business, would agree with our assessment and would not require us to change one or more aspects of our operations. Any action against us in the future by the FTC or another regulator could materially and adversely affect our operations.

We cannot predict the nature of any future law, regulation, or guidance, nor can we predict what effect additional governmental regulations, judicial decisions, or administrative orders, when and if promulgated, would have on our business. Failure by us, or our independent agents, to comply with these laws, could adversely affect our business.

We face significant risk to our brand and revenue if we fail to maintain compliance with the law and regulations of federal, state, county and foreign governmental authorities, or private associations and governing boards.\*

We operate in a heavily regulated industry subject to complex, federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulations within the markets in which we operate and third-party organizations' regulations, policies and bylaws governing the real estate business.

In general, the laws, rules and regulations that apply to our business practices include, without limitation, the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act ("RESPA"), the federal Fair Housing Act, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act"), the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and federal advertising and other laws, as well as comparable state statutes; rules of trade organizations such as National Association of Realtors, local Multiple Listing Services, and state and local Associations of Realtors; licensing requirements and related obligations that could arise from our business practices relating to the provision of services other than real estate brokerage services, including without limitation, our mortgage lending services; privacy regulations relating to our use of personal information collected from the registered users of our websites; laws relating to the use and publication of information through the Internet; and state real estate brokerage and mortgage lending licensing requirements, as well as statutory due diligence, disclosure, record keeping and standard-of-care obligations relating to these licenses.

Additionally, the Dodd-Frank Act contains the Mortgage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act ("Mortgage Act"), which imposes a number of additional requirements on lenders and servicers of residential mortgage loans, by amending certain existing provisions and adding new sections to RESPA and other federal laws. It also broadly prohibits unfair, deceptive or abusive acts or practices, and knowingly or recklessly providing substantial assistance to a covered person in violation of that prohibition. The penalties for noncompliance with these laws are also significantly increased by the Mortgage Act, which could lead to an increase in lawsuits against mortgage lenders and servicers.

As we expand our business into new international markets, including the United Kingdom, Australia, South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal, France, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany, we are subject to additional foreign governmental regulation. Ensuring compliance with these newly applicable laws could substantially increase our operating expenses. In addition, entry into these new markets exposes us to increased risk and liability. For example, the GDPR confers significant privacy rights on individuals (including employees and independent agents), and materially increased penalties for violations. A violation of any of these applicable laws could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Maintaining legal compliance is challenging and increases our costs due to resources required to continually monitor business practices for compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations, and to monitor changes in the applicable laws themselves.

We may not become aware of all the laws, rules and regulations that govern our business, or be able to comply with all of them, given the rate of regulatory changes, ambiguities in regulations, contradictions in regulations between jurisdictions, and the difficulties in achieving both company-wide and region-specific knowledge and compliance.

If we fail, or we have alleged to have failed, to comply with any existing or future applicable laws, rules and regulations, we could be subject to lawsuits and administrative complaints and proceedings, as well as criminal proceedings. Our noncompliance could result in significant defense costs, settlement costs, damages and penalties.

Our business licenses could be suspended or revoked, our business practices enjoined, or we could be required to modify our business practices, which could materially impair, or even prevent, our ability to conduct all or any portion of our business. Any such events could also damage our reputation and impair our ability to attract and service home buyers, home sellers, agents, clients, and customers as well our ability to attract brokerages, brokers, teams of agents and agents to our company, without increasing our costs.

Further, if we lose our ability to obtain and maintain all of the regulatory approvals and licenses necessary to conduct business as we currently operate, our ability to conduct business may be harmed. Lastly, any lobbying or related activities we undertake in response to mitigate liability of current or new regulations could substantially increase our operating expenses.

If we fail to protect the privacy and personal information of our customers, agents or employees, we may be subject to legal claims, government action and damage to our reputation.

Hundreds of thousands of consumers, independent contractors, and employees have shared personal information with us during the normal course of our business processing real estate transactions. This includes, but is not limited to, social security numbers, annual income amounts and sources, consumer names, addresses, telephone and cell phone numbers, and email addresses. To run our business, it is essential for us to store and transmit this sensitive information in our systems and networks. At the same time, we are subject to numerous laws, regulations, and other requirements that require businesses like ours to protect the security of personal information, notify customers and other individuals about our privacy practices, and limit the use, disclosure, or transfer of personal data across country borders. Regulators in the U.S. and abroad continue to enact comprehensive new laws or legislative reforms imposing significant privacy and cybersecurity restrictions. The result is that we are subject to increased regulatory scrutiny,

additional contractual requirements from corporate customers, and heightened compliance costs. These ongoing changes to privacy and cybersecurity laws also may make it more difficult for us to operate our business and may have a material adverse effect on our operations. For example, the European Union's GDPR conferred new and significant privacy rights on individuals (including employees and independent agents), and materially increased penalties for violations. In the U.S., California enacted the California Consumer Privacy Act—which went into full effect in 2021—imposing new and comprehensive requirements on organizations that collect and disclose personal information about California residents. In March 2017, the New York Department of Financial Services' cybersecurity regulation went into effect, requiring regulated financial institutions to establish a detailed cybersecurity program. Program requirements include corporate governance, incident planning, data management, system testing, vendor oversight, and regulator notification rules. Now, other state regulatory agencies are expected to enact similar requirements following the adoption of the Insurance Data Security Model Law by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners that is consistent with the New York regulation.

Any significant violations of privacy and cybersecurity could result in the loss of new or existing business, litigation, regulatory investigations, the payment of fines, damages, and penalties and damage to our reputation, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

We could also be adversely affected if legislation or regulations are expanded to require changes in our business practices or if governing jurisdictions interpret or implement their legislation or regulations in ways that negatively affect our business, results of operations or financial condition.

In addition, while we disclose our information collection and dissemination practices in a published privacy statement on our websites, which we may modify from time to time, we may be subject to legal claims, government action and damage to our reputation if we act or are perceived to be acting inconsistently with the terms of our privacy statement, customer expectations or state, national and international regulations. Our policy and safeguards could be deemed insufficient if third parties with whom we have shared personal information fail to protect the privacy of that information.

The occurrence of a significant claim in excess of our insurance coverage or which is not covered by our insurance in any given period could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations during the period. In the event we or the vendors with which we contract to provide services on behalf of our customers were to suffer a breach of personal information, our customers and independent agents could terminate their business with us. Further, we may be subject to claims to the extent individual employees or independent contractors breach or fail to adhere to Company policies and practices and such actions jeopardize any personal information. Our legal liability could include significant defense costs, settlement costs, damages and penalties, plus, damage our reputation with consumers, which could significantly damage our ability to attract customers. Any or all of these consequences would result in a meaningful unfavorable impact on our brand, business model, revenue, expenses, income and margins.

In addition, concern among potential home buyers or sellers about our privacy practices could result in regulatory investigations, especially in the European Union as related to the GDPR. Additionally, concern among potential home buyers or sellers could keep them from using our services or require us to incur significant expense to alter our business practices or educate them about how we use personal information.

We may suffer significant financial harm and loss of reputation if we do not comply, cannot comply, or are alleged to have not complied with applicable laws, rules and regulations concerning our classification and compensation practices for the agents in our owned-and-operated brokerage.

Except for our employed state brokers and commission only employees, all real estate professionals in our brokerage operations have been retained as independent contractors, either directly or indirectly through third-party entities formed by these independent contractors for their business purposes. With respect to these independent contractors, like most brokerage firms, we are subject to the taxing authorities' regulations and applicable laws regarding independent contractor classification. These regulations and guidelines are subject to judicial and agency interpretation, and it might be determined that the independent

contractor classification is inapplicable to any of our affiliated real estate professionals. Further, if legal standards for classification of real estate professionals as independent contractors change or appear to be changing, it may be necessary to modify our compensation and benefits structure for our affiliated real estate professionals in some or all of our markets, including by paying additional compensation or reimbursing expenses.

In the future we could incur substantial costs, penalties and damages, including back pay, unpaid benefits, taxes, expense reimbursement and attorneys' fees, in defending future challenges by our affiliated real estate professionals to our employment classification or compensation practices.

# We are subject to certain risks related to legal proceedings filed by or against us, and adverse results may harm our business and financial condition.

We are subject to risk of, and are from time to time involved in, or may in the future be subject to, claims, suits, government investigations, and proceedings arising from our business, including actions with respect to securities, intellectual property, privacy, information security, data protection or law enforcement matters, tax matters, labor and employment, including claims challenging the classification of our agents and brokers as independent contractors and compliance with wage and hour regulations, and claims alleging violations of RESPA or state consumer fraud statutes, and commercial arrangements. We are also subject to risk related to shareholder derivative actions, standard brokerage disputes like the failure to disclose hidden defects in a property such as mold, vicarious liability based upon conduct of individuals or entities outside of our control, including our agents, brokers, third-party service or product providers, and purported class action lawsuits.

We cannot predict with certainty the cost of defense, the cost of prosecution, insurance coverage or the ultimate outcome of litigation and other proceedings filed by or against us, including remedies or damage awards. Adverse results in such litigation and other proceedings may harm our business and financial condition. Class action lawsuits can often be particularly burdensome given the breadth of claims, large potential damages and significant costs of defense. In the case of intellectual property litigation and proceedings, adverse outcomes could include the cancellation, invalidation or other loss of material intellectual property rights used in our business and injunctions prohibiting our use of business processes or technology that is subject to third party patents or other third party intellectual property rights. In addition, we may be required to enter into licensing agreements (if available on acceptable terms) and be required to pay royalties. In the case of securities litigation and proceedings, adverse outcomes could include the cancellation, invalidation, or modification of our existing equity incentive program.

From time to time, we may become involved in lawsuits and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. At present, as specified in Part II, Section B.7.3 of this Supplement, we are not involved in any material pending legal proceedings, and there are no proceedings in which any of our directors, officers or affiliates is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to our interest.

# We are and may, in the future, be blocked from or limited in providing our agent compensation plans in certain jurisdictions, and may be required to modify our business model in those jurisdictions as a result.

Our agent compensation plans represent a key lever in our strategy to attract and retain independent agents and brokers and are subject to various international, federal, state, territorial, and local laws, rules and regulations which differ in each of our existing and future markets. As a result, we are and may, in the future, be blocked from or limited in providing each of our agent compensation plans in certain markets. In addition, these laws, rules and regulations are subject to judicial and agency interpretation, and it might be determined that our agent compensation plans are not permitted to be offered to independent contractors. In response to such limitations, we have and may, in the future, be required to modify our agent compensation practices in such markets. Failure to comply with applicable law, rules and regulations or failure to subsequently modify our business model in certain jurisdictions to effectively attract and retain agents and brokers negatively could negatively affect our business, results of operations or financial

condition. The costs attributable to developing compliant agent compensation plans can be significant and could adversely affect our financial condition.

#### V. RISKS RELATED TO THE COMPANY'S STOCK

Glenn Sanford, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, together with Penny Sanford, a significant shareholder, Jason Gesing, a director and the Chief Executive Officer of eXp Realty, and Gene Frederick, a director, own a significant percentage of our stock and have agreed to act as a group on any matter submitted to a vote of our stockholders. As a result, the trading price for our shares may be depressed, and they can take actions that may be adverse to the interests of our other stockholders.\*

On January 25, 2022, Glenn Sanford, Penny Sanford, Jason Gesing, and Gene Frederick filed an amended Schedule 13D with the SEC, which disclosed that they beneficially owned approximately 54.2% of our outstanding Shares as of December 31, 2021, and that they had agreed to vote their shares as a group with respect to the election of directors and any other matter on which our shares of common stock are entitled to vote. This significant concentration of share ownership may adversely affect the trading price for our common stock because investors may perceive disadvantages in owning stock in a company with a controlling stockholder group. The group can significantly influence all matters requiring approval by our stockholders, including the election and removal of directors and any proposed merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of our assets. In addition, due to his significant ownership stake and his service as our Principal Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board, Mr. Sanford controls the management of our business and affairs. Together, Messrs. Sanford, Gesing, and Frederick hold three of our seven board seats. This concentration of ownership and control could have the effect of delaying, deferring, or preventing a change in control, or impeding a merger or consolidation, takeover or other business combination that could be favorable to our other stockholders. Please also refer to Part II, Section B. 11.2 of this Supplement.

We are a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ rules, and, as a result, we qualify for, and intend to rely on, exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements.\*

As of December 31, 2021, Glenn Sanford, Penny Sanford, Jason Gesing, and Gene Frederick beneficially owned approximately 54.2% of the total combined voting power of our outstanding Shares. Accordingly, we qualify as a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ corporate governance standards.

Under NASDAQ rules, a company of which more than 50% of the voting power is held by an individual, group, or another company is a "controlled company" and may elect not to comply with certain NASDAQ corporate governance standards, including:

- the requirement that a majority of the members of the Board be independent directors;
- the requirement that our nominating and corporate governance committee be composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committee's purpose and responsibilities;
- the requirement that we have a compensation committee that is composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter for addressing the committee's purpose and responsibilities; and
- the requirement for an annual performance evaluation of the nominating and corporate governance and compensation committees.

We intend to use these exemptions. As a result, we will not have a majority of independent directors, our compensation and our nominating and corporate governance committees will not consist entirely of independent directors, and such committees may not be subject to annual performance evaluations. Consequently, our stockholders will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies

that are subject to all of the NASDAQ corporate governance rules and requirements. Our status as a controlled company could make our common stock less attractive to some investors or otherwise harm our stock price.

#### Because we can issue additional Shares, our stockholders may experience dilution in the future.\*

We are authorized to issue up to 900,000,000 Shares, of which 155,516,284 Shares were issued, and 148,764,592 Shares were outstanding as of December 31, 2021. The Board has the authority to cause us to issue additional Shares without consent of any of our stockholders. Consequently, current stockholders may experience more dilution in their ownership of the Shares in the future.

## The stock price of the Shares has been and likely will continue to be volatile and may decline in value regardless of our performance.

The market price for the Shares could fluctuate significantly for various reasons, many of which are outside our control, including those described above and the following:

- our operating and financial performance and prospects;
- future sales of substantial amounts of the Shares in the public market, including but not limited to shares we may issue as consideration for acquisitions or investments;
- · housing and mortgage finance markets;
- our quarterly or annual earnings or those of other companies in our industry;
- the public's reaction to our press releases, other public announcements and filings with the SEC;
- changes in recommendations or analysis of our prospects by securities analysts who track the Shares;
- market and industry perception of our success, or lack thereof, in pursuing our growth strategy;
- strategic actions by us or our competitors, such as acquisitions or restructurings;
- actual or potential changes in laws, regulations and regulatory interpretations;
- changes in interest rates;
- changes in demographics relating to housing such as household formation or other consumer preferences toward home ownership;
- changes in accounting standards, policies, guidance, interpretations or principles;
- arrival and departure of key personnel;
- adverse resolution of new or pending litigation or regulatory proceedings against us;
- government and health organization restrictions within the domestic and international locations in which we operate in response to the COVID-19 pandemic; and
- changes in general market, economic and political conditions in the United States and global economies.

In addition, the stock markets have experienced periods of high price and volume fluctuations that have affected and continue to affect the market prices of the equity securities of many companies, including technology companies and real estate brokerages. Such price fluctuations can be unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of those companies. In the past, stockholders have instituted securities class action litigation following periods of market volatility. If we were to become involved in securities litigation, it could subject us to substantial costs, divert resources and the attention of management from our business, and harm our business.

# Because we may not pay any cash dividends on the Shares in the near future, our stockholders may not be able to receive a return on their shares unless they sell them.

On August 4, 2021, the Board declared and subsequently paid its first cash dividend. The Company then declared and paid a subsequent dividend during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. There is no assurance that future dividends will be paid, and if dividends are paid, there is no assurance with respect to the amount of any such dividend. The declaration, payment and amount of any future dividends will be made at the discretion of the Board, and will depend upon, among other things, the results of operations, cash flows and financial condition, operating and capital requirements, and other factors as the Board considers relevant. Unless we pay dividends, our stockholders will not be able to receive a return on their Shares unless they sell them.

# Delaware law and our organizational documents may impede or discourage a takeover, which could deprive our investors of the opportunity to receive a premium for their Shares.

We are a Delaware corporation, and the anti-takeover provisions of Delaware law impose various impediments to the ability of a third party to acquire control of us, even if a change of control would be beneficial to our existing stockholders. In addition, provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation (as amended, the "Certificate") and amended and restated bylaws (as amended, the Bylaws") may make it more difficult for, or prevent a third party from, acquiring control of us without the approval of the Board. Among other things, these provisions:

- do not permit cumulative voting in the election of directors, which would otherwise allow less than a majority of stockholders to elect director candidates;
- delegate the sole power to a majority of the Board to fix the number of directors;
- provide the power to the Board to fill any vacancy on the Board, whether such vacancy occurs as a result of an increase in the number of directors or otherwise;
- eliminate the ability of stockholders to call special meetings of stockholders; and
- establish advance notice requirements for nominations for election to the Board or for proposing matters that can be acted on by stockholders at stockholder meetings.

The foregoing factors could impede a merger, takeover or other business combination or discourage a potential investor from making a tender offer for the Shares which, under certain circumstances, could reduce the market value of the Shares and our investors' ability to realize any potential change-in-control premium.

#### VI. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk relates to the risk of the loss of fair value resulting from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. Market risk is directly influenced by the volatility and liquidity in the markets in which the related underlying financial instruments are traded. Sensitivity analysis measures the impact of hypothetical changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates,

and other market rates or prices on the profitability of market-sensitive financial instruments and our results of operations.

Additional information about the historical and current trading price of the Shares can be found on its website at <a href="https://expworldholdings.com/investors/stock-information/">https://expworldholdings.com/investors/stock-information/</a>, being specified that the information on the website does not form part of this prospectus unless that information is incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

The majority of our net sales, expense, and capital purchases were transacted in U.S. dollars. However, exposure with respect to foreign exchange rate fluctuation existed due to our operations in Canada, the United Kingdom (U.K.), Australia, South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal, France, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany, albeit each individually and in the aggregate to a small extent. As of December 31, 2021, our largest international operations were in Canada. Based on fiscal 2021 performance, a hypothetical decline in the value of the Canadian dollar in relation to the U.S. dollar of 10% would negatively impact operating income by approximately \$0.8, million while a hypothetical appreciation of 10% in the value of the Canadian dollar in relation to the U.S. dollar would favorably impact operating income by approximately \$0.3 million. The individual impacts to the operating income of hypothetical currency fluctuations in the Canadian dollar have been calculated in isolation from any potential responses to address such exchange rate changes in our other foreign markets. Our exposures to foreign currency risk related to our other operations in our other international locations were immaterial and have been excluded from this analysis.

Our investments in the net assets of our international operations were also subject to currency risk. As of December 31, 2021, the impacts of translations of foreign-denominated net assets of our international operations were immaterial to the Company's consolidated financial statements. The translation impacts related to the net assets of our international operations are recorded within accumulated other comprehensive income. Historically, we have not hedged this exposure, although we may elect to do so in future periods.

# <u>SECTION B — SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE COMPANY AND THE PROGRAM</u>

#### II. ELIGIBILITY

#### 2.4 Discontinuance of Participation of Participants

Under the Program, independent agents can enroll each month, starting on the first business day of the month. Eligible independent agents who enroll and participate in the Program are referred to as "Participants." Shares will be purchased on behalf of Participants at the end of each month. Once enrolled, Participants do not need to re-enroll for the subsequent offerings and are automatically participating to the next Monthly Offerings (unless Participants withdraw as further explained below) so that Shares will be purchased at the end of each month for these Participants without them taking any further actions.

Participants have a right to withdraw from participating in the Program as a consequence of the Supplement. Pursuant to Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation, where the prospectus relates to an offer of securities to the public, investors who have already agreed to purchase or subscribe for the securities before the supplement is published shall have the right, exercisable within two working days after the publication of the supplement, to withdraw their acceptances, provided that the significant new factor, material mistake or material inaccuracy arose or was noted before the closing of the offer period or the delivery of the securities, whichever occurs first.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, beginning on March 18, 2021 and ending on December 31, 2022 (in the context of economic measures to combat the COVID-19 pandemic under Regulation (EU) 2021/337), where the prospectus relates to a public offer of securities, the two-day period for exercising the right of withdrawal is extended to three working days.

Therefore, Participants or independent agents who have enrolled in the Program between February 25, 2022, i.e., the date of the filing of the Form 10-K with the SEC, and April 1, 2022, i.e., the date of the publication of the Supplement (the "Supplement Period"), will have the right, exercisable within three working days after the publication of the Supplement, i.e., until April 6, 2022 (included), to withdraw their acceptances by completing a new Election Form, available by request at <a href="stock@exprealty.net">stock@exprealty.net</a>, indicating his or her intention to withdraw from the Program. Such new Election Form should be submitted to <a href="stock@exprealty.net">stock@exprealty.net</a>.

The Participants' right to withdraw from the Program will expire on April 6, 2022 at 11:59 pm PT (Pacific Time Zone). If a Participant completes the withdrawal process by this date and hour and no Share purchase has been made on behalf of Participant, his/her outstanding Contributions will be returned to Participant within 30 days from submitting the Participant's withdrawal Election Form to <a href="stock@exprealty.net">stock@exprealty.net</a> and no Share purchase will be made on his/her behalf. If a Participant completes the withdrawal process by this date and Shares have been purchased on the behalf of Participant, Participant will be required to return the Shares purchased on his/her behalf during the Supplement Period once credited on the Participant's individual account at the Broker and Participant's Contributions used to purchased such Shares will be returned to Participant within 30 days from submitting the Participant's withdrawal Election Form to <a href="stock@exprealty.net">stock@exprealty.net</a>.

As mentioned above, regardless of the withdrawal right related to the publication of the Supplement, Participants may withdraw from the Program at any time by completing a new Election Form indicating his or her intention to withdraw from the Program as set forth in Part II – Section B - 2.4 (Discontinuance of Participation of Participants) of the Prospectus.

#### IV. RIGHTS RELATED TO THE SHARES

### 4.1 Type and the Class of the Securities Being Offered, Including the Security Identification Code

The information contained in Part II, Section B.4.1, "Type and the Class of the Securities Being Offered, Including the Security Identification Code" of the Prospectus has been updated as follows:

As of February 25, 2022, the Company was authorized to issue 900,000,000 Shares. As of December 31, 2021, there were 148,764,592 Shares outstanding. There have been no material changes in the number of Shares issued and outstanding since that date. The term of the Shares is unlimited.

#### 4.5 Rights Attached to the Securities

The information contained in Part II, Section B.4.5, "Dividend Rights" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

**Dividend Rights.** On August 4, 2021, the Board declared and subsequently paid its first cash dividend at an amount of \$0.04. The Company then declared and paid a subsequent dividend during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 at an amount of \$0.04. On February 17, 2022, the Board approved a cash dividend of \$0.04 per Share to be paid on March 31, 2022 to shareholders of record on March 11, 2022. The Company has not paid cash dividends on its Shares in previous periods, including during the year ended December 31, 2020. Payment of cash dividends is at the discretion of the Board in accordance with applicable law after taking into account various factors, including the Company's financial condition, operating results, current and anticipated cash needs and plans for growth. Under Delaware law,

the Company can only pay dividends either out of surplus or out of the current or the immediately preceding year's earnings. Therefore, no assurance is given that the Company will pay any future dividends to its common stockholders, or as to the amount of any such dividends.

#### V. INFORMATION ON THE COMPANY

#### 5.1 Business Overview

#### **Description of Business**

The information contained in Part II, Section B.5.1, "Description of Business" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

The Company owns and operates a cloud-based real estate brokerage and a technology platform business that enables a variety of businesses to operate remotely. Our real estate brokerage is now one of the largest and fastest-growing real estate brokerage companies in the United States and is rapidly expanding internationally. Our technology platform business develops and uses immersive technologies that enable and support virtual workplaces. This unique enabling platform helps businesses increase their effectiveness and reduce costs from operating in traditional "brick and mortar" office spaces. Through various operating subsidiaries, the Company primarily operates a cloud-based real estate brokerage operating throughout the United States, most of the Canadian provinces, the United Kingdom (U.K.), Australia, South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal, France, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany.

The following are changes in our business in the most recent fiscal year:

Real Estate Brokerage – In addition to maintaining operations in all locations, in 2021 the Company continued its international growth with the expansion into Portugal, France, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany. Except for certain employees who hold active real estate licenses, virtually all of our real estate professionals are independent contractors.

*Mortgage Lending* – In July 2021, the Company entered into a joint venture with Kind Partners, LLC, a subsidiary of Kind Lending, LLC, forming SUCCESS Lending, a residential mortgage service company. The operations are currently in a nascent state.

Details regarding the development of our businesses prior to 2021 are incorporated by reference herein from Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 11, 2021 (Commission File No. 001-38493).

#### **Operating Segments**

The information contained in Part II, Section B.5.1, "Operating Segments" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

The Company primarily operates as a cloud-based real estate brokerage. The real estate brokerage business represented 99.3% and 99.6% of the total revenue of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The real estate brokerage business represents 99.0% and 98.9% of the total assets of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The Company offers software subscriptions to customers to access its virtual reality software platform. Additionally, the Company offers professional services for implementation and consulting services. However, the operations and assets of the technology segment are not managed by the Company's chief operating decision-maker as a separate reportable segment.

In 2021, the Company completed the Showcase and the SUCCESS acquisitions. These are not material to the Company's total revenue, total net income (loss), or total assets as of December 31, 2021.

The Company primarily operates within the real estate brokerage markets in the United States and Canada. The Company expanded its business into Australia and the United Kingdom in 2019, and into South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal and France, during 2020 and into Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany in 2021.

#### Geographical Information

The information contained in Part II, Section B.5.1, "Geographical Information" of the Prospectus has been added:

The Company primarily operates within the real estate brokerage markets in the United States and Canada. During the previous two years, the Company expanded operations into the United Kingdom, Australia, South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany.

The Company continues to expand real estate brokerage services internationally. For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 approximately 8%, 5% and 2%, respectively, of the Company's total revenue was generated outside of the U.S. Assets held outside of the U.S. were 8% and 7% as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

The Company's technology services and affiliate and media services are currently provided primarily in the U.S.

#### **Government Regulation**

The information contained in Part II, Section B.5.1, "Government Regulation" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

We serve the residential real estate industry which is regulated by U.S. federal, international, state, provincial and local authorities as well as private associations or state sponsored associations or organizations. We are required to comply with federal, state, provincial, and local laws, as well as private governing bodies' regulations, which combined results in a highly-regulated industry.

We are also subject to U.S. federal, international, state, and provincial regulations relating to employment, contractor, and compensation practices. Except for certain employees who have an active real estate license, virtually all real estate professionals in our brokerage operations have been retained as independent contractors, either directly or indirectly through third-party entities formed by these independent contractors for their business purposes. With respect to these independent contractors, like most brokerage firms, we are subject to the Internal Revenue Service regulations, foreign regulations and applicable state and provincial law guidelines regarding independent contractor classification. These regulations and guidelines are subject to judicial and agency interpretation.

#### Real Estate Regulation – International

In countries outside of the United States, there are a variety of existing or contemplated governmental laws and regulations with which we are required to comply. Real estate and brokerage licensing laws and requirements vary from country to country. In general, all individuals and entities lawfully conducting businesses as real estate brokers, agents or sales associates must be licensed in the country, state, province or locale in which they carry on business and must at all times be in compliance.

In each of the countries where we have operations, we assign appropriate personnel to manage and comply with applicable laws and regulations.

#### Real Estate Regulation – U.S. Federal

The RESPA requires lenders, mortgage brokers, or servicers of home loans to provide borrowers with pertinent and timely disclosures regarding the nature and costs of the real estate settlement process. RESPA also protects borrowers against certain abusive practices, such as kickbacks, and places limitations upon the use of escrow accounts. RESPA also requires detailed disclosures concerning the transfer, sale, or assignment of mortgage servicing, as well as disclosures for mortgage escrow accounts.

The Dodd-Frank Act moved authority to administer RESPA from the Department of Housing and Urban Development to the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB"). The Dodd-Frank Act increased regulation of the mortgage industry, including but not limited to: (i) generally prohibiting lenders from making residential mortgage loans unless a good faith determination is made of a borrower's creditworthiness based on verified and documented information; (ii) enacting regulations to help assure that consumers are provided with timely and understandable information about residential mortgage loans and to protect consumers against unfair, deceptive and abusive practices; and (iii) establishing minimum national underwriting guidelines for residential mortgages that lenders will be allowed to securitize without retaining any of the loans' default risk. In February 2019, the CFPB released a five-year strategic plan indicating that the CFPB intends to continue to focus on protecting consumer rights while engaging in rulemaking to address unwarranted regulatory burdens. Under the current strategic plan, the CFPB would (i) provide "clear rules of the road" through rulemaking and amendments; (ii) foster a "culture of compliance" among businesses; (iii) engage in "vigorous enforcement"; and (iv) educate consumers to make the best financial decisions. Additionally, in a recent regulatory agenda, the CFPB indicated that it planned to review "inherited regulations" to ensure "outdated, unnecessary, or unduly burdensome regulations" are addressed and modernized. As a result, the regulatory framework of RESPA applicable to our business may be subject to change. In addition, federal fair housing laws generally make it illegal to discriminate against protected classes of individuals in housing or brokerage services. Other laws and regulations applicable to our business include (i) the Federal Truth in Lending Act of 1969; (ii) the Federal Equal Credit Opportunity; (iii) the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act; (iv) the Fair Housing Act; (v) the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act; (vi) the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act; (vii) the Consumer Financial Protection Act; (viii) the Fair and Accurate Credit Transactions Act; (ix) the Telephone Consumer Protection Act; and (x) state and federal laws pertaining to the privacy rights of consumers, which affects how we collect and use customer information, including solicitation of new clients.

#### Real Estate Regulation – U.S. State and Local Level

Real estate and brokerage licensing laws and requirements vary from state to state. In general, all individuals and entities lawfully conducting businesses as real estate brokers, agents or sales associates must be licensed in the state in which they carry on business and must at all times be in compliance.

Certain jurisdictions may require a person licensed as a real estate agent, broker, sales associate or salesperson, to be affiliated with a brokerage in order to engage in licensed real estate brokerage activities or allow the agent, broker, sales associate or salesperson to work for the public, another agent or broker, sales associate or salesperson conducting business on behalf of the brokerage, sponsoring agent, broker, sales associate or salesperson.

Engaging in the real estate brokerage business requires obtaining a real estate brokerage license. In order to obtain this license, jurisdictions require that a member or manager be licensed individually as a real estate broker in that jurisdiction. This member or manager is responsible for supervising the licensees and the entity's real estate brokerage activities within the state.

Real estate licensees, whether they are brokers, salespersons, individuals, agents or entities, must follow the state's real estate licensing laws and regulations. These laws and regulations generally specify minimum duties and obligations of these licensees to their clients and the public, as well as standards for the conduct of business, including contract and disclosure requirements, record keeping requirements, requirements for local offices, escrow trust fund management, agency representation, advertising regulations and fair housing requirements.

In each of the states where we have operations, we assign appropriate personnel to manage and comply with applicable laws and regulations.

Most states have local regulations (city or county government) that govern the conduct of the real estate brokerage business. Local regulations generally require additional disclosures by the parties to a real estate transaction or their agents or brokers, or the receipt of reports or certifications, often from the local governmental authority, prior to the closing or settlement of a real estate transaction as well as prescribed review and approval periods for documentation and broker conditions for review and approval.

#### Third-Party Rules

Beyond U.S. federal, international, state, provincial and local governmental regulations, the real estate industry is subject to rules established by private real estate groups and/or trade organizations, including, among others, state and local Associations of REALTORS®, the National Association of Realtors®, and local Multiple Listing Services. "REALTOR" and "REALTORS" are registered trademarks of the National Association of REALTORS®.

Each third-party organization generally has prescribed policies, bylaws, codes of ethics or conduct, and fees and rules governing the actions of members in dealings with other members, clients and the public, as well as how the third-party organization's brand and services may or may not be deployed or displayed.

We assign appropriate personnel to manage and comply with third party organization policies and bylaws.

#### Environmental Regulation

The Company operates in a cloud-based model which gives us an insignificant physical geographical footprint. Due to this, we are not materially impacted by any environmental regulation.

#### 5.2 Organizational Structure

#### **Subsidiaries**

The information contained in Part II, Section B.5.2, "Subsidiaries" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

eXp is the parent company of the eXp group. The Company holds, directly or indirectly, the capital and voting rights of each of its subsidiaries listed below.

Name	Jurisdiction of Organization	Percentage of Ownership by the Company (%)
eXp Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia	100%
eXp Brasil Consultoria Imboliára LTDA	Brazil	100%
eXp Chile SpA	Chile	100%
eXp Colombia S.A.S.	Colombia	100%
eXp Commercial of California, Inc.	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Commercial of Connecticut, LLC	Connecticut, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Commercial, LLC	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Global France	France	100%
eXp Global India	India	100%
eXp Global Portugal, LDI	Portugal	100%
eXp Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong	100%
eXp International Holdings, Inc.	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Italia S.r.l.	Italy	100%
eXp Panamá, S. DE R.L.	Panama	100%

Name	Jurisdiction of Organization	Percentage of Ownership by the Company (%)
eXp Puerto Rico Inc.	Puerto Rico	100%
eXp Puerto Rico Partnership, S. EN C.	Puerto Rico	99%
eXp Realty Associates, LLC	Georgia, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Realty España, S.L.	Spain	100%
eXp Realty Germany Gmbh	Germany	100%
eXp Realty Holdings, Inc.	Washington, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Realty Israel Ltd.	Israel	100%
eXp Realty North, LLC	North Dakota, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Realty of California, Inc.	Washington, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Realty of Canada, Inc.	Canada	100%
eXp Realty of Connecticut, LLC	Connecticut, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Realty Singapore Pte Ltd.	Singapore	100%
eXp Realty South Africa	South Africa	100%
eXp Realty, LLC	Washington, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Referral Associates of California, Inc.	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Referral Associates of Connecticut, LLC	Connecticut, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Referral Associates, LLC	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%
eXp Silverline Ventures, LLC	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%
eXp World Technologies, LLC	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%
eXp World UK Limited	United Kingdom	100%
eXtend a Hand Fund	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%
Grupo eXp Realtors Mexico, S. DE R.L. DE CV	Mexico	100%
Opportunity Garden, Inc.	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%
Showcase Web Sites, LLC	Georgia, U.S.A.	100%
SUCCESS Enterprises LLC	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%
SUCCESS Franchising, LLC	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%
SUCCESS World Holdings, LLC	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%

#### Joint Ventures and Variable Interest Entity

The information contained in Part II, Section B.5.2, "Joint Ventures and Variable Interest Entity" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

The Company has investments in a joint venture, Silverline Title & Escrow, LLC ("Silverline"), which operates and manages a title agency that performs, among other functions, core title agent services (for which liabilities arises), including the evaluation of searches to determine the insurability of title, the clearance of underwriting objections, the actual issuance of policies on behalf of insurance companies, and, where customary, the issuance of title commitments and the conducting of title searchers.

In July 2021, the Company entered into a joint venture with Kind Partners, LLC, a subsidiary of Kind Lending, LLC, forming SUCCESS Lending, a residential mortgage service company.

The Company owns a 50% ownership interest in Silverline and SUCCESS Lending. The Company recognizes its share of income and expenses and equity movement in the ventures in proportion to its percentage of ownership.

As of December 31, 2021, Silverline and SUCCESS Lending's operations are not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

The Company determined that First Cloud is a variable interest entity ("**VIE**"), as the Company is the primary beneficiary that has both the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE and a variable interest that potentially could be significant to the VIE. The Company treats the interest in First Cloud that it does not own as a noncontrolling interest. The noncontrolling interest balance is adjusted each period to reflect the allocation of net income (loss) and other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the noncontrolling interest, as shown in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). The noncontrolling interest balance in the consolidated balance sheets represents the proportional share of the equity of the joint venture entity, which is attributable to the noncontrolling shareholders.

As of December 31, 2021, First Cloud's operations have ceased and are not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations..

### 5.3 Property, Plant and Equipment, Net

The information contained in Part II, Section B.5.3, "Property, Plant and Equipment, Net" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

The Company's property, plant and equipment, net consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	Decer	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Computer hardware and software	\$	20,824	\$	13,828	
Furniture, fixture and equipment		26		20	
Total depreciable property and equipment		20,850		13,848	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(11,711)		(6,738)	
Depreciable property, net		9,139		7,110	
Assets under development		6,763		738	
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$	15,902	\$	7,848	

For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, depreciation expense was \$4,974, \$3,360, and \$2,057, respectively.

### VI. SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### 6.1 Selected Financial Data

The information contained in Part II, Section B.6.1, "Selected Financial Data" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

The selected consolidated financial data of the Company set out in this prospectus have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The following consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) and the consolidated balance sheets data of the Company for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019 are derived in part from and should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing respectively on pages 25 – 34 and 39 – 60 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, filed with the SEC on February 25, 2022 (the "Company's Form 10-K"). The selected consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2019, are derived from the Company's audited consolidated financial statements contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, filed with the SEC on March 11, 2021, which is available, free of charge, on the website of the SEC.

# SELECTED THREE-YEAR FINANCIAL DATA (In thousands, except share amounts and per share data) (audited)

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2021 2020		2019			
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income						
(loss):						
Revenues	\$	3,771,170	\$	1,798,285	\$	979,937
Total operating expenses		3,737,018		1,766,698		988,716
Operating income (loss)		34,152		31,587		(8,779)
Total other expense (income), net		480		184		281
Income tax (benefit) expense		(47,487)		413		497
Net income (loss)		81,159		30,990		(9,557)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		61		141		29
Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.		81,220		31,131		(9,528)
Earnings (loss) per share (a)						
Basic		0.56		0.22		(80.0)
Diluted		0.51		0.21		(80.0)
Weighted average shares outstanding (a)						
Basic		146,170,871		138,572,358		126,256,407
Diluted		157,729,374		151,550,075		126,256,407
		As of December 31,				
Consolidated Balance Sheets Data:		2021		2020		2019
Cash and cash equivalents		108,237		100,143		40,087
Total assets		413,826		242,187		96,452
Total liabilities		190,293		99,600		44,324
Equity		223,533		142,587		52,128
	Year Ended December 31,					
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:		2021		2020		2019
Net cash provided by operating activities		246,892		119,659		55,186
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(18,923)		(16,963)		(6,690)
Dividends declared and paid		(11,548)		_		_
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(179,924)		(21,893)		(24,569)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of year	\$	175,910	\$	127,924	\$	47,074

All applicable period amounts have been adjusted to reflect the Stock Split.

There has been no material change to the Company's financial position since December 31, 2021 (the date to which the latest financial information of the Company was prepared).

### VII. STATEMENT OF CAPITALIZATION AND INDEBTEDNESS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

The information contained in Part II, Section B.VII, "Statement of Capitalization and Indebtedness as of December 31, 2021" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

The following tables set forth the Company's capitalization and indebtedness as of December 31, 2021 and the Company's statement of indebtedness as of December 31, 2021, in accordance with paragraphs 166 and 175 of the Guidelines on disclosure requirements under the Prospectus Regulation issued by the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA 32-382-1138 dated March 4, 2021).

#### 7.1 Capitalization and Indebtedness (in thousands - audited)

Total current debt (including current portion of non-current debt)	\$ 311
- Guaranteed	
- Secured	\$ 311
- Unguaranteed / Unsecured	\$ _

Total non-current debt (excluding current portion of non-current debt)	\$ 3,479
- Guaranteed	_
- Secured	\$ 765
- Unguaranteed / Unsecured	\$ 2,714
Stockholders' equity	
a. Share capital and additional paid-in capital	\$ 401,480
b. Legal reserve	_
c. Total other reserves	\$ (179,311)
- Treasury stock, at cost: 6,751,692 shares held at December 31, 2021	\$ (210,009)
- Accumulated earnings	\$ 30,510
- Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 188
Total equity	\$ 223,533
- Total eXp World Holdings, Inc. stockholders' equity	\$ 222,169
- Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	\$ 1,364

There has been no material change to the Company's capitalization and indebtedness since December 31, 2021 (the date to which the latest financial information of the Company was prepared).

### 7.2 Statement of Indebtedness (in thousands - audited)

A.	Cash	\$	64,851
B.	Cash equivalents	\$	43,386
C.	Other current financial assets		_
D.	Liquidity (A + B + C)	\$	108,237
E.	Current financial debt (including debt instruments, but excluding current		
	portion of non-current financial debt)		311
F.	Current portion of non-current financial debt	\$	_
G.	Current financial indebtedness (E + F)	\$	311
H.	Net current financial indebtedness (G - D)	\$	(107,926)
I.	Non-current financial debt (excluding current portion and debt		
	instruments)	\$	2,714
J.	Debt instruments		_
K.	Non-current trade and other payables	\$	765
		_	
L.	Non-current financial indebtedness (I + J + K)	\$	3,479
M.	Total financial indebtedness (H + L)	\$	(104,447)

As of December 31, 2021, the Company also had restricted cash of \$67,672,682. Restricted cash consists of cash held in escrow by the Company on behalf of real estate buyers. The Company recognizes a corresponding customer deposit liability until the funds are released. Once the cash transfers from escrow, the Company reduces the respective customers' deposit liability.

# 7.3 Indirect and Contingent Indebtedness

#### Leases

The Company adopted ASU 2016-02 – *Leases* (Topic 842) effective January 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective approach whereby the cumulative effect of adoption was recognized on the adoption date and prior periods were not restated. There was no net cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings as of

January 1, 2019 as a result of adoption. ASU 2018-11 – *Leases* (Topic 842) – *Targeted Improvements* permits an entity to apply the new leases standard at the date of adoption. Consequently, an entity's reporting for the comparative periods presented in the financial statements in which it adopts the new leases standard will continue to be in accordance with ASC 840 – *Leases*.

#### Operating leases

The Company's lease portfolio consists of office leases with lease terms ranging from less than one year to six years, with the weighted average lease term being six years.

Certain leases provide for increases in future lease payments once the term of the lease has expired, as defined in the lease agreements. These leases generally also include real estate taxes.

#### Information as lessee under ASC 842

The Company reassessed all of leases to determine whether any expired or existing contracts were or contained a lease under ASC 842. Expired or existing contracts previously considered leases under ASC 840 no longer meet the definition of a lease under ASC 842 and therefore, have been excluded from future lease payments.

The Company still maintains these agreements, along with other short-term leases that are not capitalized, and the expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

As of December 31, 2021, maturities of the operating lease liabilities by fiscal year were as follows:

266
159
90
90
495
1,100
(24)
\$ 1,076

Included below is other information regarding leases for the year ended December 31, 2021.

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Other information		
Operating lease expense	\$ 448	\$ 276
Short-term lease expense	70	16
Cash paid for operating leases	1,828	274
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years) – operating leases (1)	7.0	3.8
Weighted-average discount rate – operating leases	5.043%	4.481%

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company's lease terms include options to extend the lease when it is reasonably certain the Company will exercise its option. Additionally, the Company considered any historical and economic factors in determining if a lease renewal or termination option would be exercised.

Rent expense is recorded in general and administrative expense in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

### **Commitments and Contingencies**

From time to time, the Company is subject to potential liability under laws and government regulations and various claims and legal actions that may be asserted against us that could have a material adverse effect on the business, reputation, results of operations or financial condition. Such litigation may include, but is not limited to, actions or claims relating to sensitive data, including proprietary business information and intellectual property and that of clients and personally identifiable information of employees and contractors, cyber-attacks, data breaches and non-compliance with contractual or other legal obligations.

On November 19, 2021, the Company agreed to settle a class action lawsuit filed against the Company in 2018 alleging violations under the Telephone Consumer Protection Act. Pursuant to the proposed settlement agreement terms, the Company will grant certain monetary and non-monetary settlements. The Company decided to set aside provisions at the amount of \$10,000,000 to cover current estimated settlement fees and costs. The settlement agreement terms remain subject to judicial review and approval.

There are no matters pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened that are expected to have a material adverse impact on the business, reputation, results of operations, or financial condition.

There are no proceedings in which any of the Company's directors, officers or affiliates, or any registered or beneficial stockholder is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to the Company's interest.

There are no governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened), that may have or have had, in the twelve (12) months before the date of this Supplement, significant effects on the Company's financial position or profitability.

#### VIII. WORKING CAPITAL STATEMENT

The information contained in Part II, Section B.VIII, "Working Capital Statement" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

As of the date of this prospectus, the Company believes that its existing balances of cash and cash equivalents and cash flows expected to be generated from the Company's operations will be sufficient to satisfy its operating requirements for at least the next twelve months.

#### X. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

#### 10.1 Directors and Executive Officers

The information contained in Part II, Section B.10.1, "Directors and Executive Officers" of the Prospectus is updated as follows:

On January 31, 2022, Stacey Onnen, President of Brokerage Operations at eXp Realty, resigned to pursue other opportunities.

### XI. EMPLOYEES

## 11.1 Overview

The information contained in Part II, Section B.11.1, "Overview" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

Our employees and independent real estate agents and brokers represent the human capital investments imperative to our operations. We ended fiscal year 2021 with 1,669 full-time employees. Our employees

are not members of any labor union, and we have never experienced business interruptions due to labor disputes. We also utilize part-time and temporary employees and consultants when necessary. A key component to our operational capabilities is our independent real estate agent and broker network, which consisted of 71,137 agents as of December 31, 2021.

Management: Our operations are overseen directly by management. Our management oversees all responsibilities in the areas of corporate administration, business development and technological research and development. We have successfully expanded our current management to retain skilled employees with experience relevant to our business and intend to continue with this initiative. Our management's relationships with agents, brokers, technology providers, and customers will provide the foundation through which we expect to grow our business in the future. We believe the skill-set of our management team will be a primary asset in the development of our brands and trademarks.

Talent and Culture: Our business is driven by nine core values of community, sustainability, integrity, service, collaboration, innovation, transparency, agility, and fun. At eXp, these core values are manifested throughout everything we do and support the Company's overall vision and shape our culture. We believe that our ongoing success is attributable in large part to our eXp staff who work across the U.S. and internationally in the cloud environment to support our agent-centric business model and core values. Attracting and retaining employee talent is a high priority for us, and we look to hire passionate and driven individuals who want to be a part of our mission to continue to grow the brokerage and our related suite of services. We also value transparency and are committed to an open and accountable workplace where employees are empowered to raise issues. The Company provides multiple channels to speak up, ask for guidance, and report concerns. eXp has been named one of the Best Places to Work on Glassdoor for each of the years 2019 through 2021. In 2021, we were named as one of the Top 100 Companies to Watch for Remote Jobs by FlexJobs.

Diversity and Inclusiveness: We are committed to creating an equitable, diverse and inclusive culture for our employees, agents and brokers. Our Employee Experience team operates under the human resources department and supports this mission with diversity, equity and inclusion practices to support employee engagement and global collaboration. In 2019, we formed the One eXp initiative which is an internal group available to our agents, brokers, and staff to discuss, promote and propose business actions that encourage diversity, equity, belonging, and inclusion. One eXp is also an important vehicle by which we connect diverse agents and brokers with clients identifying as and/or seeking out diverse representation in their home purchase or selling journey. Since its inception, One eXp has formed many dedicated subgroup networks, including networks for agents, brokers and staff promoting and/or identifying as Latino, South Asian, Asian, Middle Eastern, LGBTQIA+, Women, senior, young professional, and/or person with disabilities, and new groups are being added regularly.

Health & Safety: Our employees operate in a fully remote environment and are located across the U.S. and internationally. During 2021, our human resources department expanded on our existing health and safety benefit offerings to support the health and safety of our employees in their remote work environments.

Community Involvement: Our staff, agents and brokers are our best embodiment of the Company's commitment to community as a core value. Many of our staff, agents and brokers are involved in their own communities to support the betterment of lives. The Company also sponsors many community initiatives which are well attended by our staff, agents and brokers. The first week of October of each year is designated "I Heart eXp" week and staff, agents and brokers across the U.S. mobilize to take part in community charity initiatives. During September 2021, the Company also announced a joint initiative with New Story, a nonprofit that pioneers solutions to end global homelessness, to build 100 homes in the Morelos region of Mexico after it suffered damages from a 7.1 magnitude earthquake. Many staff and agents donated directly to New Story as part of this effort, which donations were matched by our founder and CEO Glenn Sanford up to \$300,000. Additionally, in 2021, eXp's wholly owned nonprofit, eXtend-a-Hand, was granted 501(c)(3) status by the Internal Revenue Service. eXtend-a-Hand's mission is to provide financial assistance to independent agents of the Company who suffer catastrophic events, including, without limitation, natural disasters, illness, and accidents, and in the case of dependents or designated

beneficiaries, the death of their independent agent family member. The Company is devoted to agent well-being and looks forward to expanding the reach of eXtend-a-Hand into 2022.

Independent Agent and Broker Support: We provide entrepreneurial business opportunities and a competitive compensation structure to our independent agents and brokers. Additionally, our agents and brokers have a unique choice to attain a greater vested interest in eXp through the acceptance of equity awards in eXp stock as part of their compensation packages. These programs and our agent support platforms—including training, back-office support, and communications—allow agents and brokers to successfully operate their own businesses that are aligned with our strategies and goals, creating synergies across our distribution network. We believe it is critical to our success that agent voices are heard at every level of the Company, including management, which mission is supported by our Agent Advisory Council. Refer to our Agent Advisory Council section of our website at <a href="https://expworldholdings.com/agent-advisory-council/">https://expworldholdings.com/agent-advisory-council/</a> for information on agent participation in the management of eXp. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this report.

As the Company grows, management continually researches new directives and implementation efforts for the long-term success of the Company.

### 11.2 Major Stockholders, Directors' and Executive Officers' Holdings of Shares and Options

# Securities Ownership of Principal Stockholders

The information contained in Part II, Section B.11.2, "Securities Ownership of Principal Stockholders" of the Prospectus is replaced with the following:

The following table shows, as of December 31, 2021, stockholders known to the Company who beneficially own more than 5% of the outstanding Shares. To the best knowledge of the Company, there has been no material change to the beneficial ownership of the stockholders listed in the table below since December 31, 2021. Beneficial ownership represents sole voting power and investment power. Unless otherwise noted below, the address of each person listed on the table is c/o eXp World Holdings, Inc. at 2219 Rimland Drive, Suite 301, Bellingham, WA 98226, U.S.A.

Name and Address	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership <sup>(1)</sup>	Percentage of Class
Group of stockholders(2)	80,783,871	54.3%
<ul><li>Glenn Sanford</li></ul>	<ul><li>45,074,674</li></ul>	• 30.3%
<ul><li>Penny Sanford</li></ul>	• 27,884,043	• 18.7%
<ul><li>Eugene Frederick</li></ul>	• 5,280,342	• 3.5%
<ul><li>Jason Gesing</li></ul>	• 2,544,812	• 1.7%
The Vanguard Group	9,630,878 <sup>(3)</sup>	6.53%

<sup>(1)</sup> On January 15, 2021, the Board approved the Stock Split. The Stock Split was effected on February 12, 2021. Share total has been adjusted to reflect the Stock Split.

The Company is a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ rules. Per the above, Glenn Sanford, together with Penny Sanford, Jason Gesing and Gene Frederick own approximately 54.3% of the outstanding Shares (as of December 31, 2021), and they agreed to vote their Shares as a group with respect to the election of directors and any other matter on which the Shares are entitled to vote.

The information is based on 148,764,592 Shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2021.

<sup>(2)</sup> In March 2021, Mr. Sanford, Ms. Sanford, Mr. Gesing and Mr. Frederick filed a Schedule 13D/A with the SEC indicating that they had entered into an agreement to vote their shares as a group with respect to the election of directors and any other matter on which the Shares are entitled to vote. Accordingly, Mr. Sanford, Ms. Sanford, Mr. Gesing and Mr. Frederick collectively own a number of Shares sufficient to elect all of the members of the Board without the approval of any other stockholders.

<sup>(3)</sup> As of December 31, 2021, based on information set forth in a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 10, 2022 by The Vanguard Group. The Vanguard Group's business address is 100 Vanguard Blvd., Malvern, PA 19355, U.S.A.

#### 11.3 Stock Plans

The information contained in Part II, Section B.11.3, "Stock Plans" of the Prospectus has been updated as follows:

#### Agent Equity Program

The Company provides agents and brokers the opportunity to elect to receive 5% of commissions earned from each completed residential real estate transaction in the form of Shares. If agents and brokers elect to receive portions of their commissions in Shares, they are entitled to receive the equivalent number of Shares, based on the fixed monetary value of the commission payable. Prior to January 1, 2020, the Company recognized a 20% discount on these issuances as an additional cost of sales charge during the periods presented. Effective in January 2020, the Company amended the Program and adjusted the discount on issued Shares from 20% to 10%.

For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, the Company issued 3,645,386, 5,762,470, and 7,603,206 Shares, respectively, to agents and brokers for \$144,437, \$60,968, and \$37,768, respectively, net of discount.

### Agent Growth Incentive Program

The Company administers an equity incentive program whereby agents and brokers become eligible to receive awards of the Shares through agent attraction and performance benchmarks (the "AGIP"). The incentive program encourages greater performance and awards agents with Shares based on achievement of performance milestones. Awards typically vest after performance benchmarks are reached and three years of subsequent service is provided to the Company. Share-based performance awards are based on a fixed-dollar amount of shares based on the achievement of performance metrics. As such, the awards are classified as liabilities until the number of share awards becomes fixed once the performance metric is achieved.

For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, the Company's stock compensation attributable to the AGIP was \$24,493, \$15,239, and \$13,959, respectively. The total amount of stock compensation attributable to liability classified awards was \$4,977, \$3,246 and \$901 for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Stock compensation expense related to the AGIP is included in general and administrative expense in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

#### XIV. TAX CONSEQUENCES

The information contained in Part II, Section XIV, "Tax Consequences" of the Prospectus has been completed as follows:

The following summaries are based on the income and social tax laws in effect in the respective countries as of the date of this prospectus. However, because tax and other laws are complex and can change frequently, the information below may be out of date at the time Participant purchases Shares or sells Shares under the Program. Moreover, the information in the summaries is based on certain assumptions which may or may not apply to the particular situation of Participant. Finally, in some countries, there may be exemptions and deductions applicable to Participant that are not described herein.

Therefore, Participants are strongly advised to consult their own independent personal tax advisors as to how the tax or other laws in their respective countries apply to their specific situations.

### 14.6 Greek Tax Consequences

The following summary is based on the income and social tax laws in effect in Greece as of the date of this prospectus. Tax laws are complex and can change frequently. As a result, the information below may be out of date at the time Participant purchases Shares, sells Shares or receives dividends.

The following applies only to Participants who are Greek tax residents. If Participant is a citizen or resident of another country for local law purposes or transfers residency to another country, the income and social tax information below may not be applicable. Furthermore, this information is general in nature and does not discuss all of the various laws, rules and regulations that may apply. It may not apply to each Participant's particular tax or financial situation, and the Company is not in a position to assure them of any particular tax result.

Participants should address any particular questions to a specialized advisor.

### **Enrollment in the Program**

Participant is not subject to tax or social contributions when he/she enrolls in the Program.

#### **Purchase of Shares**

When Shares are purchased under the Program, Participant will be subject to income tax on the difference between the Fair Market Value of the Shares on the Purchase Date and the Purchase Price<sup>1</sup>.

#### Sale of Shares

If Participant is already a Company shareholder, Participant will be subject to employment income tax or capital gains tax (as well as a special solidarity tax and a transfer tax) depending on when he/she subsequently sells the Shares purchased under the Program. The taxable amount will be the difference between the Fair Market Value of the Shares on the Purchase Date and the Purchase Price. Solidarity tax will also be due on the difference between the sale proceeds and the Fair Market Value of the Shares on the Purchase Date and a transfer tax will be due on the gross sale proceeds.

If Participant is not a Company shareholder, Participant will be subject to a solidarity tax on the difference between the sale proceeds and the Fair Market Value of the Shares on the Purchase Date and a transfer tax will also be due on the gross sale proceeds.

#### Withholding and Reporting

The Company subsidiary with which Participant has an independent contractor agreement (the "Service Provider") is not required to report the taxable amount or withhold income tax. It is Participant's responsibility to report and pay any tax due upon purchase of the Shares, as well as any taxes resulting from the sale of the Shares or the receipt of any dividends. It is Participant's responsibility to report and pay any taxes resulting from the sale of Shares or receipt of any dividends.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If Participant is already a Company shareholder, tax likely will be deferred until sale of the Shares.

# **EXHIBIT**

# **EXHIBIT I**

ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021, FILED BY EXP WORLD HOLDINGS, INC. WITH THE SEC ON FEBRUARY 25, 2022

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-K**

 $\blacksquare$  ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended **December 31, 2021** 

		or		
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934				
For the transition period from to				
		nission File Number: <u>001-38</u>	3493	
	exi	WORLD HOLDIN	GS, INC.	
			,	
	EXP WOF	RLD HOLDIN	GS, INC.	
	(Exact name	of registrant as specified in	its charter)	
Delaware			98-0681092	
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)			(IRS Employer Identification No	
of incorporation)	221	AD: 1 ID: G: 20		).)
	221	9 Rimland Drive, Suite 30 Bellingham, WA 98226	1	
	(Address of pr	rincipal executive offices an	d Zip Code)	
	Registrant's telephon	e number, including area co	de: <u>(360) 685-4206</u>	
Title of ea		Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered	<u>d</u>
Common Stock, par val	ue \$0.00001 per share	EXPI	NASDAQ	
		ered pursuant to section 12 ar value \$0.00001 per share		
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a Yes □ No ☑	well-known seasoned issue	r, as defined in Rule 405 of	the Securities Act.	
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is no Yes □ No ☑	ot required to file reports pu	rsuant to Section 13 or Sect	ion 15(d) of the Act.	
preceding 12 months (or for such shorter p 90 days.	. ,	1	ction 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act rts), and (2) has been subject to such filing requir	_
Yes ⊠ No □				
Indicate by check mark whether the registra (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceder Yes ☑ No □			File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 40, trant was required to submit such files).	5 of Regulation S-T
			accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or pany" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12	
Large accelerated filer	×		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer			Smaller reporting company	
Emerging growth company				
If an emerging growth company, indicate be financial accounting standards provided pur			ne extended transition period for complying with	any new or revised
			t's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal co	ontrol over financial
reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.				
Indicate by check mark whether the registra Yes □ No ☒	nt is a shell company (as de	fined in Rule 12b-2 of the A	act).	

# The number of shares of the registrant's \$0.00001 par value common stock outstanding as of December 31, 2021 was 148,764,592. DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

held by non-affiliates of eXp World Holdings, Inc. was approximately \$2.17 billion.

The registrant intends to file a definitive proxy statement pursuant to Regulation 14A within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. Portions of such proxy statement are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Form 10-K. Portions of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 are incorporated into Part I, Item 1, and Part II, Item 7, of this Form 10-K.

Based on the registrant's closing price of \$38.77 as quoted on the NASDAQ on June 30, 2021, the aggregate market value of the voting and nonvoting common equity

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### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report and our other public filings contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are not based on historical facts but rather represent current expectations and assumptions of future events. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements.

Many of these risks and other factors are beyond our ability to control or predict. Forward-looking statements can be identified by words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," "plan," "should," "intend," "may," "will," "could," "can," "would," "potential," "seek," "goal" and similar expressions. These risks and uncertainties, as well as other risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ significantly from management's expectations, are described in greater detail in Item 1A, "Risk Factors", Item 3, "Legal Proceedings," Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." and Item 9A. "Controls and Procedures – Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls."

Forward-looking statements are based on currently available operating, financial and market information and are inherently uncertain. Investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they are made and are not guarantees of future performance. Actual future results and trends may differ materially from such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as may be required by law.

#### Item 1. BUSINESS

eXp World Holdings, Inc. ("eXp," or, collectively with its subsidiaries, the "Company," "we," "us," or "our") owns and operates a cloud-based real estate brokerage and a technology platform business that enables a variety of businesses to operate remotely. Our real estate brokerage is now one of the largest and fastest-growing real estate brokerage companies in the United States and is rapidly expanding internationally. Our technology platform business develops and uses immersive technologies that enable and support virtual workplaces. This unique enabling platform helps businesses increase their effectiveness and reduce costs from operating in traditional "brick and mortar" office spaces. Through various operating subsidiaries, the Company primarily operates a cloud-based real estate brokerage operating throughout the United States, most of the Canadian provinces, the United Kingdom (U.K.), Australia, South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal, France, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany.

The following are changes in our business in the most recent fiscal year:

Real Estate Brokerage – In addition to maintaining operations in all locations, in 2021 the Company continued its international growth with the expansion into Portugal, France, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany. Except for certain employees who hold active real estate licenses, virtually all of our real estate professionals are independent contractors.

Mortgage Lending – In July 2021, the Company entered into a joint venture with Kind Partners, LLC, a subsidiary of Kind Lending, LLC, forming SUCCESS Lending, LLC ("SUCCESS Lending"), a residential mortgage service company. The operations are currently in a nascent state.

Details regarding the development of our businesses prior to 2021 are incorporated by reference herein from Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 11, 2021 (Commission File No. 001-38493).

### **Operations and Revenue Streams**

Our operations support the purchase and sale of homes through leveraging innovative technologies and integrated services.

In our current state, almost all of our revenue and profit or loss are generated by our cloud-based real estate brokerage and wholly-owned subsidiary, eXp Realty\*, LLC ("eXp Realty"). Because we do not have significant standalone contributions of revenue and profit or loss from our other businesses, we operate and manage the Company as one business unit. In the future, we believe there is strong potential for multiple significant revenue and profit opportunities that may be organized into distinct business units in order to increase our management effectiveness. Over the long term, we envision owning and operating a diversified portfolio of service-based businesses whose operations benefit substantially from utilizing our enabling technology platform.

Within the Company today, we strategically prioritize our efforts to grow our real estate brokerage, develop immersive and cloud-based technology products and services, nurture affiliate and media services (and our eXp Partners program) related to real estate transactions, and strengthen and iterate on our enabling technology platform.

#### eXp Realty

Together with our other real estate brokerage subsidiaries, eXp Realty is a leading, rapidly growing, cloud-based international real estate brokerage company. We disrupt from within the traditional real estate markets in which we operate for the benefit of agents and brokers through innovation, use of cloud-based technology, and development of world-class agent and broker attraction and retention practices. We generate revenue primarily by serving as a licensed broker for the purpose of processing residential and commercial real estate transactions, from which we earn commissions. The Company in turn pays a portion of the commissions earned to the real estate agents and brokers.

Our mission is to deliver maximum value to our shareholders, agents, brokers and staff, while building an international brand as the leading cloud-based brokerage. Our cloud-based solutions provide primarily residential and commercial real estate agents and brokers the collaborative tools to seamlessly support and facilitate buying and selling activities by consumers throughout the home purchase process. Our model is designed to:

- Provide the opportunity for homebuyers to successfully experience homeownership and for homeowners to realize the best outcomes possible through the sale of their homes. Our licensed agents and brokers primarily use our proprietary cloud-based transaction processing and home search and tour tools to help homebuyers find, visit and close on the house that meets their needs, and to help homeowners efficiently market and sell their homes without the effort and additional costs associated with the typical home selling process.
- Provide a business opportunity for our agents and brokers. We provide an entrepreneurial business opportunity for individuals to aid in the purchase and sale of residential homes. Low entry fees as well as the ability to select their own schedules and time

commitments allow our agents and brokers to supplement their income by starting their own independent businesses, while also providing opportunities for strong leaders to build their own agency teams and grow under our brokerage brand on a full-time basis. Our compensation structure (fees and share-based), technology, sales support and back-office processing are designed to enable agents and brokers to successfully grow their independent businesses without the fixed costs inherent with a traditional brick-and-mortar brokerage.

• Provide stock ownership opportunities for our agents and brokers. Through our agent equity programs, our agents and brokers have a unique choice to attain a greater vested interest in eXp through the acceptance of equity awards of eXp stock as part of their compensation packages. These programs allow successful agents and brokers to become stakeholders in the brand they represent and align our goals across the distribution network.

Brokerage Offices and Services in Our Virtual World

We operate over the internet and rely on cloud-based technologies to provide our residential real estate brokerage services. Through various platforms, buyers search real-time property listings, and sellers list properties and gain exposure across the various geographic markets in which we operate. We also provide buyers and sellers access to a network of professional, consumer-centric agents and brokers. Additionally, we deliver marketing, training and other support services to our brokers and agents through a combination of proprietary technology enabled services, as well as technology and support services contracted to third parties. Our brokers and agents leverage our technology, services, data, lead generation and marketing tools to represent residential real estate buyers and sellers to list, find and consummate the purchase or sale of a home.

Internally, we use our technology to provide agents, teams of agents, and brokerage owners with opportunities for increased profitability, reduced risk, and greater levels of professional development while fostering an organizational culture that values collaboration, strength of community, and commitment to serving the consumer's best interests. We provide agents, teams of agents, and brokers with the systems, support, professional development and infrastructure to help them succeed in unpredictable and, at times, challenging economic conditions. This includes delivering 24/7 access to collaborative tools and training for real estate agents and brokers.

We have adopted a number of cloud-based technologies. Among other technologies we use to operate our business, our 3D, fully-immersive, cloud office, has virtual conference rooms, training centers, and individual offices in which our management, staff, agents and brokers all work on a daily basis learning from, sharing with, transacting business with, and socializing with colleagues from different geographic regions by utilizing avatars in the Virbela platform. In these virtual spaces agents and brokers meet for state-based sales meetings, attend live interactive training and classes, review commission disbursement authorization forms, build websites and online branding materials, and work on purchase and sales agreements.

Further, in these virtual spaces new managing brokers are evaluated and approved, our management meets to discuss strategy and vision, and personnel interviews are conducted. In addition, we have face-to-face meetings, conferences, presentations, retreats and other physical interactions where circumstances warrant.

We also provide physical space to brokers and agents when required, primarily through third-parties to provide access to offices, workspace and meeting rooms at locations worldwide.

Our cloud office has fully staffed transaction and administration, web development, search engine optimization and technical support teams. Consequently, our cloud office serves as our primary company office for brokers, agents, management and staff and provides agents, teams of agents and brokers with a full suite of back-office functions, live training, education, coaching and mentoring that places a premium on engagement, discussion and collaboration, transaction support, broker support; and technical support. The utilization of this cloud office platform permits us to more easily serve and extend our geographic reach.

Furthermore, we allow our agents and brokers, some of whom are former real estate brokerage owners, to leverage our infrastructure to reduce their fixed costs and to be empowered to build scalable teams of agents in any of the markets that we serve while preserving and enhancing the agents and brokers' personal brands. In this way our agents and brokers can attract agents and build a co-brand in any markets currently served by the Company without any additional capital requirements.

Agent and Broker Training and Communication

eXp Realty has held firm in its belief that each individual agent delivers value to individual homebuyers and sellers in different ways depending upon the knowledge, skills or niche of the agent and the needs and wants of the consumer.

Numerous real estate coaches provide training and classes to brokerages on a vendor basis or to individual agents outside of their brokerage relationship in the most cost-effective way to strengthen their skills and help them succeed. The needs of individual agents vary, as do the methods of instruction that are most effective for their learning. This approach aims to offer coaching that draws upon, highlights, promotes and supports some of the best coaches in the industry based upon their individual talents and the corresponding fit to the particular needs of our individual, entrepreneurial professionals.

#### Fee Structure

The lower overall cost of operating our cloud office has enabled us to offer our agents and brokers a higher split of the gross commissions generated from real estate transactions than most traditional real estate brokerages. This higher fee split along with our unique delivery of support services and the flexibility it provides for brokers and agents has facilitated our growth over the past several years.

We also differentiate ourselves by not charging our agents and brokers royalties or franchise fees. Our agents pay a low monthly cloud brokerage fee and various transaction processing fees.

#### Revenue Sharing Plan

Our cloud office has enabled us to introduce and maintain a revenue sharing plan whereby each of our agents and brokers can participate. As part of this revenue sharing plan, our agents and brokers can receive commission income resulting from completed real estate transactions consummated by the agents and brokers whom they have attracted to our company.

Consistent with our commitment to enabling and empowering agents and brokers in pursuit of building a scalable business and organization, our revenue sharing plan allows brokers and agents a financial mechanism to build teams across geographic borders.

Our revenue sharing plan provides an opportunity where agents and brokers can potentially earn additional income while focusing on the growth of the eXp brokerage brand and their individual agencies.

#### Customers

Our clients are primarily residential homeowners and homebuyers in the markets in which we operate as serviced by our international network of independent agents and brokers. These customers are sellers or purchasers of new or existing homes and engage us to aid in the facilitation of the closing of the real estate transaction, including, but not limited to, searching, listing, application processing and other pre- and post-close support.

Based on current market information, sales of existing residential properties represent a large majority of home sales in the U.S. market. This provides our agents and brokers with greater opportunities to represent the buy or sell — and sometimes both — sides of a real estate transaction. In addition, we help our customers fulfill their needs by providing ancillary transaction — related services. Our experienced agents and brokers are well suited to support our customers' needs with a high level of professionalism, knowledge and support as they endeavor on one of the largest transactions they will most likely experience.

#### Markets

### Real Estate Industry Overview

eXp Realty primarily operates in the U.S. residential real estate market. Through our network of independent agents and brokers, we have brokerages in all 50 states in the U.S. residential real estate market, residential real estate markets in most of the Canadian provinces, and, to a lesser extent, in parts of the U.K., Australia, South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal, France, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany. As our principal operating market, the U.S. residential real estate market for existing homes, seasonally adjusted, accounted for approximately 6.2 million homes sold with a median existing home sales price of \$0.4 million in 2021, the highest levels since 2006, based on data released by the National Association of Realtors.

The overall health of the U.S. residential real estate market, including demand for homes, is driven largely by, among other factors, the inventory of existing homes, the affordability of housing, macroeconomic factors (e.g., U.S. Federal Reserve rates, unemployment rates, job growth, etc.), governmental policies (e.g., tax deduction and credits, regulatory initiatives, etc.), demographic trends (e.g., customer tastes and perceptions, buy versus rent preferences, income growth, marriage rates, etc.), mortgage rates and financing availability. Although the housing market in the U.S. is cyclical as evidenced most recently during the recession of the late 2000's and subsequent recovery since 2012, we believe that the residential real estate market will continue to grow due to expected increases in the formation of new households and the relatively low interest rate environment incentivizing homebuying.

Residential real estate brokerage companies typically realize revenues in the form of a commission based on a percentage of the price of each home purchased or sold, which can vary based on industry standards, geographical location, and specific customer-agent negotiations, among other factors. Therefore, variability in the commissions earned in the real estate industry exists based on general economic and market factors, as well as price and volume of homes sold. When home prices and the volume of home sale transactions increase (decrease), commissions generally will also increase (decrease). However, we are positioned to earn commissions on either — or both — of the buy side or sell side of residential real estate transactions, as well as the ability to receive other fees for complimentary services provided during the close process.

The U.S. residential real estate market was briefly impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic during the spring of 2020, however, the market rebounded sharply with the number of U.S. homes sold and the U.S. median home sales price in 2020 increasing materially over 2019 based on data released by the National Association of Realtors. Among other factors, the historically low mortgage rate environment

and increasing demand for remote workspace supported strong demand in the housing market throughout 2021. Similarly, the Company had a strong performance over the same period of time, achieving a record number of home sales and a record amount of growth in agent count.

#### Competition

We compete with local, regional, national and international residential real estate brokerages with respect to the sale of homes and to attract and retain agents, teams of agents, brokers and consumers—both home sellers and buyers. We compete primarily on the basis of our service, culture, collaboration, utilization of cloud-based systems and technologies that reduce costs, while providing relevant and substantial professional development opportunities for our agents and brokers with an opportunity to generate more business and participate in the growth of our company.

We believe that we are the only national real estate brokerage presently using a 3D immersive office environment in place of physical brick and mortar offices. Additionally, this innovative operational structure coupled with our distribution model allows us to effectively enter new markets with speed and flexibility and without much of the investment and cost associated with establishing a traditional brokerage. We also believe our compensation and incentive programs to attract and retain highly productive agents is one of the most compelling in the industry. As such, we believe that we are well-positioned in our competitive landscape.

#### Virbela

In November 2018, eXp World Technologies, LLC ("World Tech") acquired substantially all the assets of Virbela, LLC ("Virbela"). Virbela is a technology company that specializes in building 3D virtual worlds for work, education, and events. eXp Realty's current cloud campus—called eXp World—was created using Virbela's software and provides 24/7 access to collaboration tools, training, and social communities for the company's real estate agents and staff across our many locations. In December 2020, a Virbela virtual world was deployed for SUCCESS to allow staff, contractors, and consultants to meet, collaborate, and host events in real time across various locations. World Tech has continued to innovate the Virbela platform, expanding the product offering to agents, teams and others who could benefit from their own, always-available environments for collaboration.

Given the current environment due to the COVID-19 pandemic, we believe there is an acute need for virtual workplace collaboration. For the year ended December 31, 2021, Virbela continued to see growing demand from organizations exploring remote and hybrid operating models, including global Fortune-2000 firms with the need to connect distributed teams. As a result, Virbela continues to invest in product and infrastructure improvements, along with new feature development. We expect to continue to service existing and new business-to-business enterprise level Virbela contracts in the coming year.

#### Resources

#### Software Development

Our Company continues to increase our investment in the development of our own cloud-based transaction processing platforms and further expand our products and service offerings. We continue to create process efficiencies and provide our agents and brokers with mobile applications designed to facilitate transactions in an efficient and consumer friendly way. To further expand our products and service offerings, we offer an on-demand, home tour mobile application that enables home shoppers to request immediate access to properties exclusive to eXp Realty agents in certain markets.

Our operational model and growth strategies necessitate the internally-developed technologies used to support our operations now and in the future, as well as requires us to, at times, consider existing and emerging technology companies for acquisition, partnerships and other collaborative relationships.

#### Intellectual Property

Our cloud-based real estate brokerage is highly dependent on the proprietary technology that we employ and the intellectual property that we create. "eXp Realty" is one of our registered trademarks in the United States. We have also placed the marks "3D MLS", "3D Listing Service" and "RE Tech Campus" on the United States Patent and Trademark Office's Supplemental Register. We also own the rights to the domain names used by our domestic and international brokerages: http://exprealty.com, http://exprealty.ca, http://exprealty.ca,

While there can be no assurance that registered trademarks will protect our proprietary information, we intend to assert our intellectual property rights against any infringement. Although any assertion of our rights could result in a substantial cost and diversion of

management effort, we believe the protection and defense against infringement of our intellectual property rights are essential to our business.

#### **Environmental Impact**

As a company dedicated to disrupting the traditional industry model, eXp understands the importance of ingraining environmental, social and governance (ESG) best practices across the organization. In 2022, we will take important steps to understand our opportunities to create meaningful change, beginning with a materiality assessment – a process to define the topics that matter most to our business and stakeholders. Building on the identified material topics, eXp will develop a strong impact position, strategy, and targets to embed environment (as well as social and governance) topics in our business.

#### **Seasonality of Business**

Seasons and weather traditionally impact the real estate industry in the markets in which we operate. Spring and summer seasons historically reflect greater sales periods, and, in turn, higher revenues and operating results in comparison to fall and winter seasons. Notwithstanding seasonality, the 2021 real estate market is the strongest real estate market in 15 years based on data released by the National Association of Realtors.

# **Government Regulation**

We serve the residential real estate industry which is regulated by U.S. federal, international, state, provincial and local authorities as well as private associations or state sponsored associations or organizations. We are required to comply with federal, state, provincial, and local laws, as well as private governing bodies' regulations, which combined results in a highly-regulated industry.

We are also subject to U.S. federal, international, state, and provincial regulations relating to employment, contractor, and compensation practices. Except for certain employees who have an active real estate license, virtually all real estate professionals in our brokerage operations have been retained as independent contractors, either directly or indirectly through third-party entities formed by these independent contractors for their business purposes. With respect to these independent contractors, like most brokerage firms, we are subject to the Internal Revenue Service regulations, foreign regulations and applicable state and provincial law guidelines regarding independent contractor classification. These regulations and guidelines are subject to judicial and agency interpretation.

#### Real Estate Regulation – International

In countries outside of the United States, there are a variety of existing or contemplated governmental laws and regulations with which we are required to comply. Real estate and brokerage licensing laws and requirements vary from country to country. In general, all individuals and entities lawfully conducting businesses as real estate brokers, agents or sales associates must be licensed in the country, state, province or locale in which they carry on business and must at all times be in compliance.

In each of the countries where we have operations, we assign appropriate personnel to manage and comply with applicable laws and regulations.

#### Real Estate Regulation – U.S. Federal

The Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974, as amended, ("RESPA") requires lenders, mortgage brokers, or servicers of home loans to provide borrowers with pertinent and timely disclosures regarding the nature and costs of the real estate settlement process. RESPA also protects borrowers against certain abusive practices, such as kickbacks, and places limitations upon the use of escrow accounts. RESPA also requires detailed disclosures concerning the transfer, sale, or assignment of mortgage servicing, as well as disclosures for mortgage escrow accounts.

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act ("Dodd-Frank Act") moved authority to administer RESPA from the Department of Housing and Urban Development to the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB"). The Dodd-Frank Act increased regulation of the mortgage industry, including but not limited to: (i) generally prohibiting lenders from making residential mortgage loans unless a good faith determination is made of a borrower's creditworthiness based on verified and documented information; (ii) enacting regulations to help assure that consumers are provided with timely and understandable information about residential mortgage loans and to protect consumers against unfair, deceptive and abusive practices; and (iii) establishing minimum national underwriting guidelines for residential mortgages that lenders will be allowed to securitize without retaining any of the loans' default risk. In February 2019, the CFPB released a five-year strategic plan indicating that the CFPB intends to continue to focus on protecting consumer rights while engaging in rulemaking to address unwarranted regulatory burdens. Under the current strategic plan, the CFPB would (i) provide "clear rules of the road" through rulemaking and amendments; (ii) foster a "culture of compliance" among businesses; (iii) engage in "vigorous enforcement"; and (iv) educate consumers to make the best financial decisions. Additionally, in a recent regulatory agenda, the CFPB indicated that it planned to review "inherited regulations" to ensure "outdated, unnecessary, or unduly burdensome regulations" are addressed and modernized. As a result, the regulatory framework of RESPA applicable to our business may be subject to change. In addition, federal fair housing laws generally make it illegal to discriminate against protected

classes of individuals in housing or brokerage services. Other laws and regulations applicable to our business include (i) the Federal Truth in Lending Act of 1969; (ii) the Federal Equal Credit Opportunity; (iii) the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act; (iv) the Fair Housing Act; (v) the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act; (vi) the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act; (vii) the Consumer Financial Protection Act; (viii) the Fair and Accurate Credit Transactions Act; (ix) the Telephone Consumer Protection Act; and (x) state and federal laws pertaining to the privacy rights of consumers, which affects how we collect and use customer information, including solicitation of new clients.

Real Estate Regulation – U.S. State and Local Level

Real estate and brokerage licensing laws and requirements vary from state to state. In general, all individuals and entities lawfully conducting businesses as real estate brokers, agents or sales associates must be licensed in the state in which they carry on business and must at all times be in compliance.

Certain jurisdictions may require a person licensed as a real estate agent, broker, sales associate or salesperson, to be affiliated with a brokerage in order to engage in licensed real estate brokerage activities or allow the agent, broker, sales associate or salesperson to work for the public, another agent or broker, sales associate or salesperson conducting business on behalf of the brokerage, sponsoring agent, broker, sales associate or salesperson.

Engaging in the real estate brokerage business requires obtaining a real estate brokerage license. In order to obtain this license, jurisdictions require that a member or manager be licensed individually as a real estate broker in that jurisdiction. This member or manager is responsible for supervising the licensees and the entity's real estate brokerage activities within the state.

Real estate licensees, whether they are brokers, salespersons, individuals, agents or entities, must follow the state's real estate licensing laws and regulations. These laws and regulations generally specify minimum duties and obligations of these licensees to their clients and the public, as well as standards for the conduct of business, including contract and disclosure requirements, record keeping requirements, requirements for local offices, escrow trust fund management, agency representation, advertising regulations and fair housing requirements.

In each of the states where we have operations, we assign appropriate personnel to manage and comply with applicable laws and regulations.

Most states have local regulations (city or county government) that govern the conduct of the real estate brokerage business. Local regulations generally require additional disclosures by the parties to a real estate transaction or their agents or brokers, or the receipt of reports or certifications, often from the local governmental authority, prior to the closing or settlement of a real estate transaction as well as prescribed review and approval periods for documentation and broker conditions for review and approval.

# Third-Party Rules

Beyond U.S. federal, international, state, provincial and local governmental regulations, the real estate industry is subject to rules established by private real estate groups and/or trade organizations, including, among others, state and local Associations of REALTORS® ("AOR"), the National Association of Realtors® ("NAR"), and local Multiple Listing Services ("MLSs"). "REALTOR" and "REALTORS" are registered trademarks of the National Association of REALTORS®.

Each third-party organization generally has prescribed policies, bylaws, codes of ethics or conduct, and fees and rules governing the actions of members in dealings with other members, clients and the public, as well as how the third-party organization's brand and services may or may not be deployed or displayed.

We assign appropriate personnel to manage and comply with third party organization policies and bylaws.

### Environmental Regulation

The Company operates in a cloud-based model which gives us an insignificant physical geographical footprint. Due to this, we are not materially impacted by any environmental regulation.

### **Human Capital**

Our employees and independent real estate agents and brokers represent the human capital investments imperative to our operations. We ended fiscal year 2021 with 1,669 full-time employees. Our employees are not members of any labor union, and we have never experienced business interruptions due to labor disputes. We also utilize part-time and temporary employees and consultants when necessary. A key component to our operational capabilities is our independent real estate agent and broker network, which consisted of 71,137 agents as of December 31, 2021.

Management: Our operations are overseen directly by management. Our management oversees all responsibilities in the areas of corporate administration, business development and technological research and development. We have successfully expanded our current management to retain skilled employees with experience relevant to our business and intend to continue with this initiative. Our

management's relationships with agents, brokers, technology providers, and customers will provide the foundation through which we expect to grow our business in the future. We believe the skill-set of our management team will be a primary asset in the development of our brands and trademarks.

Talent and Culture: Our business is driven by nine core values of community, sustainability, integrity, service, collaboration, innovation, transparency, agility, and fun. At eXp, these core values are manifested throughout everything we do and support the Company's overall vision and shape our culture. We believe that our ongoing success is attributable in large part to our eXp staff who work across the U.S. and internationally in the cloud environment to support our agent-centric business model and core values. Attracting and retaining employee talent is a high priority for us, and we look to hire passionate and driven individuals who want to be a part of our mission to continue to grow the brokerage and our related suite of services. We also value transparency and are committed to an open and accountable workplace where employees are empowered to raise issues. The Company provides multiple channels to speak up, ask for guidance, and report concerns. eXp has been named one of the Best Places to Work on Glassdoor for each of the years 2019 through 2021. In 2021, we were named as one of the Top 100 Companies to Watch for Remote Jobs by FlexJobs.

Diversity and Inclusiveness: We are committed to creating an equitable, diverse and inclusive culture for our employees, agents and brokers. Our Employee Experience team operates under the human resources department and supports this mission with diversity, equity and inclusion practices to support employee engagement and global collaboration. In 2019, we formed the One eXp initiative which is an internal group available to our agents, brokers, and staff to discuss, promote and propose business actions that encourage diversity, equity, belonging, and inclusion. One eXp is also an important vehicle by which we connect diverse agents and brokers with clients identifying as and/or seeking out diverse representation in their home purchase or selling journey. Since its inception, One eXp has formed many dedicated subgroup networks, including networks for agents, brokers and staff promoting and/or identifying as Latino, South Asian, Asian, Middle Eastern, LGBTQIA+, Women, senior, young professional, and/or person with disabilities, and new groups are being added regularly.

*Health & Safety:* Our employees operate in a fully remote environment and are located across the U.S. and internationally. During 2021, our human resources department expanded on our existing health and safety benefit offerings to support the health and safety of our employees in their remote work environments.

Community Involvement: Our staff, agents and brokers are our best embodiment of the Company's commitment to community as a core value. Many of our staff, agents and brokers are involved in their own communities to support the betterment of lives. The Company also sponsors many community initiatives which are well attended by our staff, agents and brokers. The first week of October of each year is designated "I Heart eXp" week and staff, agents and brokers across the U.S. mobilize to take part in community charity initiatives. During September 2021, the Company also announced a joint initiative with New Story, a nonprofit that pioneers solutions to end global homelessness, to build 100 homes in the Morelos region of Mexico after it suffered damages from a 7.1 magnitude earthquake. Many staff and agents donated directly to New Story as part of this effort, which donations were matched by our founder and CEO Glenn Sanford up to \$300,000. Additionally, in 2021, eXp's wholly owned nonprofit, eXtend-a-Hand, was granted 501(c)(3) status by the Internal Revenue Service. eXtend-a-Hand's mission is to provide financial assistance to independent agents of the Company who suffer catastrophic events, including, without limitation, natural disasters, illness, and accidents, and in the case of dependents or designated beneficiaries, the death of their independent agent family member. The Company is devoted to agent well-being and looks forward to expanding the reach of eXtend-a-Hand into 2022.

Independent Agent and Broker Support: We provide entrepreneurial business opportunities and a competitive compensation structure to our independent agents and brokers. Additionally, our agents and brokers have a unique choice to attain a greater vested interest in eXp through the acceptance of equity awards in eXp stock as part of their compensation packages. These programs and our agent support platforms—including training, back-office support, and communications—allow agents and brokers to successfully operate their own businesses that are aligned with our strategies and goals, creating synergies across our distribution network. We believe it is critical to our success that agent voices are heard at every level of the Company, including management, which mission is supported by our Agent Advisory Council. Refer to our Agent Advisory Council section of our website at <a href="https://expworldholdings.com/agent-advisory-council/">https://expworldholdings.com/agent-advisory-council/</a> for information on agent participation in the management of eXp. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this report.

As the Company grows, management continually researches new directives and implementation efforts for the long-term success of the Company.

#### **Available Information**

Our Company files annual, quarterly, and current reports, proxy statements and other documents with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). The SEC maintains an Internet website that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. The public can obtain any documents that we file with the SEC at <a href="https://www.sec.gov">www.sec.gov</a>.

Our Company maintains a website at www.expworldholdings.com. Our filings with the SEC, including without limitation, our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, for the previous twelve-months are available through a link maintained on our website under the heading "Investors—SEC Filings."

Our Company also uses the following channels as a means of disclosing information about the Company on a broad, non-exclusionary basis, including information about our brokerage, upcoming investor and industry conferences, our planned financial and other announcements, and other matters and for complying with our disclosure obligations under Regulation FD:

eXp Realty Twitter Account (https://twitter.com/eXpRealty)

eXp World Holdings Twitter Account (https://twitter.com/eXpWorldIR)

eXp Realty Facebook Page (https://www.facebook.com/eXpRealty)

eXp World Holdings Facebook Page (https://www.facebook.com/eXpWorldHoldings)

eXp Realty Instagram Page (https://www.instagram.com/eXpRealty )

eXp World Holdings Instagram Page (https://www.instagram.com/eXpWorldHoldings)

Please note that this list may be updated from time to time. The contents of any website referred to in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are not intended to be incorporated into this Annual Report on Form 10-K or in any other report or document we file with the SEC, and any references to our websites are intended to be inactive textual references only.

#### Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the following factors, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or results of operations in future periods. The risks described below are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations in future periods. You should carefully consider the risk factors described below, together with all of the other information in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Part II, Item 7 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. Certain statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are forward-looking statements. See the section of this Annual Report on Form 10-K titled "Forward-Looking Statements."

#### Risks Related to Our Industry

Our profitability is tied to the strength of the residential real estate market, which is subject to a number of general business and macroeconomic conditions beyond our control.

Our profitability is closely related to the strength of the residential real estate market which is cyclical in nature and typically is affected by changes in national, state, and local economic conditions, which are beyond our control. Macroeconomic conditions that could adversely impact the growth of the real estate market and have a material adverse effect on our business include, but are not limited to, economic slowdown or recession, increased unemployment, increased energy costs, reductions in the availability of credit or higher interest rates, increased costs of obtaining mortgages, an increase in foreclosure activity, inflation, disruptions in capital markets, declines in the stock market, adverse tax policies or changes in other regulations, lower consumer confidence, lower wage and salary levels, war or terrorist attacks, natural disasters or adverse weather events, or the public perception that any of these events may occur. Unfavorable general economic conditions, such as a recession or economic slowdown, in the U.S., Canada, or other markets we enter and operate within, could negatively affect the affordability of, and consumer demand for, our services, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and profitability. In addition, international, federal and state governments, agencies, and government-sponsored entities such as Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and Ginnie Mae could take actions that result in unforeseen consequences to the real estate market or that otherwise could negatively impact our business.

### Monetary policies of the U.S. federal government and its agencies may have a material adverse impact on our operations.

The U.S. real estate market is substantially reliant on the monetary policies of the U.S. federal government and its agencies and is particularly affected by the policies of the Federal Reserve Board, which regulates the supply of money and credit in the U.S., which in turn impacts interest rates. Our business could be negatively impacted by any rising interest rate environment. As mortgage rates rise, the number of home sale transactions may decrease as potential home sellers choose to stay with their lower mortgage rate rather than sell their home and pay a higher mortgage rate with the purchase of another home. Similarly, in higher interest rate environments, potential home buyers may choose to rent rather than pay higher mortgage rates. Changes in the interest rate environment and mortgage market are beyond our control and are difficult to predict and, as such, could have a material adverse effect on our business and profitability.

#### General changes in consumer attitudes and behaviors could negatively impact homesale transaction volume.

The real estate market is affected by changes in consumer attitudes and behaviors, including as a result of changing attitudes towards and behaviors related to home ownership. Certain real estate markets have or may experience a decline in homeownership based on changing social behaviors, including as a result of declining marriage and birth rates. Because of these changing attitudes and behaviors, consumers may be more or less likely to prefer renting a home versus purchasing a home. In the event consumer attitudes and behaviors in any of our markets cause a declining interest in home purchasing, it may adversely impact the volume of home sale transactions closed by our brokers and agents and, as such, could have a material adverse effect on our business and profitability.

### Home inventory levels may result in excessive or insufficient supply, which could negatively impact home sale transaction growth.

Home inventory levels have been meaningfully declining or increasing in certain markets and price points in recent years. In both instances, homeowners are more likely to retain their homes for longer periods of time resulting in a negative impact on home sale volume growth. Insufficient home inventory levels can cause a reduction in housing affordability, which can result in potential home buyers deferring entry or reentry into the residential real estate market. Alternatively, excessive home inventory levels can contribute to a reduction in home values, which can result in some potential home sellers deferring entry into the residential real estate market. These inventory trends are caused by many pressures outside of our control, including slow or accelerated new housing construction, macroeconomic conditions, real estate industry models that purchase homes for long-term rental or corporate use, and other market conditions and behavioral trends discussed herein. During 2021, the U.S. generally experienced a decline in home inventory levels. Continuing constraints on home inventory levels may adversely impact the volume of home sale transactions closed by our brokers and agents and, as such, could have a material adverse effect on our business and profitability.

# Material decreases in the average brokerage commission rate, due to conditions beyond our control, could materially adversely affect our financial results.

There are many factors that contribute to average broker commission rates that are beyond our control. Factors that can contribute to a material decrease in brokerage commissions include regulation, a rise in discount brokers and agents, increased adoption of flat fees, commission models with more competitive rates, rebates or lower commission rates on transactions, as well as other competitive factors. The average broker commission rate for a real estate transaction is a key determinant of our profitability and a material decrease in brokerage commission rates could have a material adverse effect on our business and profitability.

# The coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic may have a material adverse effect on our businesses, financial condition, and results of operations.

Since early 2020 and continuing, the COVID-19 pandemic and subsequent coronavirus variants and regional outbreaks have had a profound effect on the global economy and financial markets. In the U.S. and abroad, governments continue to react to this evolving public health crisis by, among other actions, recommending or requiring the avoidance of gatherings of people or significantly or entirely curtailing activities categorized as non-essential. This unprecedented situation has created considerable risks and uncertainties for the U.S. real estate services industry in general and for the Company in particular, including those arising from the potential adverse effects on the economy as well as risks related to employees, independent agents, and consumers. The extent of the impact of the pandemic on our business and financial results will depend largely on future developments, including the extent and duration of the spread of the outbreak, the public health risks posed by new and future variants, the extent of governmental regulation (including, but not limited to, mandated "shelter in place" or other regulations that, for example, preclude or strictly limit open houses or in-person showings of properties), the impact on capital and financial markets and the related impact on consumer confidence and spending, and the magnitude of the financial and operational consequences to our agents and brokers, all of which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

# Our operating results are subject to seasonality and vary significantly among quarters during each calendar year, making meaningful comparisons of successive quarters difficult.

Seasons and weather traditionally impact the real estate industry. Continuous poor weather or natural disasters negatively impact listings and sales. Spring and summer seasons historically reflect greater sales periods in comparison to fall and winter seasons. We have historically experienced lower revenues during the fall and winter seasons, as well as during periods of unseasonable weather, which reduces our operating income, net income, operating margins and cash flow.

Real estate listings precede sales and a period of poor listings activity will negatively impact revenue. Past performance in similar seasons or during similar weather events can provide no assurance of future or current performance, and macroeconomic shifts in the markets we serve can conceal the impact of poor weather or seasonality.

Home sales in successive quarters can fluctuate widely due to a wide variety of factors, including holidays, national or international emergencies, the school year calendar's impact on timing of family relocations, interest rate changes, speculation of pending interest

rate changes and the overall macroeconomic market. Our revenue and operating margins each quarter will remain subject to seasonal fluctuations, poor weather and natural disasters and macroeconomic market changes that may make it difficult to compare or analyze our financial performance effectively across successive quarters.

#### Risks Related to our Business and Operations

#### We may be unable to maintain our agent growth rate, which would adversely affect our revenue growth and results of operations.

We have experienced rapid and accelerating growth in our real estate broker and agent base. During the year ended December 31, 2021, our agent and broker base grew to 71,137 agents and brokers, or by 72%, from 41,313 agents and brokers as of December 31, 2020. Because we derive revenue from real estate transactions in which our brokers and agents receive commissions, the amount and rate of growth of our revenue typically correlate to the amount and rate of growth of our agent and broker base, respectively. The rate of growth of our agent and broker base cannot be predicted and is subject to many factors outside of our control, including actions taken by our competitors and macroeconomic factors affecting the real estate industry in general. We cannot assure that we will be able to maintain our recent agent growth rate or that our agent and broker base will continue to expand in future periods. A slowdown in our agent growth rate would have a material adverse effect on revenue growth and could adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows.

# We may be unable to effectively manage rapid growth in our business.

We may not be able to scale our business quickly enough to meet the growing needs of our affiliated real estate professionals and if we are not able to grow efficiently, our operating results could be harmed. As the Company adds new real estate professionals, it will need to devote additional financial and human resources to improving its internal systems, integrating with third-party systems, and maintaining infrastructure performance. In addition, we will need to appropriately scale our internal business systems and our services organization, including support of our affiliated real estate professionals as our workforce and agent network expand over time. Any failure of or delay in these efforts could cause impaired system performance and reduced real estate professional satisfaction. These issues could reduce the attractiveness of our Company to existing real estate professionals who might leave the Company, as well as resulting in decreased attraction of new real estate professionals. Even if we are able to upgrade our systems and expand our staff, such expansion may be expensive, complex, and place increasing demands on our management. We could also face inefficiencies or operational failures as a result of our efforts to scale our infrastructure, and we may not be successful in maintaining adequate financial and operating systems and controls as we expand. Moreover, there are inherent risks associated with upgrading, improving, and expanding our information technology systems. We cannot be sure that the expansion and improvements to our infrastructure and systems will be fully or effectively implemented on a timely basis, if at all. These efforts may reduce revenue and our margins and adversely impact our financial results.

# If we fail to grow in the various local markets that we serve or are unsuccessful in identifying and pursuing new business opportunities our long-term prospects and profitability will be harmed.

To capture and retain market share in the various local markets that we serve, we must compete successfully against other brokerages for agents and brokers and for the consumer relationships that they bring. Our competitors could lower the fees that they charge to agents and brokers or could raise the compensation structure for those agents. Our competitors may have access to greater financial resources than us, allowing them to undertake expensive local advertising or marketing efforts. In addition, our competitors may be able to leverage local relationships, referral sources, and strong local brand and name recognition that we have not established. Our competitors could, as a result, have greater leverage in attracting new and established agents in the market and in generating business among local consumers. Our ability to grow in the local markets that we serve will depend on our ability to compete with these local brokerages.

We may implement changes to our business model and operations to improve revenues that cause a disproportionate increase in our expenses or reduce profit margins. For example, we may allocate resources to acquiring lower margin brokerage models and have invested in the development of a mortgage servicing division, a commercial real estate division, a title and escrow company, a mortgage lending company, a personal development company and a continuing education division. Expanding our service offerings could involve significant up-front costs that may only be recovered after lengthy periods of time. The barrier to entry in new real estate markets is low given our cloud-based operating model; however, attempts to pursue new business opportunities could result in a disproportionate increase in our expenses and in reduced profit margins. In addition, expansion into new markets and business lines, including internationally, could expose us to additional compliance obligations and regulatory risks. If we fail to continue to grow in the local markets we serve or if we fail to successfully identify and pursue new business opportunities, our long-term prospects, financial condition, and results of operations may be harmed, and our stock price may decline.

Our value proposition for agents and brokers includes allowing them to participate in the revenues of our Company and is not typical in the real estate industry. If agents and brokers do not understand our value proposition, we may not be able to attract, retain, and incentivize agents.

Participation in our revenue sharing plan represents a key component of our agent and broker value proposition. Agents and brokers may not understand or appreciate its value due to the intricacies of our programs. In addition, agents may not appreciate other components of our value proposition, including the cloud office platform, the mobility it affords, the systems and tools that we provide to agents and brokers, and the professional development opportunities we create and deliver. If agents and brokers do not understand the elements of our agent value proposition, or do not perceive it to be more valuable than the models used by most competitors, we may not be able to attract, retain and incentivize new and existing agents and brokers to grow our revenues.

### We may be unable to attract and retain additional qualified personnel.

To execute our business strategy, we must attract and retain highly qualified personnel. In particular, we compete with many other real estate brokerages for qualified brokers who manage our operations in each state. We must also compete with technology companies for developers with high levels of experience in designing, developing and managing cloud-based software, as well as for skilled service and operations professionals, and we may not be successful in attracting and retaining the professionals we need. Additionally, in order to realize the potential benefits of acquisitions, we may need to retain employees from the acquired businesses or hire additional personnel to fully capitalize on the opportunities that such acquisitions may offer, and we may not be successful in retaining or attracting such individuals following an acquisition. From time to time in the past we have experienced, and we expect to continue to experience in the future, difficulty in hiring and retaining highly skilled employees with appropriate qualifications. Many of the companies with which we compete for experienced personnel have greater resources than we do. In addition, in making employment decisions, particularly in the software industry, job candidates often consider the value of the stock options or other equity incentives they are to receive in connection with their employment. If the price of our stock declines or continues to experience significant volatility, our ability to attract or retain key employees may be adversely affected. If we fail to attract new personnel or fail to retain and motivate our current personnel, our growth prospects could be severely harmed.

# We have experienced net losses in recent years, and, because we have a limited operating history, our ability to fully and successfully develop our business is unknown.

We had a history of operating at losses since our inception in October 2009 until the fourth quarter of 2020 and have had consecutive periods of income since that time. Our ability to realize consistent, meaningful revenues and profit over a sustained period has not been established over the long term and cannot be assured in future periods.

While we believe that we have made significant progress in revenue growth and managing our overhead by implementing our cloud-based technology strategy, our services must achieve broad market acceptance by consumers, and we must continue to grow our geographical reach, attract more agents and brokers, and increase the volume of our residential real-estate transactions. If we are unsuccessful in continuing to gain market acceptance, we will not be able to generate sufficient revenue to continue our business operations and could recognize future operating and net losses.

Despite our ongoing efforts to build revenue growth, both organically and through acquisitions, and to control the anticipated expenses associated with the continued development, marketing and provision of our services, we may not be able to consistently generate significant net income and cash flows from operations in the future.

# We may not be able to utilize a portion of our net operating loss or research tax credit carryforwards, which may adversely affect our profitability.

As of December 31, 2021, we had federal, state and foreign net operating losses carryforward due to prior years' losses. The pre-fiscal 2018 federal, some state and foreign net operating losses will carry forward for a limited numbers of years. The Federal, as well as some state and foreign net operating losses generated in and after fiscal 2018 do not expire and can be carried forward indefinitely. We also have recorded federal research tax credits for the years 2019, 2020 and 2021 which will carry forward for 20 years and is expected to be fully utilized before expiration. A nominal portion of our net operating loss may expire unused and be unavailable to reduce future income tax liabilities, which may adversely affect our profitability.

In addition, under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, our ability to utilize net operating loss carryforwards or other tax attributes, in any taxable year, may be limited if we experience an "ownership change." A Section 382 "ownership change" generally occurs if one or more stockholders or groups of stockholders who own at least 5% of our stock increase their ownership by more than 50 percentage points over their lowest ownership percentage within a rolling three-year period. Similar rules may apply under state tax laws. It is possible that an ownership change, or any future ownership change, could have a material effect on the use of our net operating loss carryforwards or other tax attributes, which could adversely affect our profitability.

#### We could be subject to changes in tax laws and regulations that may have a material adverse effect in our business.

We operate and are subject to taxes in the United States and numerous other jurisdictions throughout the world. Changes to federal, state, local, or international tax laws on income, sales, use, indirect, or other tax laws, statutes, rules or regulations may adversely affect our effective tax rate, operating results or cash flows.

Our effective tax rate could increase due to several factors, including: changes in the relative amounts of income before taxes in the various jurisdictions in which we operate that have differing statutory tax rates; changes in tax laws, tax treaties, and regulations or the interpretation of them, including the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the "Tax Act"); changes to our assessment about our ability to realize our deferred tax assets that are based on estimates of our future results, the prudence and feasibility of possible tax planning strategies, and the economic and political environments in which we do business; the outcome of current and future tax audits, examinations or administrative appeals; and limitations or adverse findings regarding our ability to do business in some jurisdictions.

In particular, new income, sales and use or other tax laws or regulations could be enacted at any time, which could adversely affect our business operations and financial performance. Further, existing tax laws and, regulations could be interpreted, modified or applied adversely to us. For example, the Tax Act enacted many significant changes to the U.S. tax laws. Future guidance from the Internal Revenue Service and other tax authorities with respect to the Tax Act may affect us, and certain aspects of the Tax Act could be repealed or modified in future legislation. In addition, it is uncertain if and to what extent various states will conform to the Tax Act or any newly enacted federal tax legislation. Changes in corporate tax rates, the realization of net operating losses, and other deferred tax assets relating to our operations, the taxation of foreign earnings, and the deductibility of expenses under the Tax Act or future reform legislation could have a material impact on the value of our deferred tax assets and could increase our future U.S. tax expense.

# The utilization of a 3D cloud-based immersive office as a suitable substitute for a physical brick and mortar location is a new and unproven strategy and we cannot guarantee that we will be able to operate and grow within its confines.

Currently, our cloud office adequately supports the needs of our agent population located across the markets we serve. We cannot guarantee that our cloud office platform will continue to support our agent population and meet our business needs as we grow. The effectiveness of our cloud office platform is tied to a number of variables at any given time, including server capacity and concurrent users. In addition, the use of the cloud office platform and the use generally of 3D immersive office environments as an acceptable substitute among agents and brokers for physical office locations is unproven. We cannot guarantee that industry rank and file will adopt or accept cloud-based 3D office environments as a substitute for a physical office environment in a sustainable, long-term manner.

# SUCCESS Lending is in a nascent state and is an unproven business model with regulatory, compliance, consumer trends and macroeconomic risks, many of which are beyond our control.

The SUCCESS Lending business has a limited operating history and has encountered and will continue to encounter risks, uncertainties, difficulties, and expenses, including, without limitation, ongoing compliance with a complex and evolving regulatory environment, increasing its number of clients and loans, obtaining additional funding and service relationships on favorable terms as the company scales, and navigating an evolving macroeconomic landscape. If we are not able to timely and effectively respond to these requirements, or if risks arise outside our reasonable ability to respond effectively, our business may be harmed. Generally, the residential mortgage lending market involves a high degree of business and financial risk, which can result in substantial losses that could adversely affect our financial condition.

Additionally, SUCCESS Lending relies on third-party sources, including credit bureaus, for credit, identification, employment and other relevant information in order to review and select qualified borrowers. If this information becomes unavailable, becomes more expensive to access or is incorrect, our business may be harmed.

# We are actively, and intend to continue, developing new products and services complementary to our brokerage business, and our failure to accurately predict their demand or growth could have an adverse effect on our business.

We are actively, and intend in the future to continue, investing resources in developing new technology, services, products and other offerings complementary to our brokerage business. New business initiatives are inherently risky and may involve unproven business strategies and markets with which we have limited or no prior development or operating experience. Risks from these new initiatives include those associated with potential defects in the design, ongoing development and maintenance of technologies, reliance on data or user inputs that may prove inadequate or unavailable, failure to design products and services in a way that is more effective or affordable than competing third party products and services, and failure to scale businesses as they grow, among others. As a result of these risks, we could experience increased legal claims, reputational damage, financial loss or other adverse effects, which could be material. We

can provide no assurance that we will be able to efficiently or effectively develop, commercialize and achieve market acceptance of new products and services. Additionally, the human and financial capital committed to develop new products and services may either be insufficient or result in expenses that exceed the revenue actually originated from these new products and services. In addition, our efforts to develop new products and services could distract management from current operations and could divert capital and other resources from our existing business, including our brokerage business. Failure to achieve the expected benefits of our investments may occur and could harm our business.

### Our subsidiary, SUCCESS Franchising, LLC, is in a nascent state, involves new regulatory compliance and may be unprofitable.

Our SUCCESS Franchising business is developing a cowork franchise business that provides professional cowork spaces and affiliate and media services. It has a limited operating history and faces challenges, including an evolving business model, competition from the existing cowork business models, and a complex and evolving regulatory environment. These risks could challenge our business model, or otherwise harm our business.

We intend to evaluate acquisitions, mergers, joint ventures or investments in third-party technologies and businesses, but we may not realize the anticipated benefits from, and may have to pay substantial costs related to, any acquisitions, mergers, joint ventures, or investments that we undertake.

As part of our business and growth strategy, we evaluate acquisitions of, or investments in, a wide array of potential strategic opportunities, including third-party technologies and businesses, as well as other real estate brokerages. If we are not able to effectively integrate acquired businesses and assets or successfully execute on joint venture strategies, our operating results and prospects could be harmed. Since 2019, we have acquired new technology and operations and entered into joint venture arrangements. We will continue to look for opportunities to acquire technologies or operations that we believe will contribute to our growth and development, including our July 2020 acquisition of Showcase Web Sites, L.L.C., December 2020 acquisition of SUCCESS Enterprises LLC, and July 2021 launch of the SUCCESS Lending joint venture. The success of our future acquisition strategy will depend on our ability to identify, negotiate, complete, and integrate acquisitions. The success of our future joint venture strategies will depend on our ability to identify, negotiate, complete, and successfully manage and grow joint ventures with other parties. In addition, acquisitions and joint ventures could cause potentially dilutive issuances of equity securities or incurrence of debt.

Acquisitions and joint ventures are inherently risky, and any we complete may not be successful. Any acquisitions and joint ventures we pursue would involve numerous risks, including the following:

- difficulties in integrating and managing the operations and technologies of the companies we acquire, including higher than expected integration costs and longer integration periods;
- diversion of our management's attention from normal daily operations of our business;
- our inability to maintain the customers, key employees, key business relationships and reputations of the businesses we acquire;
- our inability to generate sufficient revenue or business efficiencies from acquisitions or joint ventures to offset our increased expenses associated with acquisitions or joint ventures;
- our responsibility for the liabilities of the businesses we acquire or gain ownership in through joint ventures, including, without limitation, liabilities arising out of their failure to maintain effective data security, data integrity, disaster recovery and privacy controls prior to the acquisition, their infringement or alleged infringement of third party intellectual property, contract or data access rights prior to the acquisition, or failure to comply with regulatory standards applicable to new business lines;
- difficulties in complying with new markets or regulatory standards to which we were not previously subject;
- delays in our ability to implement internal standards, controls, procedures and policies in the businesses we acquire or gain ownership in through joint ventures and increased risk that our internal controls will be ineffective;
- operations in a nascent state depend directly on utilization by eXp Realty agents and brokers and new and existing customers;
- adverse effects of acquisition and joint venture activity on the key performance indicators we use to monitor our performance as a business; and
- inability to fully realize intangible assets recognized through acquisitions or joint ventures and related non-cash impairment charges that may result if we are required to revalue such intangible assets.

Our failure to address these risks or any other challenges we encounter with our future acquisitions, joint ventures, and investments could cause us to not realize all or any of the anticipated benefits of such acquisitions, mergers, joint ventures or investments, incur unanticipated liabilities, and harm our business, which could negatively impact our operating results, financial condition, and cash flows.

#### Our international operations are subject to risks not generally experienced by our U.S. operations.

In addition to operating in Canada, we expanded our business into Australia and the United Kingdom in 2019, and into South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal and France, during 2020 and into Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany in 2021. Our international operations are subject to risks not generally experienced by our U.S. operations. The risks involved in our international operations and relationships that could result in losses against which we are not insured and, therefore, affect our profitability include:

- fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates;
- exposure to local economic conditions and local laws and regulations;
- employment laws that are significantly different that U.S. laws;
- diminished ability to legally enforce our contractual rights and use of our trademarks in foreign countries;
- difficulties in registering, protecting or preserving trade names and trademarks in foreign countries;
- restrictions on the ability to obtain or retain licenses required for operations;
- withholding and other taxes on third party cross-border transactions as well as remittances and other payments by subsidiaries;
- onerous requirements, subject to broad interpretation, for indirect taxes and income taxes that can result in audits with potentially significant financial outcomes;
- changes in foreign taxation structures;
- compliance with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, the U.K. Bribery Act, or similar laws of other countries;
- uncertainties and effects of the implementation of the United Kingdom's withdrawal of its membership from the European Union (referred to as Brexit), including financial, legal and tax implications;
- government and health organization restrictions within the international locations in which we operate in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, which can be significantly different than those imposed within U.S. jurisdictions; and
- regional and country specific data protection and privacy laws including the GDPR.

In addition, activities of agents and brokers outside of the U.S. are more difficult and more expensive to monitor, and improper activities or mismanagement may be more difficult to detect. Negligent or improper activities involving our agents and brokers may result in reputational damage to us and may lead to direct claims against us based on theories of vicarious liability, negligence, joint operations and joint employer liability which, if determined adversely, could increase costs, and subject us to incremental liability for their actions.

#### Loss of our current executive officers or other key management could significantly harm our business.

We depend on the industry experience and talent of our current executives. We believe that our future results will depend in part upon our ability to retain and attract highly skilled and qualified management. The loss of our executive officers could have a material adverse effect on our operations because other officers may not have the experience and expertise to readily replace these individuals. To the extent that one or more of our top executives or other key management personnel depart from the Company, our operations and business prospects may be adversely affected. In addition, changes in executives and key personnel could be disruptive to our business.

#### Failure to protect intellectual property rights could adversely affect our business.

Our intellectual property rights, including existing and future trademarks, trade secrets, patents and copyrights, are important assets of the business. We have taken measures to protect our intellectual property, but these measures may not be sufficient or effective. We may bring lawsuits to protect against the potential infringement of our intellectual property rights and other companies, including our competitors, could make claims against us alleging our infringement of their intellectual property rights. There can be no assurance that we would prevail in such lawsuits. Any significant impairment of our intellectual property rights could harm our business.

We have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting in the past and have remediated the previously identified material weaknesses in 2020. If our remedial measures in future years are unsuccessful or inadequate, our financial statements could include material misstatements.

During its evaluation of the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2019, management identified material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting. During 2020, we identified and implemented remedial measures to address the control deficiencies that led to the material weaknesses and our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2020 and 2021. However, there can be no assurance that remedial measures will prevent other control deficiencies or material weaknesses, and we may identify additional material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting in the future. If we identify additional material weaknesses in our internal control over financial statements within the time periods specified by the rules and forms of the SEC may be adversely affected. The occurrence of, or failure to remediate, any further material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting may result in material misstatements, as well as negatively impact the reliability of our

financial statements, our reputation, our business, and the trading price of our common stock, potentially leading to the suspension of trading on or delisting of our common stock from the NASDAQ stock exchange.

### Risks Related to our Technology

# If we do not remain an innovative leader in the real estate industry, we may not be able to grow our business and leverage our costs to achieve profitability.

Innovation has been critical to our ability to compete against other brokerages for clients and agents. For example, we have pioneered the utilization of a 3D immersive online office environment in the real estate market which reduces our need for office space and facilitates the transaction of business away from an office. If competitors follow our practices or develop innovative practices, our ability to achieve profitability may diminish or erode. For example, certain other brokerages could develop or license cloud-based office platforms that are equal to or superior to ours. If we do not remain on the forefront of innovation, we may not be able to achieve or sustain profitability.

The market for Internet products and services including, without limitation, 3D immersive experiences, virtual reality and augmented reality is characterized by rapid technological developments, evolving industry standards and consumer demands, and frequent new product introductions and enhancements. The Company's future success will depend in significant part on its ability to continually improve the performance, features and reliability of its Internet-based virtual environment, its tools and other properties in response to both evolving demands of the marketplace and competitive product offerings, and there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in doing so. In addition, the widespread adoption of new virtual reality and augmented reality applications through new technology developments could require fundamental changes in the Company's services.

# Our business could be adversely affected if we are unable to expand, maintain and improve the systems and technologies which we rely on to operate.

As the number of agents and brokers in our company grows, our success will depend on our ability to expand, maintain and improve the technology that supports our business operations, including, but not limited to, our cloud office platform. Loss of key personnel or the lack of adequate staffing with the requisite expertise and training could impede our efforts in this regard. If our systems and technologies lack capacity or quality sufficient to service agents and their clients, then the number of agents who wish to use our products could decrease, the level of client service and transaction volume afforded by our systems could suffer, and our costs could increase. In addition, if our systems, procedures or controls are not adequate to provide reliable, accurate and timely financial and other reporting, we may not be able to satisfy regulatory scrutiny or contractual obligations with third parties and may suffer a loss of reputation. Any of these events could negatively affect our financial position.

# Our business, financial condition and reputation may be substantially harmed by security breaches, interruptions, delays and failures in our systems and operations.

The performance and reliability of our systems and operations are critical to our reputation and ability to attract agents, teams of agents and brokers into our company as well as our ability to service home buyers and sellers. Our systems and operations are vulnerable to security breaches, interruption or malfunction due to events beyond our control, including natural disasters, such as earthquakes, fire and flood, power loss, telecommunication failures, break-ins, sabotage, computer viruses, intentional acts of vandalism and similar events. In addition, we rely on third party vendors to provide the cloud office platform and to provide additional systems and related support. If we cannot continue to retain these services on acceptable terms, our access to these systems and services could be interrupted. Any security breach, interruption, delay or failure in our systems and operations could substantially reduce the transaction volume that can be processed with our systems, impair quality of service, increase costs, prompt litigation and other consumer claims, and damage our reputation, any of which could substantially harm our financial condition.

# Cybersecurity incidents could disrupt our business operations, result in the loss of critical and confidential information, adversely impact our reputation and harm our business.

Cybersecurity threats and incidents directed at us could range from uncoordinated individual attempts to gain unauthorized access to information technology systems to sophisticated and targeted measures aimed at disrupting business or gathering personal data of customers. In the ordinary course of our business, we and our agents and brokers collect and store sensitive data, including proprietary business information and personal information about our clients and customers. Our business, and particularly our cloud-based platform, is reliant on the uninterrupted functioning of our information technology systems. The secure processing, maintenance, and transmission of information are critical to our operations, especially the processing and closing of real estate transactions. Although we employ measures designed to prevent, detect, address, and mitigate these threats (including access controls, data encryption, vulnerability assessments, and maintenance of backup and protective systems), cybersecurity incidents, depending on their nature and scope, could potentially result in the misappropriation, destruction, corruption, or unavailability of critical data and confidential or proprietary information (our own or that of third parties, including potentially sensitive personally information of our clients and customers) and

the disruption of business operations. Any such compromises to our security could cause harm to our reputation, which could cause customers to lose trust and confidence in us, or could cause agents and brokers to stop working for us. In addition, we may incur significant costs for remediation that may include liability for stolen assets or information, repair of system damage, and compensation to clients, customers and business partners. We may also be subject to legal claims, government investigation, and additional state and federal statutory requirements.

The potential consequences of a material cybersecurity incident include regulatory violations of applicable U.S. and foreign privacy and other laws, reputational damage, loss of market value, litigation with third parties (which could result in our exposure to material civil or criminal liability), diminution in the value of the services we provide to our customers, and increased cybersecurity protection and remediation costs (that may include liability for stolen assets or information), which in turn could have a material adverse effect on our competitiveness and results of operations.

#### Risks Related to Legal and Regulatory Matters

We offer our independent agents the opportunity to earn additional commissions through our revenue sharing plan, which pays under a multi-tiered compensation structure similar in some respects to network marketing. Network marketing is subject to intense government scrutiny, and regulation and changes in the law, or the interpretation and enforcement of the law, might adversely affect our business.

Various laws and regulations in the United States and other countries regulate network marketing. These laws and regulations exist at many levels of government in many different forms, including statutes, rules, regulations, judicial decisions, and administrative orders. Network marketing regulations are inherently fact-based and often do not include "bright line" rules. Additionally, we are subject to the risk that the regulations, or a regulator's interpretation and enforcement of the regulations, could change. From time to time, we have received requests to supply information regarding our revenue sharing plan to regulatory agencies. We could potentially in the future be required to modify our revenue sharing plan in certain jurisdictions in order to comply with the interpretation of the regulations by local authorities.

In the United States, the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") has entered into several highly publicized settlements with network marketing companies that required those companies to modify their compensation plans and business models. Those settlements resulted from actions brought by the FTC involving a variety of alleged violations of consumer protection laws, including misleading earnings representations by the companies' independent distributors, as well as the legal validity of the companies' business model and distributor compensation plans. FTC determinations such as these have created an ambiguity regarding the proper interpretation of the law and regulations applicable to network marketing companies in the U.S. Although a consent decree between the FTC and a specific company does not represent judicial precedent, FTC officials have indicated that the network marketing industry should look to these consent decrees, and the principles contained therein, for guidance. Additionally, following the issuance of these consent decrees, the FTC issued non-binding guidance to the network marketing industry, suggesting it was intending to reinforce the principles contained in the consent decrees and provide other operational guidance to the network marketing industry.

While we strive to ensure that our overall business model, and revenue sharing plan, are regulatory compliant in each of our markets, we cannot assure you that a regulator, if it were to review our business, would agree with our assessment and would not require us to change one or more aspects of our operations. Any action against us in the future by the FTC or another regulator could materially and adversely affect our operations.

We cannot predict the nature of any future law, regulation, or guidance, nor can we predict what effect additional governmental regulations, judicial decisions, or administrative orders, when and if promulgated, would have on our business. Failure by us, or our independent agents, to comply with these laws, could adversely affect our business.

We face significant risk to our brand and revenue if we fail to maintain compliance with the law and regulations of federal, state, county and foreign governmental authorities, or private associations and governing boards.

We operate in a heavily regulated industry subject to complex, federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulations within the markets in which we operate and third-party organizations' regulations, policies and bylaws governing the real estate business.

In general, the laws, rules and regulations that apply to our business practices include, without limitation, RESPA, the federal Fair Housing Act, the Dodd-Frank Act, the Exchange Act, and federal advertising and other laws, as well as comparable state statutes; rules of trade organizations such as NAR, local MLSs, and state and local AORs; licensing requirements and related obligations that could arise from our business practices relating to the provision of services other than real estate brokerage services, including without limitation, our mortgage lending services; privacy regulations relating to our use of personal information collected from the registered users of our websites; laws relating to the use and publication of information through the Internet; and state real estate brokerage and mortgage lending licensing requirements, as well as statutory due diligence, disclosure, record keeping and standard-of-care obligations relating to these licenses.

Additionally, the Dodd-Frank Act contains the Mortgage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act ("Mortgage Act"), which imposes a number of additional requirements on lenders and servicers of residential mortgage loans, by amending certain existing provisions and adding new sections to RESPA and other federal laws. It also broadly prohibits unfair, deceptive or abusive acts or practices, and knowingly or recklessly providing substantial assistance to a covered person in violation of that prohibition. The penalties for noncompliance with these laws are also significantly increased by the Mortgage Act, which could lead to an increase in lawsuits against mortgage lenders and servicers.

As we expand our business into new international markets, including the United Kingdom, Australia, South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal, France, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany, we are subject to additional foreign governmental regulation. Ensuring compliance with these newly applicable laws could substantially increase our operating expenses. In addition, entry into these new markets exposes us to increased risk and liability. For example, the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR") confers significant privacy rights on individuals (including employees and independent agents), and materially increased penalties for violations. A violation of any of these applicable laws could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Maintaining legal compliance is challenging and increases our costs due to resources required to continually monitor business practices for compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations, and to monitor changes in the applicable laws themselves.

We may not become aware of all the laws, rules and regulations that govern our business, or be able to comply with all of them, given the rate of regulatory changes, ambiguities in regulations, contradictions in regulations between jurisdictions, and the difficulties in achieving both company-wide and region-specific knowledge and compliance.

If we fail, or we have alleged to have failed, to comply with any existing or future applicable laws, rules and regulations, we could be subject to lawsuits and administrative complaints and proceedings, as well as criminal proceedings. Our noncompliance could result in significant defense costs, settlement costs, damages and penalties.

Our business licenses could be suspended or revoked, our business practices enjoined, or we could be required to modify our business practices, which could materially impair, or even prevent, our ability to conduct all or any portion of our business. Any such events could also damage our reputation and impair our ability to attract and service home buyers, home sellers, agents, clients, and customers as well our ability to attract brokerages, brokers, teams of agents and agents to our company, without increasing our costs.

Further, if we lose our ability to obtain and maintain all of the regulatory approvals and licenses necessary to conduct business as we currently operate, our ability to conduct business may be harmed. Lastly, any lobbying or related activities we undertake in response to mitigate liability of current or new regulations could substantially increase our operating expenses.

We may suffer significant financial harm and loss of reputation if we do not comply, cannot comply, or are alleged to have not complied with applicable laws, rules and regulations concerning our classification and compensation practices for the agents in our owned-and-operated brokerage.

Except for our employed state brokers and commission only employees, all real estate professionals in our brokerage operations have been retained as independent contractors, either directly or indirectly through third-party entities formed by these independent contractors for their business purposes. With respect to these independent contractors, like most brokerage firms, we are subject to the taxing authorities' regulations and applicable laws regarding independent contractor classification. These regulations and guidelines are subject to judicial and agency interpretation, and it might be determined that the independent contractor classification is inapplicable to any of our affiliated real estate professionals. Further, if legal standards for classification of real estate professionals as independent contractors change or appear to be changing, it may be necessary to modify our compensation and benefits structure for our affiliated real estate professionals in some or all of our markets, including by paying additional compensation or reimbursing expenses.

In the future we could incur substantial costs, penalties and damages, including back pay, unpaid benefits, taxes, expense reimbursement and attorneys' fees, in defending future challenges by our affiliated real estate professionals to our employment classification or compensation practices.

# We are subject to certain risks related to legal proceedings filed by or against us, and adverse results may harm our business and financial condition.

We are subject to risk of, and are from time to time involved in, or may in the future be subject to, claims, suits, government investigations, and proceedings arising from our business, including actions with respect to securities, intellectual property, privacy, information security, data protection or law enforcement matters, tax matters, labor and employment, including claims challenging the classification of our agents and brokers as independent contractors and compliance with wage and hour regulations, and claims alleging violations of RESPA or state consumer fraud statutes, and commercial arrangements. We are also subject to risk related to shareholder derivative actions, standard brokerage disputes like the failure to disclose hidden defects in a property such as mold, vicarious liability

based upon conduct of individuals or entities outside of our control, including our agents, brokers, third-party service or product providers, and purported class action lawsuits.

We cannot predict with certainty the cost of defense, the cost of prosecution, insurance coverage or the ultimate outcome of litigation and other proceedings filed by or against us, including remedies or damage awards. Adverse results in such litigation and other proceedings may harm our business and financial condition. Class action lawsuits can often be particularly burdensome given the breadth of claims, large potential damages and significant costs of defense. In the case of intellectual property litigation and proceedings, adverse outcomes could include the cancellation, invalidation or other loss of material intellectual property rights used in our business and injunctions prohibiting our use of business processes or technology that is subject to third party patents or other third party intellectual property rights. In addition, we may be required to enter into licensing agreements (if available on acceptable terms) and be required to pay royalties. In the case of securities litigation and proceedings, adverse outcomes could include the cancellation, invalidation, or modification of our existing equity incentive program.

From time to time, we may become involved in lawsuits and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. At present, we are not involved in any material pending legal proceedings, and there are no proceedings in which any of our directors, officers or affiliates is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to our interest.

# We are and may, in the future, be blocked from or limited in providing our agent compensation plans in certain jurisdictions, and may be required to modify our business model in those jurisdictions as a result.

Our agent compensation plans represent a key lever in our strategy to attract and retain independent agents and brokers and are subject to various international, federal, state, territorial, and local laws, rules and regulations which differ in each of our existing and future markets. As a result, we are and may, in the future, be blocked from or limited in providing each of our agent compensation plans in certain markets. In addition, these laws, rules and regulations are subject to judicial and agency interpretation, and it might be determined that our agent compensation plans are not permitted to be offered to independent contractors. In response to such limitations, we have and may, in the future, be required to modify our agent compensation practices in such markets. Failure to comply with applicable law, rules and regulations or failure to subsequently modify our business model in certain jurisdictions to effectively attract and retain agents and brokers negatively could negatively affect our business, results of operations or financial condition. The costs attributable to developing compliant agent compensation plans can be significant and could adversely affect our financial condition.

# If we fail to protect the privacy and personal information of our customers, agents or employees, we may be subject to legal claims, government action and damage to our reputation.

Hundreds of thousands of consumers, independent contractors, and employees have shared personal information with us during the normal course of our business processing real estate transactions. This includes, but is not limited to, social security numbers, annual income amounts and sources, consumer names, addresses, telephone and cell phone numbers, and email addresses. To run our business, it is essential for us to store and transmit this sensitive information in our systems and networks. At the same time, we are subject to numerous laws, regulations, and other requirements that require businesses like ours to protect the security of personal information, notify customers and other individuals about our privacy practices, and limit the use, disclosure, or transfer of personal data across country borders. Regulators in the U.S. and abroad continue to enact comprehensive new laws or legislative reforms imposing significant privacy and cybersecurity restrictions. The result is that we are subject to increased regulatory scrutiny, additional contractual requirements from corporate customers, and heightened compliance costs. These ongoing changes to privacy and cybersecurity laws also may make it more difficult for us to operate our business and may have a material adverse effect on our operations. For example, the European Union's GDPR conferred new and significant privacy rights on individuals (including employees and independent agents), and materially increased penalties for violations. In the U.S., California enacted the California Consumer Privacy Act—which went into full effect in 2021—imposing new and comprehensive requirements on organizations that collect and disclose personal information about California residents. In March 2017, the New York Department of Financial Services' cybersecurity regulation went into effect, requiring regulated financial institutions to establish a detailed cybersecurity program. Program requirements include corporate governance, incident planning, data management, system testing, vendor oversight, and regulator notification rules. Now, other state regulatory agencies are expected to enact similar requirements following the adoption of the Insurance Data Security Model Law by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners that is consistent with the New York regulation.

Any significant violations of privacy and cybersecurity could result in the loss of new or existing business, litigation, regulatory investigations, the payment of fines, damages, and penalties and damage to our reputation, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

We could also be adversely affected if legislation or regulations are expanded to require changes in our business practices or if governing jurisdictions interpret or implement their legislation or regulations in ways that negatively affect our business, results of operations or financial condition.

In addition, while we disclose our information collection and dissemination practices in a published privacy statement on our websites, which we may modify from time to time, we may be subject to legal claims, government action and damage to our reputation if we act or are perceived to be acting inconsistently with the terms of our privacy statement, customer expectations or state, national and international regulations. Our policy and safeguards could be deemed insufficient if third parties with whom we have shared personal information fail to protect the privacy of that information.

The occurrence of a significant claim in excess of our insurance coverage or which is not covered by our insurance in any given period could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations during the period. In the event we or the vendors with which we contract to provide services on behalf of our customers were to suffer a breach of personal information, our customers and independent agents could terminate their business with us. Further, we may be subject to claims to the extent individual employees or independent contractors breach or fail to adhere to Company policies and practices and such actions jeopardize any personal information. Our legal liability could include significant defense costs, settlement costs, damages and penalties, plus, damage our reputation with consumers, which could significantly damage our ability to attract customers. Any or all of these consequences would result in a meaningful unfavorable impact on our brand, business model, revenue, expenses, income and margins.

In addition, concern among potential home buyers or sellers about our privacy practices could result in regulatory investigations, especially in the European Union as related to the GDPR. Additionally, concern among potential home buyers or sellers could keep them from using our services or require us to incur significant expense to alter our business practices or educate them about how we use personal information.

#### Risks Related to Our Stock

Glenn Sanford, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, together with Penny Sanford, a significant shareholder, Jason Gesing, a director and the Chief Executive Officer of eXp Realty, and Gene Frederick, a director, own a significant percentage of our stock and have agreed to act as a group on any matter submitted to a vote of our stockholders. As a result, the trading price for our shares may be depressed, and they can take actions that may be adverse to the interests of our other stockholders.

On January 25, 2022, Glenn Sanford, Penny Sanford, Jason Gesing, and Gene Frederick filed an amended Schedule 13D with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which disclosed that they beneficially owned approximately 54.2% of our outstanding common stock as of December 31, 2021, and that they had agreed to vote their shares as a group with respect to the election of directors and any other matter on which our shares of common stock are entitled to vote. This significant concentration of share ownership may adversely affect the trading price for our common stock because investors may perceive disadvantages in owning stock in a company with a controlling stockholder group. The group can significantly influence all matters requiring approval by our stockholders, including the election and removal of directors and any proposed merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of our assets. In addition, due to his significant ownership stake and his service as our Principal Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors, Mr. Sanford controls the management of our business and affairs. Together, Messrs. Sanford, Gesing, and Frederick hold three of our seven board seats. This concentration of ownership and control could have the effect of delaying, deferring, or preventing a change in control, or impeding a merger or consolidation, takeover or other business combination that could be favorable to our other stockholders.

We are a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ rules, and, as a result, we qualify for, and intend to rely on, exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements.

As of December 31, 2021, Glenn Sanford, Penny Sanford, Jason Gesing, and Gene Frederick beneficially owned approximately 54.2% of the total combined voting power of our outstanding common stock. Accordingly, we qualify as a "controlled company" within the meaning of NASDAQ corporate governance standards.

Under NASDAQ rules, a company of which more than 50% of the voting power is held by an individual, group, or another company is a "controlled company" and may elect not to comply with certain NASDAQ corporate governance standards, including:

- the requirement that a majority of the members of our board of directors be independent directors;
- the requirement that our nominating and corporate governance committee be composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committee's purpose and responsibilities;
- the requirement that we have a compensation committee that is composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter for addressing the committee's purpose and responsibilities; and
- the requirement for an annual performance evaluation of the nominating and corporate governance and compensation committees.

We intend to use these exemptions. As a result, we will not have a majority of independent directors, our compensation and our nominating and corporate governance committees will not consist entirely of independent directors, and such committees may not be subject to annual performance evaluations. Consequently, our stockholders will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders

of companies that are subject to all of the NASDAQ corporate governance rules and requirements. Our status as a controlled company could make our common stock less attractive to some investors or otherwise harm our stock price.

# Because we can issue additional shares of common stock, our stockholders may experience dilution in the future.

We are authorized to issue up to 900,000,000 shares of common stock, of which 155,516,284 shares were issued, and 148,764,592 shares were outstanding as of December 31, 2021. Our Board of Directors has the authority to cause us to issue additional shares of common stock without consent of any of our stockholders. Consequently, current stockholders may experience more dilution in their ownership of our common stock in the future.

# The stock price of our common stock has been and likely will continue to be volatile and may decline in value regardless of our performance.

The market price for our common stock could fluctuate significantly for various reasons, many of which are outside our control, including those described above and the following:

- our operating and financial performance and prospects;
- future sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market, including but not limited to shares we may issue as consideration for acquisitions or investments;
- housing and mortgage finance markets;
- our quarterly or annual earnings or those of other companies in our industry;
- the public's reaction to our press releases, other public announcements and filings with the SEC;
- changes in recommendations or analysis of our prospects by securities analysts who track our common stock;
- market and industry perception of our success, or lack thereof, in pursuing our growth strategy;
- strategic actions by us or our competitors, such as acquisitions or restructurings;
- actual or potential changes in laws, regulations and regulatory interpretations;
- changes in interest rates;
- changes in demographics relating to housing such as household formation or other consumer preferences toward home ownership;
- changes in accounting standards, policies, guidance, interpretations or principles;
- arrival and departure of key personnel;
- adverse resolution of new or pending litigation or regulatory proceedings against us;
- government and health organization restrictions within the domestic and international locations in which we operate in response to the COVID-19 pandemic; and
- changes in general market, economic and political conditions in the United States and global economies.

In addition, the stock markets have experienced periods of high price and volume fluctuations that have affected and continue to affect the market prices of the equity securities of many companies, including technology companies and real estate brokerages. Such price fluctuations can be unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of those companies. In the past, stockholders have instituted securities class action litigation following periods of market volatility. If we were to become involved in securities litigation, it could subject us to substantial costs, divert resources and the attention of management from our business, and harm our business.

# Because we may not pay any cash dividends on our shares of common stock in the near future, our stockholders may not be able to receive a return on their shares unless they sell them.

On August 4, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors declared and subsequently paid its first cash dividend. The Company then declared and paid a subsequent dividend during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. There is no assurance that future dividends will be paid, and if dividends are paid, there is no assurance with respect to the amount of any such dividend. The declaration, payment and amount of any future dividends will be made at the discretion of the Board of Directors, and will depend upon, among other things, the results of operations, cash flows and financial condition, operating and capital requirements, and other factors as the board of directors considers relevant. Unless we pay dividends, our stockholders will not be able to receive a return on their shares unless they sell them.

Delaware law and our organizational documents may impede or discourage a takeover, which could deprive our investors of the opportunity to receive a premium for their shares.

We are a Delaware corporation, and the anti-takeover provisions of Delaware law impose various impediments to the ability of a third party to acquire control of us, even if a change of control would be beneficial to our existing stockholders. In addition, provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws may make it more difficult for, or prevent a third party from, acquiring control of us without the approval of our Board of Directors. Among other things, these provisions:

- do not permit cumulative voting in the election of directors, which would otherwise allow less than a majority of stockholders to elect director candidates;
- delegate the sole power to a majority of the Board of Directors to fix the number of directors;
- provide the power to our Board of Directors to fill any vacancy on our Board of Directors, whether such vacancy occurs as a result of an increase in the number of directors or otherwise;
- eliminate the ability of stockholders to call special meetings of stockholders; and
- establish advance notice requirements for nominations for election to our Board of Directors or for proposing matters that can be acted on by stockholders at stockholder meetings.

The foregoing factors could impede a merger, takeover or other business combination or discourage a potential investor from making a tender offer for our common stock which, under certain circumstances, could reduce the market value of our common stock and our investors' ability to realize any potential change-in-control premium.

#### Item 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

Not applicable.

#### Item 2. PROPERTIES

Our principal corporate office is located at 2219 Rimland Drive, Suite 301, Bellingham, WA, and is leased office space. We also lease small office spaces in a number of regions in which we operate, in order to comply with regulatory and licensing requirements within those jurisdictions and, in certain instances, to provide office space to our managing brokers and drop-in space for our agents. In some of these instances, the managing brokers are financially responsible for a significant portion of the rental expense associated with a leased office space. We generally do not provide office space for the agents other than for drop-in service. We do not own any real property. We believe that leased facilities are adequate to meet current needs and that additional facilities will be available for lease to meet future needs.

#### Item 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Refer to Item 1A. – Risk Factors" and Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, *Note 13 – Commitments and Contingencies* to the consolidated financial statements included elsewhere within this report for additional information on the Company's legal proceedings.

The Company believes that it has adequately and appropriately accrued for legal matters. We recognize expense for legal claims when payments associated with the claims become probable and can be reasonably estimated.

Litigation and other legal matters are inherently unpredictable and subject to substantial uncertainties and adverse resolutions could occur. In addition, litigation and other legal matters, including class action lawsuits, government investigations and regulatory proceedings can be costly to defend and, depending on the class size and claims, could be costly to settle. As such, the Company could incur judgments, penalties, sanctions, fines or enter into settlements of claims with liability that are materially in excess of amounts accrued and these settlements could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows in any particular period.

#### Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

#### **PART II**

# Item 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

#### **Market Information**

The common stock of eXp World Holdings, Inc. ("eXp", or, collectively with its subsidiaries, the "Company", "we", "us", or "our") is traded on the NASDAQ Global Market operated by NASDAQ, Inc. under the trading symbol "EXPI".

Trading in our common stock quoted on the NASDAQ Global Market is characterized by wide fluctuations in trading prices due to many factors, some of which may have little to do with our Company's operations or business prospects. We cannot assure investors that there will be a market for our common stock in the future.

#### **Holders of Record**

As of February 14, 2022, we had approximately 104,745 shareholders of record. This does not include persons whose stock is in nominee or "street name" accounts through brokers.

#### **Dividends**

On August 4, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors declared and subsequently paid its first cash dividend. During 2021, the Company's Board of Directors declared the following dividends on its common stock:

<u>Declaration Date</u>	Record Date	Payable Date	Per Share
August 4, 2021	August 16, 2021	August 30, 2021	\$0.04
October 26, 2021	November 29, 2021	November 15, 2021	\$0.04

The Company has not paid cash dividends on its common stock in previous periods, including during the year ended December 31, 2020. Payment of cash dividends is at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors in accordance with applicable law after taking into account various factors, including our financial condition, operating results, current and anticipated cash needs and plans for growth. Under Delaware law, we can only pay dividends either out of surplus or out of the current or the immediately preceding year's earnings. Therefore, no assurance is given that we will pay any future dividends to our common stockholders, or as to the amount of any such dividends.

#### **Common Stock Split**

On January 15, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors approved a two-for-one stock split in the form of a stock dividend to shareholders of record as of January 29, 2021 (the "Stock Split"). The Stock Split was effected on February 12, 2021. All shares, restricted stock units ("RSU"), stock options, and per share information have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the stock split.

### Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

We may repurchase shares of our common stock from time to time at prevailing market prices, depending on market conditions, through open market, privately negotiated transactions, or through a 10b5-1 plan. No date has been established for the completion of the share repurchase program, and we are not obligated to repurchase any shares. Subject to applicable corporate securities laws, repurchases may be made at such times and in such amounts as management deems appropriate. Repurchases under the program can be discontinued at any time management feels additional repurchases are not warranted. Any shares repurchased under the program are returned to the status of authorized but unissued shares of common stock until retired.

Refer to Note 10 – Stockholders' Equity to the consolidated financial statements herein for more details regarding our stock repurchase program.

The following table provides information about repurchases of our common stock during the quarter ended December 31, 2021:

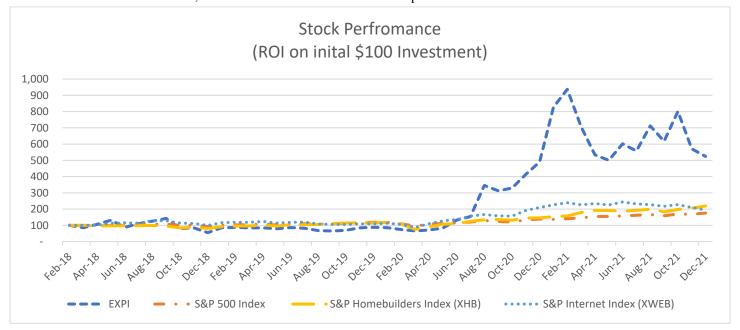
	Total number of shares	Average price paid per	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans
Period	purchased	share	or programs (1)	or programs
10/1/2021 - 10/31/2021	213,481	\$ 46.68	213,481	\$ 228,273,996
11/1/2021 - 11/30/2021	239,041	42.83	239,041	218,342,682
12/1/2021 - 12/31/2021	286,375	35.00	286,375	208,350,704
Total	738,897	\$ 41.50	738,897	

The repurchase program began on January 2, 2019 and was set to expire on June 28, 2019. On June 12, 2019, the Company, under authorization from the Board of Directors, amended the plan. The amended plan extended the repurchase program through December 31, 2019. On November 26, 2019, the Company announced the approval to increase the authorization limits of the Company's stock repurchase program by the Board. The Board agreed to extend the stock repurchase program through the fourth quarter of 2020 and to increase the authorization for the stock repurchase program from \$25.0 million to \$75.0 million of the Company's common stock. The Company discontinued the repurchase program in March 2020 and subsequently reinstated it in June 2021 with a maximum authorization of \$75.0 million. In December 2020, the Board approved an increase to the total amount of its buyback program from \$75.0 million to \$400.0 million. The stock repurchase program is more fully disclosed in *Note 10 – Stockholders' Equity* to the consolidated financial statements. Repurchased shares were impacted by the Stock Split; therefore, the number of shares and average price paid per share are reported on a post-Stock Split basis.

#### **Company Stock Performance**

The following stock performance table is not deemed "soliciting material" or subject to Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The following graph compares the performance of our common stock to the Standard & Poor's ("S&P") 500 Index, the S&P Homebuilders Select Industry Index, and the S&P Internet Select Industry Index by assuming \$100 was invested in each investment option as of February 28, 2018, which represents the month our common stock began trading on the NASDAQ. The S&P 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index of domestic equities of the largest companies traded on the NYSE and NASDAQ. The S&P Homebuilders Select Industry Index is a diversified group of holdings representing home building, building products, home furnishings and home appliances. The S&P Internet Select Industry Index is comprised of U.S. equities of internet and direct marketing retail, internet services and infrastructure, and interactive media and services companies.



Year	2018	2019	2020	2021
EXPI	\$ 100.00	\$ 87.90	\$ 489.68	\$ 523.76
S&P 500 Index	100.00	119.05	138.40	175.63
S&P Homebuilders Index (XHB)	100.00	114.24	146.14	219.28
S&P Internet Index (XWEB)	100.00	109.43	209.37	194.90

### Item 6. RESERVED

Reserved.

# Item 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITIONS AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") is intended to inform the reader about material information relevant to an assessment of the financial condition and results of operations of eXp World Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries for the three-year period ended December 31, 2021. The following discussion should be read together with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere within this report. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that constitute our estimates, plans, and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements. See "Forward-Looking Statements" and "Item 1A. – Risk Factors" included elsewhere within this Annual Report on Form 10-K for a discussion of certain risks, uncertainties, and assumptions associated with these statements.

This section generally discusses items pertaining to and comparisons of financial results between 2021 and 2020. Discussions of 2019 items and comparisons between 2020 and 2019 financial results can be found in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Part II, Item 7 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 (the "2020 MD&A"). The 2020 MD&A is incorporated by reference herein from Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 11, 2021 (Commission File No. 001-38493).

This MD&A is divided into the following sections:

- Overview
- Market Conditions and Industry Trends
- Key Business Metrics
- Recent Business Developments
- Results of Operations
- Liquidity and Capital Resources
- Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates
- Non-U.S. GAAP Financial Measures

All dollar amounts are in USD thousands except share amounts and per share data and as otherwise noted.

#### **OVERVIEW**

We operate one of the world's fastest growing real estate brokerage businesses utilizing a cloud-based model that enables a variety of businesses to operate remotely and supported by a technology platform that allows our independent agents and brokers the ability to provide a suite of more efficient and cost-effective services to home buyers and sellers.

While we do not consider acquisitions a critical element of our ongoing business, we seek opportunities to expand and enhance our portfolio of solutions.

#### Strategy

Our strategy is to grow organically in the North American and certain international markets by increasing our independent agent and broker network. Additionally, we intend to continue our advancement into more international markets. Through our cloud-based operations and technology platform, we strive to achieve customer-focused efficiencies that allow us to increase market share and attain strong returns as we scale our business within the markets in which we operate. By building partnerships and strategically deploying capital, we seek to grow the business and enter into attractive vertical and adjacent markets.

During 2021, we believe that we made progress towards achieving our strategic goals, including a significant increase in our agent base and real estate transactions year over year, as well as opening new business operation in nine countries. The expected outcome of these

activities will be to better position us to deliver on our full potential, to provide a platform for future growth opportunities, and to achieve our long-term financial goals.

#### MARKET CONDITIONS AND INDUSTRY TRENDS

Our business is dependent on the economic conditions within the markets for which we operate. Changes in these conditions can have a positive or negative impact on our business. The economic conditions influencing the housing markets primarily include economic growth, interest rates, unemployment, consumer confidence, mortgage availability and supply and demand.

In periods of economic growth, demand typically increases resulting in higher home sales transactions and home sales prices. Similarly, a decline in economic growth, increasing interest rates and declining consumer confidence generally decreases demand. Additionally, regulations imposed by local, state, and federal government agencies, and geopolitical instability, can also negatively impact the housing markets for which we operate.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on business worldwide lessened, however the full magnitude and duration of the impact from COVID-19 are not fully known and cannot be reasonably estimated as the global economy continues to recover and adapt. The impact to the Company for the year ended December 31, 2021 has been minimal to date. We believe that once COVID-19 is further contained the economy will continue to rebound depending on the continued pace, rate, and effectiveness of lifting public health restrictions on businesses and individuals and how quickly people become comfortable engaging in public activities.

According to the National Association of Realtors ("NAR"), the housing market is the strongest it has been in 15 years and the economy has recovered from the initial downturn during the beginnings of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2021. Due to the low interest rate environment and continued increase in demand for homes, the market has expanded significantly. The sizable shift to remote work, which has led to homeowners looking for larger homes and vacation homes, and the continued historic low interest rates have accelerated housing demand. These low mortgage rates, which are the lowest in recent history, are allowing more buyers to enter the market. According to the NAR housing statistics, existing home sales, adjusted for seasonality, totaled 6.2 million in 2021, down 7.1% from 2020 and the most annual home sales since 2006. However, at the end of December 2021, housing inventory declined to 910,000 and a 1.8-month supply, which are both historic lows. The NAR reported that pending home sales fell 3.8% in December 2021, indicating a slowing in contract activity, mostly impacted by inventory levels. The pending home sales index measures housing contract activity and is based on signed real estate contracts for existing single-family homes and condos.

The Company performed well throughout 2021 and is well positioned for continued growth. However, depending on the continued course of the COVID-19 pandemic, specifically in key areas of operations, it is too early to predict the full extent of the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic will have on our Company moving into 2022.

Regardless of whether the housing market continues to grow or slows, we believe that we are positioned to leverage our low-cost, high-engagement model, affording agents and brokers increased income and ownership opportunities while offering a scalable solution to brokerage owners looking to prosper in a series of fluctuations in economic activity.

#### National Housing Inventory

In 2021, supply chain constraints including delays in sourcing building materials and labor shortages resulted in slowed construction of new homes. These tightened supply conditions, when coupled with elevated housing demand due to low interest rates, caused inventory levels to decline to record lows. According to the NAR, inventory of existing homes for sale in the U.S. was 910,000 at the end of December 2021 compared to 1,060,000 at the end of December 2020. The NAR indicated the need for new home construction due to the high demand of homes and the record-low inventory levels, and noted supply chain bottlenecks are expected to ease in 2022.

#### Mortgage Rates

According to the NAR, mortgage rates on commitments for 30-year, conventional, fixed-rate mortgages averaged 3.0% in 2021, compared to 3.1% for 2020. Mortgage rates are expected to remain low through 2022 but are forecasted to increase to an average of 3.6% for 2022. Low mortgage rates are expected to continue to contribute to overall high demand for home-buying.

#### Housing Affordability Index

According to the NAR, the composite housing affordability index decreased to 147.8 for December 2021 (preliminary) from 172.5 for December 2020. Although home prices have increased, the housing affordability index continues to be at favorable levels. When the index is above 100, it indicates that a family earning the median income has sufficient income to purchase a median-priced home, assuming a 20 percent down payment and ability to qualify for a mortgage. The favorable housing affordability index is due to favorable mortgage rate conditions. However, as housing prices continue to climb due to low inventory and high demand and in light of the higher unemployment rate and the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, it is still too early to predict the extent to which the effects of these factors will have on unemployment and housing affordability.

Existing Home Sales Transactions and Prices

According to the NAR, seasonally adjusted existing home sale transactions for the year ended December 2021 (preliminary) decreased to 6.2 million compared to 6.7 million for the year ended December 2020. The NAR anticipates transactions to decrease slightly in 2022 due to higher mortgage rates.

According to the NAR, nationwide existing home sales average price for December 2021 (preliminary) was \$358,000, up 15.8% from \$309,200 in December 2020. Due to high demand and modest expected increase in supply, the average sale price is expected to increase through 2022. However, it is still too early to predict the extent of the effects of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic will have on the economy and home sales prices.

#### KEY BUSINESS METRICS

Management uses our results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, and key business metrics related to our business and industry to evaluate our performance and make strategic decisions.

The following table outlines the key business metrics that we periodically review to track the Company's performance:

		Year Ended December 31,	
	2021	2020	2019
	(in thousand	ls, except transactions and agent count	
Performance:			
Agent count	71,137	41,313	25,423
Transactions	444,367	238,981	135,322
Volume	\$ 156,101,836	\$ 72,206,457	\$ 38,215,998
Revenue	\$ 3,771,170	\$ 1,798,285	\$ 979,937
Gross profit (\$)	\$ 296,031	\$ 159,611	\$ 84,055
Gross margin (%)	7.8%	8.9%	8.6%
Adjusted EBITDA (1)	\$ 77,995	\$ 57,841	\$ 12,649

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjusted EBITDA is not a measurement of our financial performance under U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income, operating income, or any other measures derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP. For a definition of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, see "Non-U.S. GAAP Financial Measures".

Our strength is attracting real estate agent and broker professionals that contribute to our growth. Brokerage real estate transactions are recorded when our agents and brokers represent buyer and/or sellers in the purchase or sale, respectively, of a home. The number of real estate transactions are key drivers of our revenue and profitability. Real estate transaction volume represents the total sales value for all homes sold by our agents and brokers and is influenced by several market factors, including, but not limited to, the pricing and quality of our services and market conditions that affect home sales, such as macroeconomic factors, local inventory levels, mortgage interest rates and seasonality. Real estate transaction revenue represents the commission revenue earned by the Company for closed brokerage real estate transactions.

We continue to increase our agents and brokers significantly in the United States and Canada through the execution of our growth strategies. During 2020, we expanded operations to the South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal and France. By the end of 2021, the Company expanded into other countries, including Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany. The rate of growth of our agent and broker base is difficult to predict and is subject to many factors outside of our control, including actions taken by our competitors and macroeconomic factors affecting the real estate industry in general. The Company's agent base and transactions have not been significantly impacted throughout the global COVID-19 pandemic, however the full effect on these factors will continue to depend on the duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Settled home sales transactions and volume resulted from closed real estate transactions and typically change directionally with changes in the market existing home sales transactions as reported by the NAR, as disproportionate variances are representative of company-specific improvements or shortfalls to the norm. Our home sale transactions growth was directly related to the growth of our agent base over the prior comparative period.

We utilize gross profit and gross margin, financial statement measures based on generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S. ("U.S. GAAP") to assess eXp's financial performance from period to period.

Gross profit is calculated from U.S. GAAP reported amounts and equals the difference between revenue and cost of sales. Gross margin is the calculation of gross profit as a percentage of total revenue. Commissions and other agent-related costs represent the cost of sales for the Company. The cost of sales does not include depreciation or amortization expenses as the Company's assets are not directly used in the production of revenue. Gross profit is based on the information provided in our results of operations or our consolidated statements

of comprehensive income (loss), and is an important measure of our potential profitability and brokerage performance. For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, gross profit was \$296.0 million, \$159.6 million, and \$84.1 million, respectively. The gross profit increased year-over-year due to significant growth of real estate transaction volumes. For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, gross margin was 7.8%, 8.9% and 8.6%, respectively. Gross margin decreased year-over-year primarily due to rising home prices and increased demand which resulted in agents reaching their commission capping requirements sooner, entitling them to a higher percentage of the home sale commission.

Management also reviews Adjusted EBITDA, which is a non-U.S. GAAP financial measure, to understand and evaluate our core operating performance. Adjusted EBITDA has grown significantly for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 due to our revenue growth and improvements in our cost structure.

#### RECENT BUSINESS DEVELOPMENTS

# **Real Estate Brokerage Initiatives**

Global Expansion of Our Real Estate Cloud Brokerage

In 2020, the Company continued its international expansion into France, India, Mexico, Portugal and South Africa. Throughout 2021, the Company initiated operations in Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany. The Company continues to pursue growth opportunities into new global markets. In addition to the international expansion, the Company continues to also focus on growth in the United States and in Canada.

#### Agent and Employee Experience

The Company has embarked on an initiative to better understand both its agents and employee experience. In doing so, we have adopted many of the principles of the Net Promoter Score® (NPS) across many aspects of our organization. NPS is a measure of customer satisfaction and is measured on a scale between -100 and 100. A NPS above 50 is considered excellent. The Company's agent NPS was 69 in the fourth quarter of 2021. Whether it be the overall question "How likely are you to recommend eXp to your colleagues, friends, or family?" or more granular inquiries as to specific workflows or service offerings, we believe this will ensure we are delivering on the most important values to our agents and employees. In turn, this often leads to enthusiastic fans of eXp who will promote our Company and continue leading us through strong organic growth.

The NPS measure is an important vehicle for delivering on our core values of transparency. While we strive for high satisfaction, it is equally important to investigate a low or unfavorable trending of NPS. As NPS scores are often leading indicators to agents and employees' future actions, we are able to learn quickly what may be a 'pain point' or product that is not meeting its desired objective. We then take that information and translate it into action with an effort to remediate the specific root cause(s) driving the lower score. This fast and iterative approach has already led to improvements in parts of our business such as agent onboarding, commission transaction processing, and employee benefits.

# Agent Ownership

The Company maintains an equity incentive program whereby agents and brokers of eXp Realty can become eligible for awards of the Company's common stock through the achievement of production and agent attraction benchmarks. Under our equity incentive program, agents and brokers who qualify are issued shares of the Company's common stock, and it continues to be another element in creating a culture of agent-ownership.

Our agent compensation plans represent a key lever in our strategy to attract and retain independent agents and brokers. The costs attributable to these plans are also a significant component of our commission structure and results of operations. Agents and brokers can elect to receive 5% of their commission payable in the form of Company common stock. Prior to January 1, 2020, we issued share-based compensation to our agents and brokers at a 20% discount to the market price of our common stock, which changed to a 10% discount for issuances beginning in January 2020 and had a direct and positive impact on gross margin above. Our operational strategy and the importance of the agent compensation plans to our strategy have not changed; however, the financial impact of the change in the discount has had a meaningful effect on our results of operations. Our stock repurchase program and agent growth incentive program are more fully disclosed in *Note 10 – Stockholders' Equity* to the consolidated financial statements.

# **Technology Products and Services**

We continue developing the core Virbela enterprise metaverse technology through our subsidiary, eXp World Technologies, LLC ("World Tech"), to accommodate for the increasing use and scale required to support all eXp subsidiaries and a growing number of enterprise customers worldwide. Upon Facebook's announcement to shift its name to Meta, Virbela has seen increased interest from Fortune 2000 enterprises looking to become both customers and partners as they invest in metaverse technologies and build out their own strategies. Enterprise readiness was a core product focus in 2021 (e.g., scale, reliability, security, and privacy). In 2021, Virbela

also released a new product called Frame into beta. Frame is a metaverse collaboration technology that is accessible from any device with a browser (e.g., mobile, personal computer, virtual reality device, tablet). In 2022, we expect to continue to service existing and new business-to-business enterprise level contracts, solidify channel partnerships, and bring the Frame product out of beta. Affiliate and Media Services

Acquisitions and partnerships have allowed us to begin offering to customers more products and services complementary to our real estate brokerage business. These affiliate and media services include mortgage origination, title, escrow, and settlement services, which we can now provide as a more inclusive offering in addition to our brokerage services. We anticipate continued growth and investment in these service offerings through 2022; however, actual performance will depend directly on utilization by eXp Realty agents.

In July of 2021, the Company formed SUCCESS Lending, a residential lending joint venture with Kind Partners, LLC, a subsidiary of Kind Lending, LLC. With the formation of SUCCESS Lending, the Company intends to provide more enhanced services and products to customers.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

# Year ended December 31, 2021 vs. Year ended December 31, 2020

	December 31, 2021	Revenue	December 31, 2020	Revenue	<u> </u>	%
		(In thous	sands, except share amo	unts and per s	hare data)	
Statement of Operations Data:						
Revenues	\$ 3,771,170	100%	\$ 1,798,285	100%	\$ 1,972,885	110%
Operating expenses						
Commissions and other agent-						
related costs	3,475,139	92%	1,638,674	91%	1,836,465	112%
General and administrative						
expenses	249,699	7%	122,801	7%	126,898	103%
Sales and marketing expenses	12,180	-%	5,223	-%	6,957	133%
Total operating expenses	3,737,018	99%	1,766,698	98%	1,970,320	112%
Operating income	34,152	1%	31,587	2%	2,565	8%
Other expense, net	292	-%	133	-%	159	120%
Equity in losses of unconsolidated						
affiliates	188	-%	51	-%	137	269%
Total other expense, net	480	-%	184	-%	296	161%
Income before income tax expense	33,672	1%	31,403	2%	2,269	7%
Income tax (benefit) expense	(47,487)	(1)%	413	-%	(47,900)	(11,598)%
Net income	81,159	2%	30,990	2%	50,169	162%
Add back: Net loss attributable to						
noncontrolling interest	61	-%	141	-%	(80)	(57)%
Net income attributable to eXp						
World Holdings, Inc.	81,220	2%	31,131	2%	50,089	161%
Adjusted EBITDA (1)	\$ 77,995	2%	\$ 57,841	3%	\$ 20,154	35%
Earnings per share (2)						
Basic	\$ 0.56		\$ 0.22		\$ 0.34	155%
Diluted	\$ 0.51		\$ 0.21		\$ 0.30	143%
Weighted average shares outstanding						
Basic	146,170,871		138,572,358			
Diluted	157,729,374		151,550,075			

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjusted EBITDA is not a measurement of our financial performance under U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income, operating income, or any other measures derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP. For a definition of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, see "Non-U.S. GAAP Financial Measures".

#### Revenue

Our total revenues were \$3.8 billion in 2021 compared to \$1.8 billion in 2020, an increase of \$2.0 billion, or 110%. Total revenues increased primarily as a result of higher volume of real estate brokerage commissions, which is primarily attributable to growth in agent base and increased home sales prices.

<sup>(2)</sup> Earnings per share and weighted average shares outstanding have been adjusted for the impact of the two-for-one stock split in the form of a stock dividend effected on February 12, 2021 (the "Stock Split") for all periods presented.

#### Commission and Other Agent Related Costs

Commission and other agent-related costs were \$3.5 billion in 2021 compared to \$1.6 billion in 2020, an increase of \$1.8 billion, or 112%. Commission and other agent related costs include sales commissions paid and are reduced by agent related fees. Commission and other agent related costs increased primarily as a result of an increase in settled real estate transactions and growth in our agent base.

### General and Administrative Expense

General and administrative expenses were \$249.7 million in 2021 compared to \$122.8 million in 2020, an increase of \$126.9 million, or 103%. General and administrative expenses include costs related to wages, including stock compensation, and other general overhead expenses. General and administrative expenses increased primarily as a result of an increase of \$71.6 million in compensation related expenses including salaries, contract labor, employee benefits, and payroll taxes and processing. The Company had an increase in stock compensation expense of \$15.6 million. These increases are a direct result of the Company's increase in employee count. Employees increased from 900 in 2020 to 1,669 in 2021, representing growth in headcount of 85%. The Company's agent base increased by 72%. Also, in support of the Company's business operations, computer and software costs increased \$9.7 million compared to prior year, mostly consisting of online subscriptions and security and virus protection. Finally, \$19.5 million of the increase in general and administrative expenses is related to professional fees including accounting, legal, and other consulting. These increases are directly related to the Company's continued revenue growth, international expansion and new business ventures.

#### Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses were \$12.2 million in 2021 compared to \$5.2 million in 2020, an increase of \$7.0 million, or 133%. Sales and marketing costs include lead capture costs and promotional materials. Sales and marketing expenses increased primarily as a result of an increase in lead costs of \$1.2 million, internet advertising costs of \$3.0 million, and advertising costs of \$2.1 million.

# Other Expense, Net

Other expense includes start-up costs and amortization expense of the present value adjustment to our stock payable. There were no significant changes in other expense in 2021 compared to 2020.

#### Income Tax Benefit (Expense)

The Company's provision for income taxes amounted to a benefit of \$47.5 million, a benefit increase of \$47.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2021. The increase in income tax benefit was primarily attributable to the release of the valuation allowance and higher deductible share-based compensation expenses. Refer to Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates within this MD&A and *Note 12 – Income Taxes* to the consolidated financial statements for further information.

# LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our primary sources of liquidity are our cash and cash equivalents on hand and cash flows generated from our business operations. Our ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations or to access certain capital markets, including banks, is necessary to fund our operations and capital expenditures, repurchase our common stock, and meet obligations as they become due. At present, our cash and cash equivalents balances and cash flows from operations have strengthened primarily due to transaction volume growth and improved cost leverage over the prior five years, especially during 2020 and 2021, attributable to the expansion of our independent agent and broker network and, to a lesser extent, increased average prices of home sales.

Currently, our primary use of cash on hand is to sustain and grow our business operations, including, but not limited to, commission and revenue share payments to agents and brokers and cash outflows for operating expenses. Our current capital deployment strategy for 2022 is to utilize excess cash on hand to support our growth initiatives into select markets and enhance our technology platforms and for repurchases of our common stock. As of December 31, 2021, the Company is not party to any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources. In addition to, the Company has no known material cash requirements as of December 31, 2021, relating to capital expenditures, commitments, or human capital (except as passthrough commissions to agents and brokers concurrent with settled real estate transactions). The cash requirements for the upcoming fiscal year relate to our leases and legal settlement costs. For information regarding the Company's expected cash requirement related to leases, see *Note 9 – Leases* to the consolidated financial statements.

For information regarding the Company's expected cash requirement related to settlement costs, see *Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies*.

We believe that our existing balances of cash and cash equivalents and cash flows expected to be generated from our operations will be sufficient to satisfy our operating requirements for at least the next twelve months. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including our level of investment in technology, our rate of growth into new markets, and cash used to repurchase shares of the

Company's common stock. Our capital requirements may be affected by factors which we cannot control such as the changes in the residential real estate market, interest rates, and other monetary and fiscal policy changes to the manner in which we currently operate. In order to support and achieve our future growth plans, we may need or seek advantageously to obtain additional funding through equity or debt financing. We believe that our current operating structure will facilitate sufficient cash flows from operations to satisfy our expected long-term liquidity requirements beyond the next twelve months.

We currently do not hold any bank debt, nor have we issued any debt instruments through public offerings or private placements. If we are unable to raise additional capital when desired, our business, results of operations, and financial condition would likely suffer. As of December 31, 2021, our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$108.2 million. Cash equivalents are comprised of financial instruments with an original maturity of 90 days or less from the date of purchase, primarily money market funds. We currently do not possess any marketable securities.

#### Net Working Capital

Net working capital is calculated as the Company's total current assets less its total current liabilities. The following table presents our net working capital for the periods presented:

	<b>December 31, 2021</b>	December 31, 2020
Current assets	\$ 319,315	\$ 212,225
Current liabilities	(186,814)	(96,650)
Net working capital	\$ 132,501	\$ 115,575

As of December 31, 2021, net working capital increased \$16.9 million, or 15%, compared to the prior year period, primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$8.1 million and accounts receivable of \$56.5 million resulting from increased real estate transactions. In correlation to the number of real estate transactions, accrued expenses increased \$48.9 million, which included higher commissions payable of \$25.2 million. The change in working capital is also due to an increase in legal contingencies of \$10.4 million.

#### Cash Flows

The following table presents our cash flows for the periods presented:

	Year Ended De	ecember 31,
	2021	2020
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 246,892	\$ 119,659
Cash used in investment activities	(18,923)	(16,963)
Cash used in financing activities	(179,924)	(21,893)
Effect of changes in exchange rates on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(59)	47
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 47,986	\$ 80,850

For the year ended December 31, 2021, cash provided by operating activities increased \$127.2 million compared to the same period in 2020. The change resulted primarily from the increased volume in our real estate sales transactions, improved cost leverage, and higher participation by our agents and brokers in our agent stock compensation programs. See *Note 10 – Stockholders' Equity* to the consolidated financial statements for further details related to this program.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, cash used in our investing activities increased primarily due an increase of \$7.0 million in capital expenditures and an increase of \$3.0 million invested in unconsolidated entities in the current year offset by a decrease in payments for business acquisitions by \$8.0 million from prior year. As we continue to develop and refine our cloud-based platforms and accelerate our business in innovative ways, we expect to continue to use our existing cash resources on similar expenditures for the next twelve months.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the cash used in financing activities primarily related to higher repurchases of our common stock of \$142.6 million compared to the prior year period.

#### Outlook

As we continue to scale our Company by investing in people, systems and processes, we expect to increase market share, agent base and real estate transactions volume in the US and Canada and selectively grow in the international markets.

These operating ambitions are not forecasts and do not reflect our expectations, but rather are aspirational targets for future performance that may never be realized. These statements involve risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that are difficult to predict and that could cause actual results to vary materially from those expressed in them. Factors include, among others, (i) changes in demand for the Company's services and changes in consumer behavior; (ii) macroeconomic conditions beyond our control; (iii) the Company's ability to effectively maintain its infrastructure to support its operations and initiatives; (iv) the impact of

governmental regulations related to the Company's operations; and (v) other factors, as described in this Annual Report on Form 10-K in Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors."

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires us to make certain judgments and assumptions, based on information available at the time of our preparation of the financial statements, in determining accounting estimates used in the preparation of the statements. Our significant accounting policies are described in *Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* to the consolidated financial statements.

Accounting estimates are considered critical if the estimate requires us to use judgments and/or make assumptions about matters that were uncertain at the time the accounting estimate was made and if different accounting estimates could have been used in the reporting period or changes in the accounting estimates are likely to occur that would have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

#### Stock-based compensation

Our stock-based compensation is comprised of agent growth incentive programs, agent equity program, and stock option awards. The Company accounts for stock-based compensation granted to employees and non-employees using a fair value method. Stock-based compensation awards are measured at the grant date fair value, and the stock-based compensation cost is recognized over the requisite service period of the awards, usually the vesting period, on a straight-line basis, net of forfeitures. The Company reduces recorded stock-based compensation for forfeitures when they occur.

Recognition of compensation cost for an award with a performance condition is based on the probable outcome of that performance condition being met. The Company estimates the share-based liability based on estimated performance probabilities based on our most recent estimates on probable achievement of the performance measures established under our agent growth incentive program. These estimates calculated based on the agent's historical performance for each award type. Also, the requisite service period at the grant date of performance awards is estimated based on the probability of the period of time it will take an agent to meet the performance metric. The value of the stock award is amortized over this period and recognized as stock compensation expense starting on the grant date.

If factors change causing different assumptions to be made in future periods, estimated compensation expense may differ significantly from that recorded in the current period. See *Note 10 – Stockholders' Equity* to the consolidated financial statements for more information regarding the assumptions used in estimating the fair value of our awards.

# Revenue recognition

The Company generates substantially all of its revenue from real estate brokerage services and generates a de minimis portion of its revenues from software subscription and professional services.

# Real Estate Brokerage Services

The Company serves as a licensed broker in the areas in which it operates for the purpose of processing real estate transactions. The Company is contractually obligated to provide services for the fulfillment of transfers of real estate between buyers and sellers. The Company provides these services itself and controls the services necessary to legally represent the transfer of the real estate. Correspondingly, the Company is defined as the principal. The Company, as principal, satisfies its obligation upon the closing of a real estate transaction. As principal, and upon satisfaction of our obligation, the Company recognizes revenue in the gross amount of consideration to which we expect to be entitled to.

Revenue is derived from assisting home buyers and sellers in listing, marketing, selling and finding real estate. Commissions earned on real estate transactions are recognized at the completion of a real estate transaction once we have satisfied our performance obligation. Agent related fees are currently recorded as a reduction to commissions and other agent related costs.

At each reporting period, we estimate revenue for closed transactions for which we have not yet received the closing documents due to timing of when a transaction settles. Additionally, provisions for anticipated differences between consideration due and amounts expected to be received are estimated and recorded to revenue. A hypothetical change of 10% in the accrual for estimated revenue would have impacted total revenue by approximately \$1.0 million and pre-tax income by approximately \$0.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2021.

# Business combinations and goodwill

The Company accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method of accounting, under which the consideration for the acquisition is allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company recognizes identifiable assets acquired and liabilities

assumed at the fair values as of the acquisition date. Acquisition-related costs, such as due diligence, legal and accounting fees, are expensed as incurred and not considered in determining the fair value of the acquired assets.

Fair value determinations require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions, estimates and market factors. Estimating the fair value of individual reporting units requires us to make assumptions and estimates regarding significant changes or planned changes in the use of the assets, as well as industry and economic conditions. These assumptions and estimates include projected revenues and income growth rates, terminal growth rates, competitive and consumer trends, market-based discount rates, and other market factors. Significant assumptions used in determining the allocation of fair value include the following valuation techniques: the cost approach, the income approach, and the market approach, which are determined based on cash flow projections and related discount rates, industry indices, market prices regarding replacement cost and comparable market transactions.

At the acquisition date, the Company recognizes the identifiable acquired assets, liabilities, and contingent liabilities (identifiable net assets) of the subsidiaries on the basis of fair value. Recognized assets and liabilities may be adjusted during a maximum of one year from the acquisition date (the "measurement period"), depending on new information obtained about the facts and circumstances in existence at the acquisition date.

If current expectations of future growth rates are not met or market factors outside of our control change significantly, then our goodwill or intangible assets may become impaired. Additionally, as goodwill and intangible assets associated with recently acquired businesses are recorded on the balance sheet at their estimated acquisition date fair values, those amounts are more susceptible to impairment risk if business operating results or macroeconomic conditions deteriorate.

#### Goodwill impairment

Goodwill is not amortized, but is subject to impairment testing. We review goodwill for impairment on an annual basis in the fiscal fourth quarter or on an interim basis if an event occurs or circumstances change that indicate goodwill may be impaired. We assess goodwill for possible impairment by performing a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. No additional impairment steps are necessary if we qualitatively determine that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. An impairment loss for goodwill would be recognized based on the difference between the carrying value and its estimated fair value, which would be determined based on either discounted future cash flows or another appropriate fair value method.

The evaluation of goodwill for impairment requires management to use significant judgments and estimates in accordance with U.S. GAAP, including, but not limited to, economic, industry, and company-specific qualitative factors, projected future net sales, operating results, and cash flows. Although we currently believe the estimates used in the evaluation of goodwill are reasonable, differences between actual and expected net sales, operating results, and cash flows and/or changes in the discount rates used could cause these assets to be deemed impaired. If this were to occur, we would be required to record a non-cash charge to earnings for the write-down in the value of the goodwill, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position but not our cash flows from operations.

During the fourth quarter of 2021, we performed an assessment of goodwill related to our previous business acquisition. To perform these assessments, we identified and analyzed macroeconomic conditions, industry and market conditions, and company-specific factors. Taking into consideration these factors, we determined that it was not more likely than not that the fair value of our reporting unit for which goodwill has been assigned was less than its carrying amount. As a result of the analysis performed, management believes the estimated fair value of the reporting units continue to exceed their carrying values by a substantial margin and does not represent a more likely than not possibility of potential impairment. The goodwill analysis did not result in an impairment charge. Also, a reasonable hypothetical change in assumptions, such as a 1% change in the discount rate or a 10% change in the projected cash flows, would not have resulted in an impairment charge for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### Income taxes

We recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowance against deferred tax assets would be established if, based on the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not (a likelihood of more than 50%) that some or all of the deferred tax assets are not expected to be realized. Our assumptions, judgments, and estimates relative to the value of our deferred tax assets take into account predictions of the amount and category of future taxable income. As of December 31, 2021, based on our assessment of the realizability of the net deferred tax assets, we reached the conclusion that our net deferred tax assets will most likely be fully realized and therefore we recorded a valuation allowance release of \$22.1 million, resulting in recognition of deferred tax assets and a tax benefit of the period.

Although management believes that the judgment and estimates involved are reasonable and that the necessary provisions related to income taxes have been recorded, changes in circumstances or unexpected events could adversely affect our financial position, results of operations, and cash flows.

See Note 12 – Income Taxes to the consolidated financial statements for further information related to our income tax positions.

#### Litigation

We recognize expense for legal claims when payments associated with the claims become probable and can be reasonably estimated. Due to the difficulty in estimating costs of resolving legal claims, actual costs could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations and cash flow, if we were to become a party to a material legal action.

See Note 13 – Commitments and Contingencies to the consolidated financial statements for further information related to our litigation.

#### NON-U.S. GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

To supplement our consolidated financial statements, which are prepared and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP, we use Adjusted EBITDA, a non-U.S. GAAP financial measure, to understand and evaluate our core operating performance. This non-GAAP financial measure, which may be different than similarly titled measures used by other companies, is presented to enhance investors' overall understanding of our financial performance and should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with U.S.GAAP.

We define the non-U.S. GAAP financial measure of Adjusted EBITDA to mean net income (loss), excluding other income (expense), income tax benefit (expense), depreciation, amortization, and impairment charges, stock-based compensation expense, and stock option expense.

We believe that Adjusted EBITDA provides useful information about our financial performance, enhances the overall understanding of our past performance and future prospects, and allows for greater transparency with respect to a key metric used by our management for financial and operational decision-making. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA helps identify underlying trends in our business that otherwise could be masked by the effect of the expenses that we exclude in Adjusted EBITDA. In particular, we believe the exclusion of stock and stock option expenses, provides a useful supplemental measure in evaluating the performance of our underlying operations and provides better transparency into our results of operations.

We are presenting the non-U.S. GAAP measure of Adjusted EBITDA to assist investors in seeing our financial performance through the eyes of management, and because we believe this measure provides an additional tool for investors to use in comparing our core financial performance over multiple periods with other companies in our industry.

Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. There are a number of limitations related to the use of Adjusted EBITDA compared to Net Income (Loss), the closest comparable U.S. GAAP measure. Some of these limitations are that:

- Adjusted EBITDA excludes stock-based compensation expense related to our agent growth incentive program and stock option
  expense, which have been, and will continue to be for the foreseeable future, significant recurring expenses in our business and an
  important part of our compensation strategy; and
- Adjusted EBITDA excludes certain recurring, non-cash charges such as depreciation of fixed assets, amortization of intangible
  assets, and impairment charges related to these long-lived assets, and, although these are non-cash charges, the assets being
  depreciated, amortized, or impaired may have to be replaced in the future.

The following tables present a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net loss, the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure, for each of the periods presented:

	Year Ended Dec	cember 31,
	2021	2020
Net income	\$ 81,159	\$ 30,990
Other expense, net	480	184
Income tax (benefit) expense	(47,487)	413
Depreciation and amortization	6,248	4,214
Stock compensation expense	24,493	15,239
Stock option expense	13,102	6,801
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 77,995	\$ 57,841

The primary driver for the changes in Adjusted EBITDA was improved net income attributable to the increase in revenue from the higher volume of real estate sales transactions. During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, net income increased by \$50.2 million.

# Item 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk relates to the risk of the loss of fair value resulting from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. Market risk is directly influenced by the volatility and liquidity in the markets in which the related underlying financial instruments are traded. Sensitivity analysis measures the impact of hypothetical changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and other market rates or prices on the profitability of market-sensitive financial instruments and our results of operations.

# Foreign Currency Risk

The majority of our net sales, expense, and capital purchases were transacted in U.S. dollars. However, exposure with respect to foreign exchange rate fluctuation existed due to our operations in Canada, the United Kingdom (U.K.), Australia, South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal, France, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany, albeit each individually and in the aggregate to a small extent. As of December 31, 2021, our largest international operations were in Canada. Based on fiscal 2021 performance, a hypothetical decline in the value of the Canadian dollar in relation to the U.S. dollar of 10% would negatively impact operating income by approximately \$0.8, million while a hypothetical appreciation of 10% in the value of the Canadian dollar in relation to the U.S. dollar would favorably impact operating income by approximately \$0.3 million. The individual impacts to the operating income of hypothetical currency fluctuations in the Canadian dollar have been calculated in isolation from any potential responses to address such exchange rate changes in our other foreign markets. Our exposures to foreign currency risk related to our other operations in our other international locations were immaterial and have been excluded from this analysis.

Our investments in the net assets of our international operations were also subject to currency risk. As of December 31, 2021, the impacts of translations of foreign-denominated net assets of our international operations were immaterial to the Company's consolidated financial statements. The translation impacts related to the net assets of our international operations are recorded within accumulated other comprehensive income. Historically, we have not hedged this exposure, although we may elect to do so in future periods.

# Item 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

# INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)	40
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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of eXp World Holdings, Inc.

# **Opinion on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of eXp World Holdings, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss), equity, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021, based on criteria established in *Internal Control* — *Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 25, 2022, expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

# **Basis for Opinion**

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

#### **Critical Audit Matter**

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current-period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Commissions and Other Agent-Related Costs – Revenue Share expenses – Refer to Note 2 to the financial statements

# **Critical Audit Matter Description**

The Company has a revenue sharing plan where agents and brokers may receive a commission from real estate transactions consummated by agents and brokers they have attracted to the Company. Agents and brokers are eligible for revenue share based on the number of Front-Line Qualifying Active agents they have attracted to the Company. A Front-Line Qualifying Active agent is an agent or broker that an agent or broker has personally attracted to the Company who has met specific sales transaction volume requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company incurred \$3.5 billion of commissions and other agent-related costs, which includes commissions paid to agents and brokers under the revenue sharing plan.

We identified the revenue sharing plan as a critical audit matter because the plan has a complex multi-tiered compensation structure involving highly automated system calculations to determine the commissions paid to agents and brokers. This required an increased extent of audit effort to audit and evaluate the accuracy of commissions paid under the revenue share plan.

#### How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures performed related to the testing of the accuracy of expenses under the revenue sharing plan included the following, among others:

- We tested the effectiveness of controls over the revenue share expenses, including management's controls over the calculation of commission under the revenue sharing plan.
- With the assistance of our IT specialists, we:
  - Identified the significant system used to process revenue share transactions and tested the general IT controls over the system, including testing of user access controls, change management controls, and IT operations controls.
  - Performed testing of automated controls for the system calculation of revenue share and the system determination of number of Front-Line Qualifying Active agents.
- We selected samples of commissions paid to agents and brokers under the revenue sharing plan and recalculated the commissions amount based on the terms of the respective independent contractor agreements.
- For the samples selected:
  - We tested the mathematical accuracy of the recorded commission by recalculating the revenue sharing allocation in accordance with the independent contractor agreements and traced the underlying transactions to third party documents including settlement statements, purchase agreements and bank statements.
  - We tested the accuracy of the Front-Line Qualifying Agent count for agents and brokers by reading independent contractor agreements and obtained evidence of agents and brokers reaching the required sales transaction volume, including settlement statements.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

San Francisco, California

February 25, 2022

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2019.

# EXP WORLD HOLDINGS, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share amounts)

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 108,237	\$ 100,143
Restricted cash	67,673	27,781
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for credit losses of \$2,198 and \$1,879, respectively	133,489	76,951
Prepaids and other assets	9,916	7,350
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	319,315	212,225
Property, plant, and equipment, net	15,902	7,848
Operating lease right-of-use assets	2,482	819
Other noncurrent assets	2,827	-
Intangible assets, net	7,528	8,350
Deferred tax assets	52,827	-
Goodwill	12,945	12,945
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 413,826	\$ 242,187
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 7,158	\$ 3,957
Customer deposits	67,673	27,781
Accrued expenses	111,672	62,750
Current portion of long-term payable	-	1,416
Current portion of lease obligation - operating lease	311	746
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	186,814	96,650
Long-term payable, net of current portion	2,714	2,876
Long-term lease obligation - operating lease, net of current portion	765	74
TOTAL LIABILITIES	190,293	99,600
EQUITY		
Common Stock, \$0.00001 par value 900,000,000 shares authorized; 155,516,284 issued		
and 148,764,592 outstanding in 2021; 146,677,786 issued and 144,143,292 outstanding		
in 2020	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	401,479	218,492
Treasury stock, at cost: 6,751,692 and 2,534,494 shares held, respectively	(210,009)	(37,994)
Accumulated earnings (deficit)	30,510	(39,162)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	188	247
Total eXp World Holdings, Inc. stockholders' equity	222,169	141,584
Equity attributable to noncontrolling interest	1,364	1,003
TOTAL EQUITY	223,533	142,587
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 413,826	\$ 242,187

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# EXP WORLD HOLDINGS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(In thousands, except share amounts and per share data)

Revenues         3,771,170         \$1,798,285         \$99,937           Operating expenses         3,771,170         \$1,798,285         \$979,937           Commissions and other agent-related costs         3,475,139         1,638,674         895,882           General and administrative expenses         249,699         122,801         89,035           Sales and marketing expenses         1,21,80         5,223         3,799           Total operating expenses         3,737,018         1,766,698         988,716           Operating income (loss)         34,152         31,587         (8,779)           Other expense, expenses         292         133         247           Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates         188         51         34           Total other expense, net         480         184         281           Income (loss) before income tax expense         33,672         31,403         (9,060)           Income (loss) before income tax expense         4(47,487)         413         497           Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         \$ 8,05		Year Ended December 31,		
Operating expenses         3,475,139         1,638,674         895,882           Commissions and other agent-related costs         3,475,139         1,638,674         895,882           General and administrative expenses         249,699         122,801         89,035           Sales and marketing expenses         12,180         5,223         3,799           Total operating expenses         3,737,018         1,766,698         988,716           Operating income (loss)         34,152         31,587         (8,779)           Other expense         292         133         247           Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates         188         51         34           Total other expense, net         480         184         281           Income (loss) before income tax expense         33,672         31,403         (9,060)           Income tax (benefit) expense         (47,487)         413         497           Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net income (loss) attributable to exp World Holdings, Inc.         \$81,220         \$31,31         (\$9,528)           Earnings per share (1)         \$0.51         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         \$0.51         \$0.21 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>				
Commissions and other agent-related costs         3,475,139         1,638,674         895,882           General and administrative expenses         249,699         122,801         89,035           Sales and marketing expenses         12,180         5,223         3,799           Total operating expenses         3,737,018         1,766,698         988,716           Operating income (loss)         34,152         31,587         (8,779)           Other expense         292         133         247           Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates         188         51         34           Total other expense, net         480         184         281           Income (loss) before income tax expense         33,672         31,403         (9,060)           Income (loss) before income tax expense         4(7,487)         413         497           Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         \$ 81,220         \$ 31,131         (\$ 9,528)           Earnings per share (1)         \$ 81,220         \$ 0,22         \$ 0,088           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         \$		\$ 3,771,170	\$ 1,798,285	\$ 979,937
General and administrative expenses         249,699         122,801         89,035           Sales and marketing expenses         12,180         5,223         3,799           Total operating expenses         3737,018         1,766,698         988,716           Operating income (loss)         34,152         31,587         (8,779)           Other expense         292         133         247           Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates         188         51         34           Total other expense, net         480         184         281           Income (loss) before income tax expense         33,672         31,403         (9,060)           Income (loss) before income tax expense         47,487         413         497           Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         \$81,220         \$31,131         (\$9,528)           Earnings per share (1)         \$0.56         \$0.22         (\$0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         \$0.51         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         \$15,729,374				
Sales and marketing expenses         12,180         5,223         3,799           Total operating expenses         3,737,018         1,766,698         988,716           Operating income (loss)         34,152         31,587         (8,779)           Other expense         292         133         247           Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates         188         51         34           Total other expense, net         480         184         281           Income (loss) before income tax expense         33,672         31,403         (9,060)           Income (loss) before income tax expense         (47,487)         413         497           Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net income (loss) attributable to exp World Holdings, Inc.         \$81,220         \$31,311         (\$9,528)           Earnings per share (1)         8asic         \$0.56         \$0.22         (\$0.08)           Basic         \$0.56         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         \$0.56         \$0.22         \$0.08)           Basic         \$16,170,871         \$138,572,358         \$26,256,407           Diluted         \$0.56         \$0.21         \$0.08)				
Total operating expenses Operating income (loss)         3,737,018         1,766,698         988,716           Operating income (loss)         34,152         31,587         (8,779)           Other expense.         8         5         133         247           Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates         188         51         34           Total other expense, net         480         184         281           Income (loss) before income tax expense         33,672         31,403         (9,060)           Income (loss) before income tax expense         47,4871         413         497           Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         \$81,220         \$31,131         (\$9,528)           Earmings per share (1)         8         80.51         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         146,170,871         138,572,358         126,256,407           Diluted         \$0.51         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Comprehensive income:           Net income (loss)         \$81,159         \$30,990         (\$9,5257)<				
Operating income (loss)         34,152         31,587         (8,779)           Other expense         8         51         34           Other expense, net         292         133         247           Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates         188         51         34           Total other expense, net         480         184         281           Income (loss) before income tax expense         33,672         31,403         (9,060)           Income (loss) before income tax expense         447,4877         413         497           Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         \$81,220         \$31,131         (\$9,528)           Earnings per share (1)         8         \$0.51         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         \$0.51         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         \$157,729,374         \$15,550,075         \$126,256,407           Diluted         \$0.51         \$0.51         \$0.52         \$0.08           Comprehensive income:         \$0.51			5,223	3,799
Other expense         292         133         247           Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates         188         51         34           Total other expense, net         480         184         281           Income (loss) before income tax expense         33,672         31,403         (9,060)           Income tax (benefit) expense         (47,487)         413         497           Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         \$81,220         \$31,131         (\$9,528)           Earnings per share (1)         \$0.51         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Basic         \$0.56         \$0.22         (\$0.08)           Diluted         \$0.51         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         \$15,7729,374         \$15,550,075         \$126,256,407           Diluted         \$0.51         \$3,990         (\$9,557)           Comprehensive income:         \$81,159         \$30,990         (\$9,557)           Comprehensive income:         \$81,250         \$31,311         \$9,557           Comprehensi	Total operating expenses	3,737,018	1,766,698	988,716
Other expense, net         292         133         247           Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates         188         51         34           Total other expense, net         480         184         281           Income (loss) before income tax expense         33,672         31,403         (9,060)           Income (sos) before income tax expense         (47,487)         413         497           Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         \$81,220         \$31,131         (\$9,528)           Earnings per share (1)         80.56         \$0.22         (\$0.08)           Basic         \$0.56         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         \$0.51         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Basic         146,170,871         138,572,358         126,256,407           Diluted         157,729,374         151,550,075         126,256,407           Comprehensive income:         \$81,159         \$30,990         (\$9,557)		34,152	31,587	(8,779)
Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates   188   51   34     Total other expense, net   480   184   281     Income (loss) before income tax expense   33,672   31,403   (9,060)     Income tax (benefit) expense   (47,487)   413   497     Net income (loss)   81,159   30,990   (9,557)     Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest   61   141   29     Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.   \$81,220   \$31,131   (\$9,528)     Earnings per share (1)     Basic   \$0.56   \$0.22   (\$0.08)     Diluted   \$0.51   \$0.21   (\$0.08)     Weighted average shares outstanding (1)     Basic   146,170,871   138,572,358   126,256,407     Diluted   157,729,374   151,550,075   126,256,407     Diluted   157,729,374   151,550,075   126,256,407     Comprehensive income:   \$81,159   \$30,990   (\$9,557)     Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest   61   141   29     Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.   81,220   31,131   (9,528)     Other comprehensive income:   Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax   (59)   47   211	Other expense			
Total other expense, net         480         184         281           Income (loss) before income tax expense         33,672         31,403         (9,060)           Income tax (benefit) expense         (47,487)         413         497           Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         \$81,220         \$31,131         (\$9,528)           Earnings per share (1)         \$0.51         \$0.22         (\$0.08)           Basic         \$0.51         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         \$0.51         \$138,572,358         126,256,407           Diluted         \$157,729,374         \$151,550,075         \$126,256,407           Comprehensive income:         \$81,159         \$30,990         (\$9,557)           Comprehensive income:         \$157,729,374         \$151,550,075         \$126,256,407           Other come (loss)         \$81,159         \$30,990         (\$9,557)           Comprehensive income:         \$141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         \$1,220         31,31         (9,	Other expense, net	292	133	247
Income (loss) before income tax expense   33,672   31,403   (9,060)	Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates	188	51	34
Income tax (benefit) expense	Total other expense, net	480	184	281
Net income (loss)         81,159         30,990         (9,557)           Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         \$81,220         \$31,131         (\$9,528)           Earnings per share (1)         Basic         \$0.56         \$0.22         (\$0.08)           Diluted         \$0.51         \$0.21         (\$0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         Basic         146,170,871         138,572,358         126,256,407           Diluted         157,729,374         151,550,075         126,256,407           Comprehensive income:         Net income (loss)         \$81,159         \$30,990         (\$9,557)           Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         81,220         31,131         (9,528)           Other comprehensive income:         Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax         (59)         47         211	Income (loss) before income tax expense	33,672	31,403	(9,060)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest       61       141       29         Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.       \$81,220       \$31,131       (\$9,528)         Earnings per share (1)       Basic       \$0.56       \$0.22       (\$0.08)         Diluted       \$0.51       \$0.21       (\$0.08)         Weighted average shares outstanding (1)       Basic       146,170,871       138,572,358       126,256,407         Diluted       157,729,374       151,550,075       126,256,407         Comprehensive income:         Net income (loss)       \$81,159       \$30,990       (\$9,557)         Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests       61       141       29         Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.       81,220       31,131       (9,528)         Other comprehensive income:         Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax       (59)       47       211	Income tax (benefit) expense	(47,487)	413	497
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest       61       141       29         Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.       \$81,220       \$31,131       (\$9,528)         Earnings per share (1)       Basic       \$0.56       \$0.22       (\$0.08)         Diluted       \$0.51       \$0.21       (\$0.08)         Weighted average shares outstanding (1)       Basic       146,170,871       138,572,358       126,256,407         Diluted       157,729,374       151,550,075       126,256,407         Comprehensive income:       Net income (loss)       \$81,159       \$30,990       (\$9,557)         Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests       61       141       29         Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.       81,220       31,131       (9,528)         Other comprehensive income:       Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax       (59)       47       211	Net income (loss)	81,159	30,990	(9,557)
Earnings per share (1)  Basic \$0.56 \$0.22 (\$0.08)  Diluted \$0.51 \$0.21 (\$0.08)  Weighted average shares outstanding (1)  Basic \$146,170,871 \$138,572,358 \$126,256,407  Diluted \$157,729,374 \$151,550,075 \$126,256,407  Comprehensive income:  Net income (loss) \$81,159 \$30,990 (\$9,557)  Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests \$61 \$141 \$29  Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc. \$81,220 \$31,131 (9,528)  Other comprehensive income:  Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax \$(59) \$47 \$211	Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	61	141	
Basic         \$ 0.56         \$ 0.22         (\$ 0.08)           Diluted         \$ 0.51         \$ 0.21         (\$ 0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         Basic         146,170,871         138,572,358         126,256,407           Diluted         157,729,374         151,550,075         126,256,407           Comprehensive income:         Net income (loss)         \$ 81,159         \$ 30,990         (\$ 9,557)           Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         81,220         31,131         (9,528)           Other comprehensive income:         Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax         (59)         47         211	Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.	\$ 81,220	\$ 31,131	(\$ 9,528)
Basic         \$ 0.56         \$ 0.22         (\$ 0.08)           Diluted         \$ 0.51         \$ 0.21         (\$ 0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         Basic         146,170,871         138,572,358         126,256,407           Diluted         157,729,374         151,550,075         126,256,407           Comprehensive income:         Net income (loss)         \$ 81,159         \$ 30,990         (\$ 9,557)           Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         81,220         31,131         (9,528)           Other comprehensive income:         Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax         (59)         47         211				
Diluted         \$ 0.51         \$ 0.21         (\$ 0.08)           Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         146,170,871         138,572,358         126,256,407           Diluted         157,729,374         151,550,075         126,256,407           Comprehensive income:         \$ 81,159         \$ 30,990         (\$ 9,557)           Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         81,220         31,131         (9,528)           Other comprehensive income:         50         47         211	Earnings per share (1)			
Weighted average shares outstanding (1)         Basic         146,170,871         138,572,358         126,256,407           Diluted         157,729,374         151,550,075         126,256,407           Comprehensive income:           Net income (loss)         \$81,159         \$30,990         (\$9,557)           Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         81,220         31,131         (9,528)           Other comprehensive income:         Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax         (59)         47         211	Basic	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.22	(\$ 0.08)
Basic         146,170,871         138,572,358         126,256,407           Diluted         157,729,374         151,550,075         126,256,407           Comprehensive income:           Net income (loss)         \$81,159         \$30,990         (\$9,557)           Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests         61         141         29           Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.         81,220         31,131         (9,528)           Other comprehensive income:         Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax         (59)         47         211	Diluted	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.21	(\$ 0.08)
Diluted 157,729,374 151,550,075 126,256,407  Comprehensive income:  Net income (loss) \$81,159 \$30,990 (\$9,557)  Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests 61 141 29  Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc. 81,220 31,131 (9,528)  Other comprehensive income:  Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax (59) 47 211	Weighted average shares outstanding (1)			,
Comprehensive income:  Net income (loss)  Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests  Net income (loss) 4111  Comprehensive loss attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.  Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.  State of the property income:  Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax  (59) 47 211	Basic	146,170,871	138,572,358	126,256,407
Net income (loss)\$ 81,159\$ 30,990(\$ 9,557)Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests6114129Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.81,22031,131(9,528)Other comprehensive income:Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax(59)47211	Diluted	157,729,374	151,550,075	126,256,407
Net income (loss)\$ 81,159\$ 30,990(\$ 9,557)Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests6114129Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.81,22031,131(9,528)Other comprehensive income:Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax(59)47211				
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests6114129Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.81,22031,131(9,528)Other comprehensive income:Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax(59)47211				
Net income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.  81,220 31,131 (9,528) Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax (59) 47 211				
Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax (59) 47 211	Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	61	141	29
Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax (59) 47 211		81,220	31,131	(9,528)
Foreign currency translation (loss) gain, net of tax (59) 47 211				
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc. \$81,161 \$31,178 (\$9,317)		(59)	47	211
	Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to eXp World Holdings, Inc.	\$ 81,161	\$ 31,178	(\$ 9,317)

<sup>(1)</sup> All applicable period amounts have been adjusted to reflect the two-for-one stock split effected in the form of a stock dividend in February 2021. See *Note 1 – Description of Business and Basis of Presentation* for details.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# EXP WORLD HOLDINGS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

(In thousands)

	Year	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019	
Common stock:				
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	
Balance, end of period	1	1	1	
Treasury stock:				
Balance, beginning of period	(37,994)	(8,623)	-	
Repurchases of common stock	(172,015)	(29,371)	(27,056)	
Retirement of treasury stock		-	18,433	
Balance, end of period	(210,009)	(37,994)	(8,623)	
Additional paid-in capital:				
Balance, beginning of period	218,492	130,683	90,756	
Shares issued for stock options exercised	3,620	6,946	2,298	
Agent growth incentive stock compensation	21,828	13,094	13,209	
Agent equity stock compensation	144,437	60,968	37,768	
Stock option compensation	13,102	6,801	5,085	
Retirement of treasury stock		=	(18,433)	
Balance, end of period	401,479	218,492	130,683	
Accumulated earnings (deficit):				
Balance, beginning of period	(39,162)	(70,293)	(60,765)	
Net income	81,220	31,131	(9,528)	
Dividends declared and paid	(11,548)	=	-	
Balance, end of period	30,510	(39,162)	(70,293)	
Accumulated other comprehensive income:				
Balance, beginning of period	247	200	(12)	
Foreign currency translation loss	(59)	47	212	
Balance, end of period	188	247	200	
Noncontrolling interest:				
Balance, beginning of period	1,003	160	-	
Net loss	(61)	(141)	(29)	
Stock compensation	403	451	-	
Contributions by noncontrolling interests	19	533	189	
Balance, end of period	1,364	1,003	160	
Total equity	\$ 223,533	\$ 142,587	\$ 52,128	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# EXP WORLD HOLDINGS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

	Year		
	2021	2020	2019
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$ 81,159	\$ 30,990	(\$ 9,557)
Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	4,974	3,360	2,057
Amortization expense - intangible assets	1,274	629	327
Amortization expense - long-term payable	94	157	140
Asset impairments	-	225	-
Allowance for credit losses on receivables	319	1,742	(137
Equity in loss of unconsolidated affiliates	188	51	34
Agent growth incentive stock compensation expense	24,493	15,239	13,959
Stock option compensation	13,102	6,801	5,085
Agent equity stock compensation expense	144,437	60,968	37,768
Deferred income taxes	(52,827)	-	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(56,857)	(50,193)	(10,626
Prepaids and other assets	(2,623)	(3,534)	(1,696
Customer deposits	39,892	20,794	4,421
Accounts payable	3,173	1,364	1,413
Accrued expenses	46,673	30,017	11,302
Long-term payable	828	1,048	697
Other operating activities	(1,407)	1	(1
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	246,892	119,659	55,186
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	210,002	117,037	22,100
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(13,423)	(6,436)	(5,000
Acquisition of businesses	(2,500)	(10,502)	(1,500
Intangible assets acquired	(2,500)	(10,302)	(140
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	(3,000)	(25)	(50
NET CASH (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(18,923)	(16,963)	(6,690
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(10,923)	(10,903)	(0,090
	(172.015)	(20.271)	(27.056
Repurchase of common stock	(172,015)	(29,371)	(27,056
Proceeds from exercise of options	3,620	6,946	2,298
Transactions with noncontrolling interests	19	532	189
Dividends declared and paid	(11,548)	(21,002)	(2.1.5.6)
NET CASH (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(179,924)	(21,893)	(24,569
Effect of changes in exchange rates on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(59)	47	106
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	47,986	80,850	24,033
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning balance	127,924	47,074	23,041
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ 175,910	\$ 127,924	\$ 47,074
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION:			
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 1,331	\$ 754	\$ 130
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Termination of lease liabilities	\$ 375	\$ 204	\$ -
Retirement of treasury stock	-	-	18,433
Lease liabilities arising from obtaining right-of-use assets	2,370	138	1,524
Intangible assets in accounts payable	- -	-	70
Property, plant and equipment purchases in accounts payable	174	117	93
Liabilities incurred associated with a business acquisition	-	1,500	
Liabilities assumed in business acquisition		140	_
Littorities assumed in outsiness acquisition	<u> </u>	170	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# eXp World Holdings, Inc. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise noted)

# 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

eXp World Holdings, Inc. (collectively with its subsidiaries, the "Company" or "eXp") was incorporated in the State of Delaware on July 30, 2008. Through various operating subsidiaries, the Company primarily operates a cloud-based real estate brokerage operating throughout the United States, and most of the Canadian provinces. The Company expanded its business into Australia and the United Kingdom in 2019, and into South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal and France, during 2020 and into Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany in 2021. The Company focuses on a number of cloud-based technologies in order to grow an international brokerage without the burden of physical bricks and mortar or redundant staffing costs.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and are expressed in U.S. dollars. The Company's fiscal year end is December 31.

#### Common stock split

On January 19, 2021, the Company declared a two-for-one stock split of the Company's common stock effected in the form of a stock dividend (the "Stock Split") on each share of the Company's outstanding Common Stock. The stock dividend was issued on February 12, 2021 to holders of record of the Company's Common Stock at the close of business on January 29, 2021. All share and per share amounts presented herein have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the impact of the Stock Split.

# Impact of the Stock Split

The impacts of the Stock Split were applied retroactively for all periods presented in accordance with applicable guidance. Therefore, prior period amounts are different from those previously reported. Certain amounts within the following tables may not foot due to rounding.

The following table illustrates changes in earnings (loss) per share and weighted average shares outstanding as previously reported prior to, and as adjusted subsequent to, the impact of the Stock Split retroactively adjusted for the years ended 2019:

	Year ended December 31,					
		2019				
	As Previously Reported	Revised				
Weighted average shares outstanding						
Basic	62,585,555	63,670,852	126,256,407			
Diluted	62,585,555	63,670,852	126,256,407			
Earnings (loss) per share						
Basic	(0.15)	0.07	(0.08)			
Diluted	(0.15)	0.07	(0.08)			

The following table illustrates changes in equity as previously reported prior to, and as adjusted subsequent to, the impact of the Stock Split retroactively adjusted for the years ended 2019:

	Year ended December 31,				
	2019				
	As Previously Reported	Impact of Stock Split	Revised		
Common stock:					
Balance, beginning of year	60,609,102	60,609,102	121,218,204		
Retirement of common stock	(1,818,273)	(1,818,273)	(3,636,546)		
Shares issued for acquisition	-	-	-		
Shares issued for stock options exercised	2,261,122	2,261,122	4,522,244		
Agent growth incentive stock compensation	1,345,754	1,345,754	2,691,508		
Agent equity stock compensation	3,801,603	3,801,603	7,603,206		
Balance, end of year	66,199,308	66,199,308	132,398,616		
Common stock, par value (1)	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 1		

<sup>(1)</sup> The par value of common stock changed by less than one thousand dollars and shows no impact due to rounding.

Stock awards under the Company's equity incentive program for agents were adjusted retroactively to give effect to the Stock Split retroactively adjusted for the following periods:

	Shares			Weighted A	verage Grant Date	Fair Value
	As Previously Reported	Impact of Stock Split	Revised	As Previously Reported	Impact of Stock Split	Revised
Balance, December 31, 2018	3,872,877	3,872,877	7,745,754	\$ 11.63	(\$ 5.82)	\$ 5.82
Granted	1,687,457	1,687,457	3,374,914	9.23	(4.62)	4.62
Vested and issued	(1,494,633)	(1,494,633)	(2,989,266)	11.21	(5.60)	5.61
Forfeited	(677,592)	(677,592)	(1,355,184)	3.39	(1.70)	1.70
Balance, December 31, 2019	3,388,109	3,388,109	6,776,218	\$ 11.04	(\$ 5.52)	\$ 5.52

The Company's stock options were adjusted retroactively to give effect to the Stock Split for the following periods:

	Options			Weight	ed Average Exercis	e Price
	As Previously	Impact of Stock		As Previously	Impact of Stock	
	Reported	Split	Revised	Reported	Split	Revised
Balance, December 31, 2018	8,697,613	8,697,613	17,395,226	\$ 2.08	(\$ 1.04)	\$ 1.04
Granted	776,746	776,746	1,553,492	9.44	(4.72)	4.72
Exercised	(2,261,122)	(2,261,122)	(4,522,244)	1.02	(0.51)	0.51
Forfeited	(437,881)	(437,881)	(875,762)	7.94	(3.97)	3.97
Balance, December 31, 2019	6,775,356	6,775,356	13,550,712	\$ 2.90	(\$ 1.45)	\$ 1.45

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Principles of consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of eXp World Holdings, Inc., its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and entities in which we have a variable interest of which we are the primary beneficiary. If the Company has a variable interest in an entity but it is not the primary beneficiary of the entity or exercises control over the operations and has less than 50% ownership, it will use the equity or cost method of accounting for investments. Entities in which the Company has less than a 20% investment and where the Company does not exercise significant influence are accounted for under the cost method. Intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated upon consolidation.

Variable interest entities and noncontrolling interests

A company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary of a VIE and must consolidate the entity if the company has both: (i) the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance, and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

In 2019, the Company made capital contributions in consideration for an ownership interest in First Cloud Investment Group, LLC ("First Cloud"), a Nevada limited liability company providing mortgage origination for end-consumers, with the remaining ownership interests held by certain independent agents and brokers. Under the terms of the operating agreement, the Company maintains at least a 50% equity ownership interest in First Cloud.

The Company determined that First Cloud is a VIE, as the Company is the primary beneficiary that has both the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE and a variable interest that potentially could be significant to the VIE. The Company treats the interest in First Cloud that it does not own as a noncontrolling interest. The noncontrolling interest balance is adjusted each period to reflect the allocation of net income (loss) and other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the noncontrolling interest, as shown in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). The noncontrolling interest balance in the consolidated balance sheets represents the proportional share of the equity of the joint venture entity, which is attributable to the noncontrolling shareholders.

As of December 31, 2021, First Cloud's operations have ceased and are not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

#### Joint ventures

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby the Company and other parties undertake an economic activity through a jointly controlled entity. Joint control exists when strategic, financial, and operating policy decisions relating to the activities require the

unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost.

The Company has investments in a joint venture, Silverline Title & Escrow, LLC ("Silverline"), which operates and manages a title agency that performs, among other functions, core title agent services (for which liabilities arises), including the evaluation of searches to determine the insurability of title, the clearance of underwriting objections, the actual issuance of policies on behalf of insurance companies, and, where customary, the issuance of title commitments and the conducting of title searchers.

In July 2021, the Company entered into a joint venture with Kind Partners, LLC, a subsidiary of Kind Lending, LLC, forming SUCCESS Lending, LLC ("SUCCESS Lending"), a residential mortgage service company.

Neither of these joint venture investments are consolidated and the Company recognizes its share of income and expenses and equity movement in the joint ventures in proportion to their percentage of ownership.

As of December 31, 2021, Silverline and SUCCESS Lending's operations are not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

# Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company regularly evaluates estimates and assumptions related to allowance for credit losses, legal contingencies, income taxes, revenue recognition, stock-based compensation, goodwill, and deferred income tax asset valuation allowances. The Company bases its estimates and assumptions on current facts, historical experience and various other factors that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the accrual of costs and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. The actual results experienced by the Company may differ materially and adversely from the Company's estimates. To the extent there are material differences between the estimates and the actual results, future results of operations will be affected.

#### Reclassifications

When necessary, the Company will reclassify certain amounts in prior-period financial statements to conform to the current period's presentation. No material reclassifications occurred during the current period.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, money market instruments, and all other highly liquid investments purchased with an original or remaining maturity of three months or less at the date of acquisition.

# Restricted cash

Restricted cash consists of cash held in escrow by the Company's brokers and agents on behalf of real estate buyers. The Company recognizes a corresponding customer deposit liability until the funds are released. Once the cash is transferred from escrow, the Company reduces the respective customers' deposit liability.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the consolidated balance sheet that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown on the statement of cash flows.

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100,143	\$ 40,087
Restricted cash	27,781	6,987
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash,		
beginning balance	\$ 127,924	\$ 47,074
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 108,237	\$ 100,143
Restricted cash	67,673	27,781
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, ending		
balance	\$ 175,910	\$ 127,924

#### Fair value measurements

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that could be received upon the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Financial assets are marked to bid prices and financial liabilities are marked to offer prices. Fair value measurements do not include transaction costs. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy is defined into the following three categories:

Input Level	Definitions
Level 1	Inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (these are observable market inputs).
Level 2	Inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability (includes quoted market prices for similar assets or identical or similar assets in markets in which there are few transactions, prices that are not current or prices that vary substantially).
Level 3	Inputs are unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions in pricing the asset or liability (used when little or no market data is available).

The Company holds funds in a money market account. The Company values its money market funds at fair value on a recurring basis.

# Accounts receivable and allowance for expected credit losses

The majority of the Company's accounts receivable consists of commissions receivable on real estate property settlements, which are in-substance guaranteed because they represent commission payments on closed transactions. The remaining accounts receivable is derived from non-commission based technology fees and short-term advances to agents and brokers. These accounts receivable are typically unsecured.

The allowance for expected credit losses is our estimate based on historical experience. The Company periodically performs detailed reviews to assess the adequacy of the allowance. The Company exercises significant judgment in estimating the timing, frequency and severity of losses. The Company uses the aging schedule method to estimate current expected credit losses ("CECL") based on days of delinquency, including information about past events and current economic conditions. The Company's accounts receivable is separated into the three categories above to evaluate allowance under the CECL impairment model. The receivables in each category share similar risk characteristics. The Company analyzes uncollectable accounts for the three categories of receivables. Based on historical information and future expectations, only agent non-commission based fees receivables and agent short-term advances carry any risk of expected credit losses. Current economic conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions do not affect expected credit losses on uncollectable real estate property settlements. The collection of these payments is in-substance guaranteed because they represent commission payments on closed transactions, and the Company has no historical experience or expectation of losses related to these receivables.

The Company increases the allowance for expected credits losses when the Company determines all or a portion of a receivable is uncollectable. The Company recognizes recoveries as a decrease to the allowance for expected credit losses.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, receivables from real estate property settlements totaled \$128,499 and \$73,838, respectively. As of December 31, 2021, agent non-commission based fees receivable and short-term advances totaled \$7,188, of which the Company recognized expected credit losses of \$2,198. As of December 31, 2020, agent non-commission based fees receivable and short-term advances totaled \$4,992, of which the Company recognized allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,879.

# Foreign currency translation

The Company's functional and reporting currency is the United States dollar and the functional currency of the Company's foreign subsidiaries is the local currency of their country of domicile. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at rates of exchange in effect at the date of the transaction. Average monthly rates are used to translate revenues and expenses. Gains and losses arising on translation or settlement of foreign currency denominated transactions or balances are included in the consolidated statements of operations in other (income) expense, net. The Company does not employ a hedging strategy to manage the impact of foreign currency fluctuations.

#### Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost and are depreciated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. Useful lives are: Computer hardware and software: 3 to 5 years Furniture, fixtures and equipment: 5 to 7 years

Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Expenditures that substantially increase an asset's useful life or improve an asset's functionality are capitalized.

The Company capitalizes the costs associated with developing its internal-use cloud-based residential real-estate transaction system. Capitalized costs are primarily related to costs incurred in relation to internally created software during the application development stage including costs for upgrades and enhancements that result in additional functionality.

#### Leases

Leases are agreements, or terms within agreements, that convey the right to control the use of and receive substantially all of the economic benefit from an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company currently only possesses office space leases.

# Right-of-use assets

The Company recognizes right-of-use ("ROU") assets at the commencement date of the lease. ROU assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and are adjusted concurrent with the remeasurement of corresponding lease liabilities resulting from a change in future lease payments or a change in the assessment of whether any purchase, extension, or termination options will be exercised.

The cost of ROU assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, if any. Unless the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the ROU assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Company recognizes a lease liability measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term. Variable lease payments are recognized as expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the implicit interest rate in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced by the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and which do not contain a purchase option. The Company does not capitalize leases with a present value of below its minimum capitalization threshold as it would not materially affect the Company's financial position or results of operations. Lease payments on short-term leases and low-value leases are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Refer to *Note 10 – Leases* for more information.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the consideration paid over the estimated fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment on an annual basis in the fiscal fourth quarter or on an interim basis if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not indicate that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. Generally, this evaluation begins with a qualitative assessment to determine if the fair value of the reporting unit is more likely than not less than its carrying value. The test for impairment requires management to make judgments relating to future cash flows, growth rates and economic and market conditions. In addition to the annual impairment evaluation, the Company evaluates at least quarterly whether events or circumstances have occurred in the period subsequent to the annual impairment testing which indicate that it is more likely than not an impairment loss has occurred.

The Company did not recognize any impairments for either of the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

# Intangible assets

The Company's intangible assets are finite lived and consist primarily of trade name, technology and customer relationships. Each intangible asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life, ranging from 3 to 10 years. The Company evaluates its intangible assets for recoverability and potential impairment, or as events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may be impaired.

The Company recognized no impairment for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Company recognized and impairment of \$225 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### Software development costs

The Company capitalizes software development costs related to products to be sold, leased, or marketed to external users and internal-use software.

#### **Business** combinations

The Company accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method of accounting, under which the consideration for the acquisition is allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company recognizes identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date fair values as determined by management as of the acquisition date. Fair value determinations require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions, estimates and market factors. Estimating the fair value of individual reporting units requires the Company to make assumptions and estimates regarding significant changes or planned changes in the use of the assets, as well as industry and economic conditions. These assumptions and estimates include projected revenues and income growth rates, terminal growth rates, competitive and consumer trends, market-based discount rates, and other market factors. If current expectations of future growth rates are not met or market factors outside of the Company's control change significantly, then goodwill or intangible assets may become impaired. Additionally, as goodwill and intangible assets associated with recently acquired businesses are recorded on the balance sheet at their estimated acquisition date fair values, those amounts are more susceptible to impairment risk if business operating results or macroeconomic conditions deteriorate.

Acquisition-related costs, such as due diligence, legal and accounting fees, are expensed as incurred and not considered in determining the fair value of the acquired assets.

# Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company periodically evaluates the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used when events and circumstances warrant such a review. The carrying value of a long-lived asset is considered impaired when the anticipated undiscounted cash flow from such asset is less than its carrying value. When assets are considered impaired, a loss is recognized based on the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of the long-lived asset. Fair value is determined primarily using the anticipated cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risk involved.

#### Stock-based compensation

Our stock-based compensation is comprised of agent growth incentive programs, agent equity program, and stock option awards. Stock-based compensation is more fully disclosed in Note 10 – Stockholders' Equity. The Company accounts for stock-based compensation granted to employees and non-employees using a fair value method. Stock-based compensation awards are measured at the grant date fair value and are recognized over the requisite service period of the awards, usually the vesting period, on a straight-line basis, net of forfeitures. The Company reduces stock-based compensation for forfeitures when they occur.

Recognition of compensation cost for an award with a performance condition is based on the probable outcome of that performance condition being met.

# Revenue recognition

The Company generates substantially all of its revenue from real estate brokerage services and generates a de minimis portion of its revenues from software subscription and professional services. The Company does not have contracts with customers that provide variable consideration.

#### Real Estate Brokerage Services

The Company serves as a licensed broker in the areas in which it operates for the purpose of processing residential real estate transactions. The Company is contractually obligated to provide services for the fulfillment of transfers of residential real estate between buyers and sellers. The Company provides these services itself and controls the services necessary to legally transfer the residential real estate. Correspondingly, the Company is defined as the principal. The Company, as principal, satisfies its obligation upon the closing of a residential real estate transaction. As principal, and upon satisfaction of the performance obligation, the Company recognizes revenue in the gross amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled. The Company estimates and accrues revenue to which it is entitled to for closed transactions but has yet to receive all the necessary closing documents.

Revenue is derived from assisting home buyers and sellers in listing, marketing, selling, and finding residential real estate. Commissions earned on real estate transactions are recognized at the completion of a residential real estate transaction once the Company has satisfied the performance obligation. Agent related fees charged by the Company are recorded as a reduction to commissions and other agent related costs.

Software Subscription and Professional Services

Subscription revenue is derived from fees from customers to access the Company's virtual reality software platform. The terms of subscriptions do not provide customers the right to take possession of the software. Subscription revenue is generally recognized ratably over the contract term.

Professional services revenue is derived from implementation and consulting services. Professional services revenue is typically recognized over time as the services are rendered, using an efforts-expended (labor hours) input method.

The Company does not currently collect sales and use taxes on fees from agents and brokers and assumes responsibility to pay these costs to the appropriate taxing authorities.

#### Disaggregated revenue

The Company primarily operates as a real estate brokerage firm. The vast majority of the Company's revenue is derived from providing a single service, real estate brokerage services, to purchasers and sellers of homes in the U.S. See *Note 14 – Segment Information* for details regarding segment and geographic information.

Management believes that no disaggregation of revenue from services to customers currently exists that would provide additional insight into the future recognition of revenue and cash flows.

#### Revenue share expenses

The Company has a revenue sharing plan where its agents and brokers can receive additional commission income from real estate transactions consummated by agents and brokers they have attracted to the Company. Agents and brokers are eligible for revenue share based on the number of frontline qualifying active ("FLQA") agents they have attracted to the Company. An FLQA agent is an agent or broker that an agent has personally attracted to the Company who has met specific real estate transaction volume requirements. These additional commissions are earned on a multitiered basis by FLQA agents and brokers for real estate transactions within their downstream brokerage network. Commissions to agents and brokers under the revenue sharing plan are included as part of commissions and other agent-related costs in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

## Advertising and marketing costs

Advertising and marketing costs are generally expensed in the period incurred. Advertising and marketing expenses are included in the sales and marketing expense line item on the accompanying consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, the Company incurred advertising and marketing expenses of \$12,180, \$5,223 and \$3,799, respectively.

#### Income taxes

The Company records income taxes using the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recorded based on the estimated future tax effects of differences between the financial statement and income tax basis of existing assets and liabilities. These differences are measured using the enacted statutory tax rates that are expected to apply to taxable income for the years in which differences are expected to reverse. The Company recognizes the effect on deferred income taxes of a change in tax rates in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets to the extent that it believes that these assets are more likely than not to be realized. In making such a determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax-planning strategies, and results of recent operations. If the Company determines that it would be able to realize its deferred tax assets in the future in excess of their net recorded amount, the Company would make an adjustment to the deferred tax asset valuation allowance, which would reduce the provision for income taxes.

The Company records uncertain tax positions on the basis of a two-step process whereby: (i) it determines whether it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained on the basis of the technical merits of the position and (ii) for those tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, it recognizes the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50% likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with the related tax authority.

# Comprehensive income (loss)

The Company's only components of comprehensive income (loss) are net income (losses) and foreign currency translation adjustments.

#### Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) for the period by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) for the

period by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding plus, if potentially dilutive common shares outstanding during the period. The Company does not pay dividends or have participating shares outstanding. Prior period results have been adjusted to reflect the effect of the Stock Split. Refer to *Note 11 – Earnings (Loss) Per Share* for details related to the calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share.

# Recently adopted accounting principles

In December 2019, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2019-12 – Income Taxes (Topic 740) ("ASU 2019-12"). ASU 2019-12 removes certain exceptions for investments, intraperiod allocations and interim calculations and adds guidance to reduce complexity in accounting for income taxes. ASU 2019-12 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2020; early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2019-12 had no material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

# Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In November 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-08 – *Business Combinations (Topic 805)*. ASU 2021-08 addresses diversity and inconsistencies related to the recognition and measurement of contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination. The amendments in this Update require that an acquirer recognize and measure contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination in accordance with Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. This update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The amendments in this update should be applied prospectively to business combinations occurring on or after the effective date of the amendments. The Company has reviewed the amendments of ASU 2021-08 and will apply the guidance as needed.

#### 3. ACQUISITIONS

No business combinations were executed during the year ended December 31, 2021.

The following discussion relates to acquisitions completed during the year ended December 31, 2020. Neither of these business combinations were deemed material to the Company's financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

Showcase Web Sites, L.L.C.

On July 31, 2020, the Company acquired the equity ownership interests in Showcase Web Sites, L.L.C. ("Showcase") for cash consideration of \$1.5 million using cash on hand and two-year promissory notes totaling \$1.5 million (the "Showcase Acquisition"). Showcase is a technology company focused on agent website and consumer real estate portal technology. With this acquisition, the Company will be able to strategically focus on creating consumer home-search technology for utilization by independent agents and brokers, as well as continued services offerings to third party clients of Showcase.

The following table outlines the fair value of the acquired assets and liabilities from the Showcase Acquisition:

Identifiable assets acquired and goodwill	
Cash	\$ 138
Accounts receivable, net	3
Prepaid & other current assets	20
Fixed assets, net	17
Showcase tradename	277
Existing technology	135
Customer relationships	240
Goodwill	2,310
Liabilities assumed	
Deferred liabilities & other current liabilities	140
Total purchase price	\$ 3,000

#### SUCCESS Enterprises, LLC

On December 4, 2020, the Company acquired the equity ownership interests in SUCCESS Enterprises LLC ("SUCCESS") and its related media properties, including *SUCCESS*® print magazine, SUCCESS.com, *SUCCESS*® newsletters, podcasts, digital training courses and affiliated social media accounts across platforms (the "SUCCESS Acquisition").

On November 4, 2020, Sanford Enterprises, LLC ("Sanford Enterprises"), a wholly-owned entity of Mr. Glenn Sanford, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of the Company, purchased all of the membership equity interests in SUCCESS from Success Partners Holding Co, a third party media vendor to the Company, for \$8.0 million in cash. On December 4, 2020, the Company

completed the acquisition of SUCCESS from Sanford Enterprises, LLC for cash consideration of \$8.0 million using cash on hand. Refer to *Note 15 – Related Party Transactions*.

The following table outlines the fair value of the acquired assets and liabilities from the SUCCESS Acquisition:

Identifiable assets acquired and goodwill	
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 165
Inventory	236
Prepaid & other current assets	36
Fixed assets, net	3
Success tradename	1,422
Content	2,720
Domains and social media	116
Customer relationships	915
Goodwill	2,387
Total purchase price	\$ 8,000

#### 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Company holds funds in a money market account, which are considered Level 1 assets. The Company values its money market funds at fair value on a recurring basis.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the fair value of the Company's money market funds was \$43,386 and \$53,380, respectively.

There have been no transfers between Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 in the periods presented. The Company did not have any Level 2 or Level 3 financial assets or liabilities in the periods presented.

# 5. PREPAIDS AND OTHER ASSETS

Prepaids and other assets consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Prepaid expenses	\$ 5,834	\$ 2,489
Prepaid insurance	3,465	2,318
Rent deposits	136	123
Other assets (includes inventory)	481	2,420
Total prepaid expenses	\$ 9,916	\$ 7,350

# 6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property, plant and equipment, net consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Computer hardware and software	\$ 20,824	\$ 13,828
Furniture, fixture, and equipment	26	20
Total depreciable property and equipment	20,850	13,848
Less: accumulated depreciation	(11,711)	(6,738)
Depreciable property, net	9,139	7,110
Assets under development	6,763	738
Property, plant, and equipment, net	\$ 15,902	\$ 7,848

For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, depreciation expense was \$4,974, \$3,360, and \$2,057, respectively.

#### 7. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill were:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Goodwill	\$ 12,945	\$ 8,248
Acquisitions		4,697
Total goodwill	\$ 12,945	\$ 12,945

Goodwill was recorded in connection with the acquisitions of Showcase in July 2020 and SUCCESS in December 2020 and represents fair value as of the acquisition dates. Each acquisition was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. Under the acquisition method of accounting, the Company allocated the total purchase price to the tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired, and assumed liabilities based on their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date, as determined by management. The excess of the purchase price over the aggregate fair values of the identifiable assets was recorded as goodwill.

The Company has a risk of future impairment to the extent that individual reporting unit performance does not meet projections. Additionally, if current assumptions and estimates, including projected revenues and income growth rates, terminal growth rates, competitive and consumer trends, market-based discount rates, and other market factors, are not met, or if valuation factors outside of the Company's control change unfavorably, the estimated fair value of goodwill could be adversely affected, leading to a potential impairment in the future. No events occurred that indicated it was more likely than not that goodwill was impaired.

Definite-lived intangible assets were as follows:

	December 31, 2021			1	December 31, 2020	
	Gross Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Trade name	\$ 2,868	(\$ 554)	\$ 2,314	\$ 2,868	(\$ 267)	\$ 2,601
Existing technology	1,846	(1,102)	744	1,396	(415)	981
Non-competition agreements	125	(125)	-	125	(87)	38
Customer relationships	1,895	(361)	1,534	1,895	(170)	1,725
Licensing agreement	210	(110)	100	210	(41)	169
Intellectual property	2,836	-	2,836	2,836	-	2,836
Total intangible assets	\$ 9,780	(\$ 2,252)	\$ 7,528	\$ 9,330	(\$ 980)	\$ 8,350

For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, amortization expense for definite-lived intangible assets was \$1,274, \$629, and \$327, respectively.

As of December 31, 2021, expected amortization related to definite-lived intangible assets will be:

Expected amortization	
2022	1,276
2023	1,024
2024	729
2025 and thereafter	4,499
Total	\$ 7,528

#### 8. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Commissions payable	\$ 81,563	\$ 50,484
Payroll payable	5,642	6,354
Taxes payable	2,553	1,008
Stock liability awards	4,341	2,093
Other accrued expenses	17,573	2,811
	\$ 111,672	\$ 62,750

#### 9. LEASES

# **Operating leases**

The Company's lease portfolio consists of office leases with lease terms ranging from less than one year to six years, with the weighted average lease term being six years.

Certain leases provide for increases in future lease payments once the term of the lease has expired, as defined in the lease agreements. These leases generally also include real estate taxes.

# Information as lessee under ASC 842

The Company reassessed all of leases to determine whether any expired or existing contracts were or contained a lease under ASC 842. Expired or existing contracts previously considered leases under ASC 840 no longer meet the definition of a lease under ASC 842 and therefore, have been excluded from future lease payments.

The Company still maintains these agreements, along with other short-term leases that are not capitalized, and the expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

As of December 31, 2021, maturities of the operating lease liabilities by fiscal year were as follows:

266
159
90
90
495
1,100
(24)
\$ 1,076

Included below is other information regarding leases for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Year Ended Dec	ember 31,
	2021	2020
Other information		
Operating lease expense	\$ 448	\$ 276
Short-term lease expense	70	16
Cash paid for operating leases	1,828	274
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years) – operating leases (1)	7.0	3.8
Weighted-average discount rate – operating leases	5.043%	4.481%

The Company's lease terms include options to extend the lease when it is reasonably certain the Company will exercise its option. Additionally, the Company considered any historical and economic factors in determining if a lease renewal or termination option would be exercised.

Rent expense is recorded in general and administrative expense in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

#### 10. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock – As of December 31, 2021, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation authorized us to issue 900,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$0.00001 per share.

The following table represents a reconciliation of the Company's common stock for the periods presented, adjusted to give effect to the Stock Split:

	Year Ended December 31,			
(Shares of Common Stock)	2021	2020	2019	
Common stock:				
Balance, beginning of year	146,677,786	132,398,616	121,218,204	
Retirement of common stock	-	-	(3,636,546)	
Shares issued for stock options exercised	3,155,170	6,538,628	4,522,244	
Agent growth incentive stock compensation	2,037,942	1,978,072	2,691,508	
Agent equity stock compensation	3,645,386	5,762,470	7,603,206	
Balance, end of year	155,516,284	146,677,786	132,398,616	

The Company's shareholder approved equity plans described below are administered under the 2013 Stock Option Plan and the 2015 Equity Incentive Plan. Although a limited number of awards under the plan remain outstanding, no awards have been granted under the 2013 Stock Option Plan since 2015. The purpose of the equity plans is to retain the services of valued employees, directors, officers, agents, and consultants and to incentivize such persons to make contributions to the Company and motivate excellent performance.

# Agent Equity Program

The Company provides agents and brokers the opportunity to elect to receive 5% of commissions earned from each completed residential real estate transaction in the form of common stock (the "Agent Equity Program" or "AEP"). If agents and brokers elect to receive portions of their commissions in common stock, they are entitled to receive the equivalent number of shares of common stock, based on the fixed monetary value of the commission payable. Prior to January 1, 2020, the Company recognized a 20% discount on these issuances as an additional cost of sales charge during the periods presented. Effective in January 2020, the Company amended the AEP and adjusted the discount on issued shares from 20% to 10%.

For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, the Company issued 3,645,386, 5,762,470, and 7,603,206 shares of common stock, respectively, to agents and brokers for \$144,437, \$60,968, and \$37,768, respectively, net of discount.

#### Agent Growth Incentive Program

The Company administers an equity incentive program whereby agents and brokers become eligible to receive awards of the Company's common stock through agent attraction and performance benchmarks (the "Agent Growth Incentive Program" or "AGIP"). The incentive program encourages greater performance and awards agents with common stock based on achievement of performance milestones. Awards typically vest after performance benchmarks are reached and three years of subsequent service is provided to the Company. Share-based performance awards are based on a fixed-dollar amount of shares based on the achievement of performance metrics. As such, the awards are classified as liabilities until the number of share awards becomes fixed once the performance metric is achieved.

For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, the Company's stock compensation attributable to the AGIP was \$24,493, \$15,239, and \$13,959, respectively. The total amount of stock compensation attributable to liability classified awards was \$4,977, \$3,246, and \$901 for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Stock compensation expense related to the AGIP is included in general and administrative expense in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

The following table illustrates changes in the Company's stock compensation liability for the periods presented:

	Amount
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 277
Stock grant liability increase year to date	3,246
Stock grants reclassified from liability to equity year to date	 (1,430)
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 2,093
Stock grant liability increase year to date	4,977
Stock grants reclassified from liability to equity year to date	(2,729)
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 4,341

As of December 31, 2021, the Company had 5,158,639 unvested common stock awards and unrecognized compensation costs totaling \$46,862 attributable to stock awards where the performance metric has been achieved and the number of shares awarded are fixed. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.22 years.

The following table illustrates the Company's stock activity for the Agent Growth Incentive Program for stock awards where the performance metric has been achieved for the following periods, adjusted to give effect to the Stock Split:

		Weighted Average Grant Date
	Shares	Fair Value
Balance, December 31, 2019	6,776,218	\$ 5.52
Granted	2,777,894	9.11
Vested and issued	(1,980,870)	6.42
Forfeited	(1,022,852)	5.66
Balance, December 31, 2020	6,550,390	\$ 6.75
Granted	1,267,270	40.87
Vested and issued	(2,062,212)	7.54
Forfeited	(580,794)	13.84
Balance, December 31, 2021	5,174,654	\$13.92

#### Stock Option Awards

Stock options are granted to directors, officers, certain employees, and consultants with an exercise price equal to the fair market value of common stock on the grant date, and the stock options expire 10 years from the date of grant. These options have time-based restrictions with equal and quarterly graded vesting over a three-year period.

The fair value of the options issued was calculated using a Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

	2021	2020	2019
Expected term	5 - 6 years	5 - 6 years	5 - 6.25 years
Expected volatility	68.85% - 86.33%	69.01% - 116.16%	91.04% - 127.93%
Risk-free interest rate	0.44% - 1.33%	0.21% - 1.58%	1.48% - 2.70%
Dividend vield	-%	-%	-%

The following table illustrates the Company's stock option activity for the following periods, adjusted to give effect to the Stock Split:

Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Intrinsic Value	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)
13,550,712	\$ 1.45	\$ 8.43	5.59
3,441,772	10.85	0.05	9.55
(6,538,628)	1.06	17.91	-
(602,798)	4.30	19.29	
9,851,058	\$ 4.82	\$ 53.49	5.95
495,996	41.82	-	9.47
(3,155,170)	1.17	34.97	-
(153,224)	22.79	22.85	
7,038,660	\$ 8.70	\$ 25.45	6.26
3,878,723	\$ 4.84	\$ 28.96	4.54
3,878,723	\$ 4.84	\$ 28.96	4.54
6,085,036	\$ 5.16		
506,196	\$ 22.76		
447,428	\$ 40.84		
	13,550,712 3,441,772 (6,538,628) (602,798) 9,851,058 495,996 (3,155,170) (153,224) 7,038,660 3,878,723 3,878,723	Options         Average Exercise Price           13,550,712         \$ 1.45           3,441,772         10.85           (6,538,628)         1.06           (602,798)         4.30           9,851,058         \$ 4.82           495,996         41.82           (3,155,170)         1.17           (153,224)         22.79           7,038,660         \$ 8.70           3,878,723         \$ 4.84           3,878,723         \$ 4.84           6,085,036         \$ 5.16           506,196         \$ 22.76	Options         Exercise Price         Intrinsic Value           13,550,712         \$ 1.45         \$ 8.43           3,441,772         10.85         0.05           (6,538,628)         1.06         17.91           (602,798)         4.30         19.29           9,851,058         \$ 4.82         \$ 53.49           495,996         41.82         -           (3,155,170)         1.17         34.97           (153,224)         22.79         22.85           7,038,660         \$ 8.70         \$ 25.45           3,878,723         \$ 4.84         \$ 28.96           6,085,036         \$ 5.16           506,196         \$ 22.76

The grant date fair value of options to purchase common stock is recorded as stock-based compensation over the vesting period. As of December 31, 2021, unrecognized compensation cost associated with the Company's outstanding stock options was \$26,699, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 1.17 years.

#### Stock Repurchase Plan

In December 2018, the Company's board of directors ("the Board") approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the Company to purchase up to \$25.0 million of its common stock, which was later amended in November 2019 and again in June 2020 increasing the authorized repurchase amount to \$75.0 million. In December 2020, the Board approved another amendment to the repurchase plan, increasing the total amount authorized to be purchased from \$75.0 million to \$400.0 million. Purchases under the repurchase program may be made in the open market or through a 10b5-1 plan and are expected to comply with Rule 10b-18 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The timing and number of shares repurchased depends upon market conditions. The repurchase program does not require the Company to acquire a specific number of shares. The cost of the shares that are repurchased is funded from cash and cash equivalents on hand.

In December 2019, the Board approved the retirement of the Company's common stock related to repurchases made during 2019. On December 31, 2019, the Company retired 1,818,273 shares of common stock available in treasury valued at \$18,433.

For accounting purposes, common stock repurchased under the stock repurchase programs is recorded based upon the settlement date of the applicable trade. Such repurchased shares are held in treasury and are presented using the cost method. These shares are considered issued but not outstanding. The following table shows the changes in treasury stock for the periods presented:

Year Ended December 31,			
2021	2019		
2,534,494	925,364	-	
4,217,198	1,609,130	2,743,637	
-	-	(1,818,273)	
6,751,692	2,534,494	925,364	
	2,534,494 4,217,198	2021 2020 2,534,494 925,364 4,217,198 1,609,130	

#### 11. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed based on net income (loss) attributable to eXp shareholders divided by the basic weighted-average shares outstanding during the period. Dilutive earnings per share is computed consistently with the basic computation while giving effect to all dilutive potential common shares and common share equivalents that were outstanding during the period. The Company uses the treasury stock method to reflect the potential dilutive effect of unvested stock awards and unexercised options. The Company uses the if-converted method to reflect the potential dilutive effect of a \$1.0 million payment obligation relating to the November 2018 acquisition of Virbela, LLC, that was paid in November 2021.

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to common stock during the periods presented, adjusted to give effect to the Stock Split:

	Yea	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019	
Numerator:				
Net income (loss) attributable to common stock	\$ 81,220	\$ 31,131	(\$ 9,528)	
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares - basic	146,170,871	138,572,358	126,256,407	
Dilutive effect of common stock equivalents	11,558,503	12,977,717	-	
Weighted average shares - diluted	157,729,374	151,550,075	126,256,407	
Earnings (loss) per share:				
Earnings per share attributable to common stock-basic	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.22	(\$ 0.08)	
Earnings per share attributable to common stock- diluted	0.51	0.21	(0.08)	

For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, total outstanding shares of common stock excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive were 102,880, 283,842, and nil, respectively.

# 12. INCOME TAXES

The following table provides the components of income (loss) before provision for income taxes by domestic and foreign subsidiaries:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019
Domestic	\$ 32,804	\$ 31,356	(\$ 9,442)
Foreign	929	47	382
Total	\$ 33,733	\$ 31,403	(\$ 9,060)

The components of the provision for (benefit from) income tax expense are as follows:

	Yea	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019	
Current:				
Federal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
State	456	275	320	
Foreign	1,650	466	262	
Total current income tax provision	2,106	741	582	
Deferred				
Federal	(41,599)	23	17	
State	(6,574)	24	15	
Foreign	(1,420)	(375)	(117)	
Total deferred income tax benefit	(49,593)	(328)	(85)	
Total provision (benefit) for income taxes	(\$ 47,487)	\$ 413	\$ 497	

The reconciliation of the provision for income taxes at the United States federal statutory rate compared to the Company's income tax expense as reported is as follows:

	Yea	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019	
Statutory tax rate	21.00%	21.00%	21.00%	
State taxes	5.22%	6.52%	0.35%	
Permanent differences	(0.08)%	(0.09)%	(2.54)%	
Research & Development Credit	(4.53)%	-%	-%	
Unrecognized tax benefit	-%	(0.19)%	(0.67)%	
Share-based compensation	(109.20)%	(42.09)%	11.51%	
Sec. 162m compensation limitation	8.12%	4.03%	(1.31)%	
Foreign tax rate differential	0.27%	0.01%	(1.68)%	
Valuation allowance	(65.54)%	8.99%	(140.59)%	
Prior year true up items	2.15%	3.07%	109.08%	
Other net	1.86%	0.08%	(0.65)%	
Total	(140.73)%	1.33%	(5.50)%	

Deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of the following for the periods presented:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carryforward	\$ 38,676	\$ 17,628
Research and Development Credit	1,529	-
Temporary differences	1,654	877
Lease liability	269	219
Legal Settlement Accrual	2,591	6
Share-based compensation	8,108	5,575
Total gross deferred tax assets	52,827	24,305
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Property and equipment	(1,880)	(1,139)
Intangibles/Goodwill	(496)	(383)
Right of use lease asset	(357)	(214)

Unrealized FX Gain/Loss	(48)	-
Valuation allowance		(22,116)
Net deferred tax assets	\$ 50,046	\$ 453

The Company accounts for deferred taxes under ASC Topic 740 – Income Taxes ("ASC 740"), which requires a reduction of the carrying amount of deferred tax assets by a valuation allowance if, based on available evidence, it is more likely than not that such assets will not be realized. Accordingly, the need to establish valuation allowances for deferred tax assets is assessed periodically based on the ASC 740 more-likely-than-not realization threshold criterion. This assessment considers matters such as future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax-planning strategies, and results of recent operations. The evaluation of the recoverability of the deferred tax assets requires that the Company weigh all positive and negative evidence to reach a conclusion that it is more likely than not that all or some portion of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The weight given to the evidence is commensurate with the extent to which it can be objectively verified. As of December 31, 2021, based on its assessment of the realizability of its net deferred tax assets, we reached the conclusion that our US federal and State net deferred tax assets more-likely-than-not will be fully realized and therefore we recorded a valuation allowance release of \$22.1 million resulting in the recognition of the deferred tax assets and income tax benefit for the period. The company has provided a valuation allowance as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 of \$0 and \$22.1 million, respectively.

As December 31, 2021, the Company had federal, state and foreign net operating losses of approximately \$153.6 million, \$79.1 million, and \$7.7 million, respectively. Out of the federal net operating loss, approximately \$8.7 million will carry forward for 20 years and can offset 100% of future taxable income; and \$144.9 million carries forward indefinitely and can offset 80% of future taxable income. As of December 31, 2021, the Company conducted an IRC Section 382 analysis with respect to its net operating loss carryforward and determined there was an immaterial limitation.

Undistributed earnings of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are considered to be indefinitely reinvested and accordingly, no provision for applicable income taxes has been provided thereon. Upon distribution of those earnings, the Company would be subject to withholding taxes payable to various foreign countries. As of December 31, 2021, the undistributed earnings of the Company's foreign subsidiaries could result in withholding taxes of approximately \$0.3 million, if repatriated.

The Company maintains liabilities for uncertain tax positions. These liabilities involve considerable judgment and estimation and are continuously monitored by management based on the best information available, including changes in tax regulations, the outcome of relevant court cases, and other information. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of gross unrecognized benefits is as follows:

_	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019
Unrecognized tax benefits - beginning of year	\$ -	\$ 54	\$ -
Gross increase for tax positions of prior years	325	-	54
Gross decrease for federal tax rate change for tax positions of prior years	-	-	-
Gross increase for tax positions of current year	205	-	-
Settlements	-	(54)	-
Lapse of statute of limitations	-	-	-
Unrecognized tax benefits - end of year	\$ 530	\$ -	\$ 54

The unrecognized tax benefits relate primarily Federal and California research and development credit in 2021 and to state taxes in 2020. As of December 31, 2021, the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits that would affect the Company effective tax rate, if recognized, is \$0. The Company's policy is to recognize interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. As of December 31, 2021, the Company accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions in the amount of \$0.

The Company is currently under federal examination for 2019 and no state tax examinations in progress nor has it had any state tax examinations since its inception. Because the Company has net operating loss carryforwards, there are open statues of limitations in which federal taxing authorities may examine the Company's tax returns for all years from December 31, 2011 through the current period. U.S. State Taxing authorities may examine the Company's tax returns for all years from December 31, 2015 through the current period and foreign tax authorities may examine the Company's tax returns for all years from December 31, 2019 through the current period.

# 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Company is subject to potential liability under laws and government regulations and various claims and legal actions that may be asserted against us that could have a material adverse effect on the business, reputation, results of operations or financial condition. Such litigation may include, but is not limited to, actions or claims relating to sensitive data, including proprietary

business information and intellectual property and that of clients and personally identifiable information of employees and contractors, cyber-attacks, data breaches and non-compliance with contractual or other legal obligations.

On November 19, 2021, the Company agreed to settle a class action lawsuit filed against the Company in 2018 alleging violations under the Telephone Consumer Protection Act. Pursuant to the proposed settlement agreement terms, the Company will grant certain monetary and non-monetary settlements. The Company decided to set aside provisions at the amount of \$10,000,000 to cover current estimated settlement fees and costs. The settlement agreement terms remain subject to judicial review and approval.

There are no matters pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened that are expected to have a material adverse impact on the business, reputation, results of operations, or financial condition.

There are no proceedings in which any of the Company's directors, officers or affiliates, or any registered or beneficial stockholder is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to the Company's interest.

# 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Historically, management has not made operating decisions and assessed performance based on geographic locations. Rather, the chief operating decision maker makes operating decisions and assesses performance based on the products and services of the identified operating segments. While management does consider real estate and brokerage services, the acquired technology and affiliate and media services provided to be identified operating segments, the profits and losses and assets of the acquired technology and affiliated series are not material.

#### **Operating Segments**

The Company primarily operates as a cloud-based real estate brokerage. The real estate brokerage business represented 99.3% and 99.6% of the total revenue of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The real estate brokerage business represents 99.0% and 98.9% of the total assets of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The Company offers software subscriptions to customers to access its virtual reality software platform. Additionally, the Company offers professional services for implementation and consulting services. However, the operations and assets of the technology segment are not managed by the Company's chief operating decision-maker as a separate reportable segment.

In 2021, the Company completed the Showcase and the SUCCESS acquisitions. These are not material to the Company's total revenue, total net income (loss), or total assets as of December 31, 2021.

The Company primarily operates within the real estate brokerage markets in the United States and Canada. The Company expanded its business into Australia and the United Kingdom in 2019, and into South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal and France, during 2020 and into Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany in 2021

### Geographical Information

The Company primarily operates within the real estate brokerage markets in the United States and Canada. During the previous two years, the Company expanded operations into the United Kingdom, Australia, South Africa, India, Mexico, Portugal, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Italy, Hong Kong, Colombia, Spain, Israel, Panama and Germany.

The Company continues to expand real estate brokerage services internationally. For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 approximately 8%, 5% and 2%, respectively, of the Company's total revenue was generated outside of the U.S. Assets held outside of the U.S. were 8% and 7% as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

The Company's technology services and affiliate and media services are currently provided primarily in the U.S.

#### 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On November 4, 2020, Sanford Enterprises, a wholly-owned entity of Mr. Glenn Sanford, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of the Company, purchased all of the membership equity interests in SUCCESS from Success Partners Holding Co, an unaffiliated third party, for cash consideration of \$8.0 million. In order to facilitate the SUCCESS Acquisition, the Company purchased all equity interests of SUCCESS from Sanford Enterprises for equal cash consideration of \$8.0 million on December 4, 2020. Prior to the acquisition, the Company was the largest customer of SUCCESS.

# 16. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION SAVINGS PLAN

During 2018, the Company established a defined contribution savings plan to provide eligible employees with a retirement benefit that permits eligible employees the opportunity to actively participate in the process of building a personal retirement fund. The Company

sponsors the defined contribution savings plan. In 2019, the Company began matching a portion of contributions made by participating employees. For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, the Company's costs for contributions to this plan were \$3,196, \$1,189 and \$654, respectively.

# 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Quarterly Cash Dividend

On February 17, 2022, our Board of Directors approved a cash dividend of \$0.04 per common share to be paid on March 31, 2022 to shareholders of record on March 11, 2022. The ex-dividend date is March 8, 2022. The dividend will be paid in cash.

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# Item 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None

#### Item 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of December 31, 2021. The term "disclosure controls and procedures" means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on the evaluation, the Company's management has concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of December 31, 2021 to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and the preparation of our financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

# Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fourth quarter of 2021 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting, except as follows.

#### Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021. In making its evaluation, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)*. Based on this evaluation, management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2021. Our independent auditor, Deloitte and Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has issued an attestation report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, which is included below.

# Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including the Principal Executive Officer, the Principal Financial Officer, and the Principal Accounting Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all errors and fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system's objectives will be met. The design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Further, because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Projections of any evaluation of controls effectiveness to future periods are subject to risks. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures.

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of eXp World Holdings, Inc.

# **Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of eXp World Holdings, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2021, based on criteria established in *Internal Control* — *Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021, based on criteria established in *Internal Control* — *Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by COSO.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, of the Company and our report dated February 25, 2022, expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

#### **Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

San Francisco, California

February 25, 2022

# Item 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

Item 9C. DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS

Not Applicable.

#### PART III

#### Item 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have adopted a written Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to all directors, officers and employees, including a separate code that applies to only our principal executive officers and senior financial officers in accordance with Section 406 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the rules of the SEC promulgated thereunder. Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is available in the corporate governance subsection of the investor relations section of our website, www.expworldholdings.com, and is available in print upon written request to the Corporate Secretary, eXp World Holdings, Inc., 2219 Rimland Drive, Suite 301, Bellingham, WA 98226. In the event that we make changes in, or provide waivers from, the provisions of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that the SEC requires us to disclose, we will disclose these events in the corporate governance section of our website. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this report.

The information required by this item will be contained under the following headings in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference:

- Matters to be Voted on Proposal 1: Election of Directors;
- Corporate Governance;
- Executive Officers;
- Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance;
- Accounting Matters Report of Audit Committee; and
- Certain Relationships and Related Transaction.

#### Item 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by this item will be contained under the following headings in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference:

- Matters to be Voted on Proposal 3: Approval of 2021 Executive Compensation on an Advisory Basis;
- Corporate Governance Compensation Committee;
- Executive Compensation; and
- Director Compensation.

# Item 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

# Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table summarizes certain information regarding our equity compensation plan as of December 31, 2021:

	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
Plan Category	(a)	(b)	(c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	7,038,660	\$ 8.70	18,874,976
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	-	-	<u> </u>
Total	7,038,660	\$ 8.70	18,874,976

Other information required by this item will be contained under the following headings in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference:

• Beneficial Ownership of Common Stock.

# Item 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by this item will be contained under the following headings in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference:

• Corporate Governance – Board of Directors Overview;

- Corporate Governance Controlled Company
- Certain Relationships and Related-Person Transactions; and
- Corporate Governance Director Independence.

## Item 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by this item will be contained under the following headings in the Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference:

- Matters to be Voted on Proposal 2: Ratification of Appointment of Independent Auditor for 2022;
- Corporate Governance Audit Committee; and
- Accounting Matters Principal Independent Auditor Fees.

## **PART IV**

# Item 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

## (1) Financial Statements

See Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8

(a) (2) Financial Statements Schedule\*\*

# **EXHIBITS**

Exhibit	
Number	Exhibit Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated by reference from Appendix A to the Company's Definitive Information Statement on Schedule 14C filed on October 9, 2018)
3.2	Certificate of Correction to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated by reference from
	Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 24, 2020)
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws (incorporated by reference from Appendix B to the Company' Definitive Information
	Statement on Schedule 14C filed on October 9, 2018)
4.1	Description of Securities
10.1	2013 Stock Option Plan (incorporated by reference from Form 8-K, filed on October 2, 2013)
10.2	eXp Realty International Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to the Company's Definitive Information Statement on Schedule 14C filed on April 2, 2015)
10.3	First Amendment to eXp Realty International Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to
	Company's Definitive Information Statement on Schedule 14C filed on October 6, 2017)
10.4	Second Amendment to eXp World Holdings, Inc 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Company's
	Definitive Information Statement on Schedule 14C filed on November 15, 2019)
10.5	eXp Realty International Corporation 2015 Agent Equity Program Enrollment Form (incorporated by reference to
	Exhibit 99.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 30, 2015)
10.6	eXp World Holdings, Inc Stock Repurchase Program (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's
10 =	Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 27, 2018)
10.7	First Amendment, eXp World Holdings, Inc Stock Repurchase Program (incorporated by reference from the
10.0	Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 27, 2019)
10.8	Second Amendment to eXp World Holdings, Inc Stock Repurchase Program, Board Resolution approved December 17, 2020
10.9	2020 Independent Contractor Agreement and Agent Equity Enrollment Form (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 5, 2020)
13.1	Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 12, 2020
14.1	Code of Ethics
21.1	Subsidiaries of the Registrant
23.1	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) under the Securities
	Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

<sup>\*\*</sup> All other schedules have been omitted because they are inapplicable, not required or because the information is given in the Consolidated Financial Statements or notes thereto. This supplemental schedule should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in this report.

# Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

None

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

eXp World Holdings, Inc.

(Registrant)

Date: February 25, 2022 /s/ Glenn Sanford

Glenn Sanford

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: February 25, 2022 /s/ Jeff Whiteside

Jeff Whiteside

Chief Financial Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Name	Title	Date
/s/ GLENN SANFORD Glenn Sanford	Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer)	February 25, 2022
/s/ JEFF WHITESIDE  Jeff Whiteside	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	February 25, 2022
/s/ KENT CHENG Kent Cheng	Global Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)	February 25, 2022
/s/ JAMES BRAMBLE  James Bramble	General Counsel and Corporate Secretary	February 25, 2022
/s/ JASON GESING  Jason Gesing	Director	February 25, 2022
/s/ EUGENE FREDERICK Eugene Frederick	Director	February 25, 2022
/s/ RANDALL MILES Randall Miles	Director	February 25, 2022
/s/ DARREN JACKLIN  Darren Jacklin	Director	February 25, 2022
/s/ FELICIA GENTRY Felicia Gentry	Director	February 25, 2022
/s/ DAN CAHIR  Dan Cahir	Director	February 25, 2022

## Description of the Company's Common Stock Registered Under Section 12 of the Exchange Act of 1934

#### **Description of Common Stock**

The following summary of eXp World Holdings, Inc.'s Common Stock is based on and qualified by the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (the "Certificate of Incorporation") and our Amended and Restated Bylaws (the "Bylaws"). For a complete description of the terms and provisions of the Company's equity securities, including its common stock, refer to the Certificate of Incorporation and the Bylaws, both of which are filed as exhibits to this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Authorized Capital Shares**

The Company's Certificate of Incorporation authorizes the issuance of 900,000,000 shares of Common Stock, all of which are with a par value of \$0.00001 per share ("Common Stock").

#### **Voting Rights**

The holders of Common Stock are entitled to one vote per share on each matter submitted to a vote of shareholders, including the election of directors. Our Common Stock does not have cumulative voting rights.

#### **Dividend Rights**

The holders of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive such dividends and other distributions (payable in cash, property, or capital stock of the Corporation) when, as and if declared thereon by the Board of Directors from time to time out of any assets or funds of the Corporation legally available therefor, and shall share equally on a per share basis in such dividends and distributions.

## **Liquidation Rights**

In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution, or winding-up of the Corporation, after payment or provision for payment of the debts and other liabilities of the Corporation, the holders of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive all the remaining assets of the Corporation available for distribution to its stockholders, ratably in proportion to the number of shares of Common Stock held by them.

#### Other Rights and Preferences

Our Common Stock has no preemptive, conversion or exchange rights. Holders of Common Stock may act by unanimous written consent.

#### Listing

The Common Stock is traded on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC under the trading symbol "EXPI."

# eXp World Holdings, Inc. Meeting Minutes

December 17, 2020

#### Call to order

Glenn Sanford called to order the regular meeting of the eXp World Holdings, Inc. at 4:00 p.m. EST on December 17, 2020 via the eXp World Platform.

#### Roll call

James Bramble conducted a roll call. The following persons were present via teleconference:

**Board Members** 

Glenn Sanford, Chairman Jason Gesing
Darren Jacklin Fee Gentry
Dan Cahir Gene Frederick

Randall Miles

Executive Leadership

Jeff Whiteside, CFO James Bramble, Chief Counsel and Corporate Secretary

Observer Penny Sanford

#### Welcome and Explanation of Agenda

Jeff Whiteside outlined the agenda topics for the meeting.

#### **Approval of Minutes**

Upon a motion duly made, seconded, and unanimously carried the Board approved the minutes for its meetings on October 15, 2020 and November 18, 2020 as well as the Audit Committee meeting on November 2, 2020.

#### **Committee Reports**

There were no Committee Reports

#### **Management Reports**

Jeff Whiteside discussed financial results and reporting for the company including a review of December 2020, a full 2020 year estimate and expectations for 2021.

Glenn Sanford lead the group in a discussion regarding a potential 2-1 stock split. Mr. Whiteside presented relevant financial modelling. The board tasked Mr. Whiteside and Mr. Bramble with liaising with outside counsel to research and come back to the Board with a proposal.

Mr. Whiteside lead a discussion with the Board regarding the executive management succession plan being developed by eXp. Mr. Whiteside has been working on the plan with Mike Vein. The Board members provided feedback to Mr. Whiteside and asked that he share the plan with them when the draft is finalized.

#### **Board Actions**

Upon a motion duly made, seconded and unanimously carried the Board authorized a change to the charter of the Compensation Committee to require that a majority of the members of the Compensation Committee be independent members of the Board. The Board also unanimously voted to ratify the appointment of Dan Cahir to the Compensation Committee.

After consideration and deliberation of financial data and analysis presented by Mr. Whiteside, upon a motion duly made, seconded, and unanimously carried, the Board authorized to continue the buyback program that was previously approved by the Board in 2019 and to increase the total amount of its buyback program \$75M to \$400. The board also authorized an increase to the previous authorized monthly purchase amount from \$3 million per month to any amount required to offset issuances under the Agent Equity Plan and beyond with a limitation that no purchases will be made unless at the time of the purchase the company's operating cash balance exceeds \$100 million.

#### Adjournment

Glenn Sanford adjourned the meeting.

/s/ James Bramble
James Bramble, Corporate Secretary

# LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES OF REGISTRANT

Name	Jurisdiction of Organization
eXp Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia
eXp Brasil Consultoria Imboliára LTDA	Brazil
eXp Chile SpA	Chile
eXp Colombia S.A.S.	Colombia
eXp Commercial of California, Inc.	Delaware
eXp Commercial of Connecticut, LLC	Connecticut
eXp Commercial, LLC	Delaware
eXp Global France	France
eXp Global India	India
eXp Global Portugal, LDI	Portugal
eXp Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
eXp International Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
eXp Italia S.r.l.	Italy
eXp Panamá, S. DE R.L.	Panama
eXp Puerto Rico Inc.	Puerto Rico
eXp Puerto Rico Partnership, S. EN C.	Puerto Rico
eXp Realty Associates, LLC	Georgia
eXp Realty España, S.L.	Spain
eXp Realty Germany Gmbh	Germany
eXp Realty Holdings, Inc.	Washington
eXp Realty Israel Ltd.	Israel
eXp Realty North, LLC	North Dakota
eXp Realty of California, Inc.	Washington
eXp Realty of Canada, Inc.	Canada
eXp Realty of Connecticut, LLC	Connecticut
eXp Realty Singapore Pte Ltd.	Singapore
eXp Realty South Africa	South Africa
eXp Realty, LLC	Washington
eXp Referral Associates of California, Inc.	Delaware
eXp Referral Associates of Connecticut, LLC	Connecticut
eXp Referral Associates, LLC	Delaware
eXp Silverline Ventures, LLC	Delaware
eXp World Technologies, LLC	Delaware
eXp World UK Limited	United Kingdom
eXtend a Hand Fund	Delaware
Grupo eXp Realtors Mexico, S. DE R.L. DE CV	Mexico
Opportunity Garden, Inc.	Delaware
Showcase Web Sites, LLC	Georgia
SUCCESS Enterprises LLC	Delaware
SUCCESS Franchising, LLC	Delaware
SUCCESS World Holdings, LLC	Delaware

## CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statement No. 333-229451 on Form S-3 and Registration Statement Nos. 333-237382 and 333-221550 on Form S-8 of our reports dated February 25, 2022, relating to the consolidated financial statements of eXp World Holdings, Inc. and the effectiveness of eXp World Holdings, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

San Francisco, California

February 25, 2022

# Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

#### I, Glenn Sanford, hereby certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of eXp World Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 25, 2022

By: /s/ Glenn Sanford

Glenn Sanford

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

# Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

#### I, Jeff Whiteside, hereby certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of eXp World Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 25, 2022

By: /s/ Jeff Whiteside Jeff Whiteside

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

# Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the annual report of eXp World Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Glenn Sanford, hereby certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 25, 2022

By: /s/ Glenn Sanford

Glenn Sanford

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

# Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the annual report of eXp World Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Jeff Whiteside, hereby certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 25, 2022

By: /s/ Jeff Whiteside

Jeff Whiteside

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)